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#### (54) Title: NOVEL SURFACE EXPOSED PROTEINS FROM CHLAMYDIA PNEUMONIAE

### (57) Abstract

The invention relates to the identification of members of a gene family from the human respiratory pathogen Chlamydia pneumoniae, encoding surface exposed membrane proteins of a size of approximately 89–101 kDa and of 56–57 kDa, preferably about 89.6–100.3 kDa and about 56.1 kDa. The invention relates to the novel DNA sequences, the deduced amino acid sequences of the corresponding proteins and the use of the DNA sequences and the proteins in diagnosis of infections caused by C. pneumoniae, in pathology, in epidemiology, and as vaccine components.

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#### NOVEL SURFACE EXPOSED PROTEINS FROM CHLAMYDIA PNEUMONIAE

The present invention relates to the identification of members of a gene family from the human respiratory pathogen Chlamydia pneumoniae, encoding surface exposed membrane proteins of a size of approximately 89-101 kDa and of 56-57 kDa, preferably about 89.6-100.3 kDa and about 56.1 kDa. The invention relates to the novel DNA sequences, the deduced amino acid sequences of the corresponding proteins and the use of the DNA sequences and the proteins in diagnosis of infections caused by C. pneumoniae, in pathology, in epidemiology, and as vaccine components.

#### GENERAL BACKGROUND

C. pneumoniae is an obligate intracellular bacteria (Christiansen and Birkelund (1992); Grayston et al. (1986)). 15 It has a cell wall structure as Gram negative bacteria with an outer membrane, a periplasmic space, and a cytoplasmic membrane. It is possible to purify the outer membrane from Gram negative bacteria with the detergent sarkosyl. This fraction is named the 'outer membrane complex (OMC)' (Caldwell et al. (1981)). The COMC (Chlamydia outer membrane complex) 20 of C. pneumoniae contains four groups of proteins: A high molecular weight protein 98 kDa as determined by SDS-PAGE, a double band of the cysteine rich outer membrane protein 2 (Omp2) protein of 62/60 kDa, the major outer membrane protein 25 (MOMP) of 38 kDa, and the low-molecular weight lipo-protein Omp3 of 12 kDa. The Omp2/Omp3 and MOMP proteins are present in COMC from all Chlamydia species, and these genes have been cloned from both C. trachomatis, C. psittaci and C. pneumoniae. However, the gene encoding 98 kDa protein from C. 30 pneumoniae COMC have not been characterized or cloned.

## The current state of C. pneumoniae serology and detection

C. pneumoniae is an obligate intra-cellular bacteria belonging to the genus Chlamydia which can be divided into

four species: C. trachomatis, C. pneumoniae, C. psittaci and C.pecorum. Common for the four species is their obligate intra cellular growth, and that they have a biphasic life cycle, with an extracellular infectious particle (the elementary body, EB), and an intercellular replicating form (the reticulate body, RB). In addition the Chlamydia species are characterized by a common lipopolysaccharide (LPS) epitope that is highly immunogenic in human infection. C. trachomatis is causing the human ocular infection (trachoma) and genital infections. C. psittaci is a variable group of 10 animal pathogens where the avian strains can occasionally infect humans and give rise to a severe pneumonia (ornithosis). The first C. pneumoniae isolate was obtained from an eye infection, but it was classified as a non-typable Chlamydia. Under an epidemic outbreak of pneumonia in Finland 15 it was realized that the patients had a positive reaction in the Chlamydia genus specific test, (the lygranum test), and the patients showed a titre increase to the untyped Chlamydia isolates. Similar isolates were obtained in an outbreak of upper respiratory tract infections in Seattle, and the 20 Chlamydia isolates were classified as a new species, Chlamydia pneumoniae (Grayston et al. (1989)). In addition, C. pneumoniae is suggested to be involved in the development of atherosclerotic lesions and for initiating bronchial asthma (Kuo et al. (1995)). These two conditions are thought 25 to be caused by either chronic infections, by a hypersensitivity reaction, or both.

## Diagnosis of Chlamydia pneumoniae infections

Diagnosis of acute respiratory tract infection with *C*.

30 pneumoniae is difficult. Cultivation of *C. pneumoniae* from patient samples is insensitive, even when proper tissue culture cells are selected for the isolation. A *C. pneumoniae* specific polymerase chain reaction (PCR) has been developed by Campbell et al.(1992).

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Even though Chlamydia pneumoniae has in several studies been detected by this PCR it is debated whether this method is suitable for detection under all clinical situations. The reason for this is, that the cells carrying Chlamydia pneumoniae in acute respiratory infections have not been determined, and that a chronic carrier state is expected but it is unknown in which organs and cells they are present. Furthermore, the PCR test is difficult to perform due to the low yield of these bacteria and due to the presence of 10 inhibitory substances in the patient samples. Therefore, it will be of great value to develop sensitive and specific sero-diagnostics for detecting-both acute and chronic infections. Sero-diagnosis of Chlamydia infections is currently based on either genus specific tests as the Lygranum test and ELISA, measuring the antibodies to LPS, or 15 the more species specific tests where antibodies to purified EBs are measured by microimmuno fluorescence (Micro-IF) (Wang et al. (1970)). However, the micro-IF method is read by microscopy, and in order to ensure correct readings the 20 result must be compared to the results with C. trachomatis used as antigen due to the cross-reacting antibodies to the common LPS epitope. Thus, there exists in the art an urgent need for development of reliable methods for species specific diagnosis of Chlamydia pneumoniae, as has been expressed in 25 Kuo et al. (1995); "..a rapid reliable laboratory test of infection for the clinical laboratory is a major need in the field". Furthermore, the possible involvement of C. pneumoniae in atherosclerosis and bronchial asthma clearly warrants the development of an effective vaccine.

#### 30 DETAILED DISCLOSURE OF THE INVENTION

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The present invention aims at providing means for efficient diagnosis of infections with *Chlamydia pneumoniae* as well as the development of effective vaccines against infection with this microorganism. The invention thus relates to species specific diagnostic tests for infection in a mammal, such as a human, with *Chlamydia pneumoniae*, said tests being based on

the detection of antibodies against surface exposed membrane proteins of a size of approximately 89-101 kDa and of 56-57 kDa, preferably of about 89.6-100.3 kDa and about 56.1 kDa (the range in size of the deduced amino acid sequences was from 100.3 to 89.6 except for Omp13 with the size of 56.1 kDa), or the detection of nucleic acid fragments encoding such proteins or variants or subsequences thereof. The invention further relates to the amino acid sequences of proteins according to the invention, to variants and subsequences thereof, and to nucleic acid fragments encoding 10 these proteins or variants or subsequences thereof. The present invention further relates to antibodies against proteins according to the invention. The invention also relates to the use of nucleic acid fragments and proteins according to the invention in diagnosis of Chlamydia 15 pneumoniae and vaccines against Chlamydia pneumoniae.

Prior to the disclosure of the present invention only a very limited number of genes from C. pneumoniae had been sequenced. These were primarily the genes encoding known C. trachomatis homologues: MOMP, Omp2, Omp3, Kdo-transferase, 20 the heat shock protein genes GroEl/Es and DnaK, a ribonuclease P homologue and a gene encoding a 76 kDa protein of unknown function. The reason why so few genes have been cloned to date is the very low yield of C. pneumoniae which can be obtained after purification from the host cells. After 25 such purification the DNA must be purified from the EBs, and at this step the C. pneumoniae DNA can easily be contaminated with host cell DNA. In addition to these inherent difficulties, it is exceedingly difficult to cultivate C. pneumoniae and use DNA technology to produce expression 30 libraries with very low amounts (few  $\mu g$ ) of DNA. It has been known since 1993 (Melgosa et al., 1993) that a 98 kDa protein is present in OMC from C. pneumoniae. Even though the protein bands of 98 kDa was mentioned to be part of the OMC of  $\mathcal{C}$ . pneumoniae by Melgosa, the gene sequences and thus the 35 deduced amino acid sequences have not been determined. Only

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bands originating from Chlamydia pneumoniae proteins in general separated by SDS-PAGE are describe therein. However, the gene encoding this protein has not been determined before the present invention. Only a very weak or no reaction with patient sera can be observed to the 98 kDa protein (Campbell et al. 1990) and prior to the work of the present inventors it has not been recognized that the 89-101 kDa proteins are surface exposed or that they in fact is immunogenic. In this report it is described that a number of human serum samples reacts with a C. pneumoniae protein that in SDS-PAGE migrate as 98 kDa. The protein was not further characterized and it is therefore not in conflict with the present application.

Halme et al. (1997) described the presence of human T-cell epitopes in *C. pneumoniae* proteins of 92-98 kDa. The proteins were eluted from SDS-PAGE of total chlamydia proteins but the identity of the proteins were not determined.

Use of antibodies to screen expression libraries is a well known method to clone fragments of genes encoding antigenic parts of proteins. However, since patient sera do not show a significant reaction with the 98 kDa protein it has not been possible to use patient serum to clone the proteins.

It was known that monoclonal antibodies generated by the
inventors reacted with conformational epitopes on the surface of *C. pneumoniae* and that they also reacted with *C. pneumoniae* OMC by immuno-electron microscopy (Christiansen et al. 1994). Furthermore, the 98 kDa protein is the only unknown protein from the *C. pneumoniae* OMC (Melgosa et al. 1993). The present inventors chose to take an unconventional step in order to clone the gene encoding the hitherto unknown 98 kDa protein: *C. pneumoniae* OMC was purified and the highly immunogenic conformational epitopes were destroyed by SDS-treatment of the antigen before immunization. Thereby an antibody (PAB 150) to less immunogenic linear epitopes was

obtained. This provided the possibility to obtain an

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antiserum which could detect the protein, and it was shown that a gene family encoding the 89-101 kDa and 56 proteins according to the invention could be detected in colony blotting of recombinant *E. coli*.

Mice infected with *C. pneumoniae* generate antibodies to the proteins identified by the inventors and named Omp4-15, but do not recognize the SDS treated heat denatured antigens normally used for SDS-PAGE and immunoblotting. However, a strong reaction was seen if the antigen was not heat denatured. It is therefore highly likely that if a similar reaction is seen in connection with human infections the antigens of the present invention will be of invaluable use

in sero-diagnostic tests and may very likely be used as a

vaccine for the prevention of infections.

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By generating antibodies against COMC from C. pneumoniae a polyclonal antibody (PAB 150) was obtained which reacted with all the proteins. This antibody was used to identify the genes encoding the 89.6-101.3 kDa and 56.1 kDa proteins in an expression library of C. pneumoniae DNA. A problem in 20 connection with the present invention was that a family comprising a number of similar genes were found in C. pneumoniae. Therefore, a large number of different clones were required to identify clusters of fragments. Only because the rabbit antibody generated by the use of SDS-denatured 25 antigens contained antibodies to a high number of different epitopes positioned on different members of the protein family did the inventors succeed in cloning and sequencing four of the genes. One gene was fully sequenced, a second was sequenced except for the distal part and shorter fragments of 30 two additional genes were obtained by this procedure. To obtain the DNA sequence of the additional genes and to search for more members of the gene family long range PCR with primers derived from the sequenced genes, and primers from the genes already published in the database were used. This 35 approach gave rise to the detection of additional eight genes belonging to this family. The genes were situated in two gene

clusters: Omp12,11,10,5,4,13 and 14 in one cluster and Omp6,7,8,9 and 15 in the second. Full sequence was obtained from Omp4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11 and 13, and partial sequence of Omp12,14. Omp13 was a truncated gene of 1545 nucleotides. The rest of the full length genes were from 2526 (Omp7) to 2838 (Omp15) nucleotides. The deduced amino acid sequences revealed putative polypeptides of 89.6 to 100.3 kDa, except for Omp13 of 56.1 kDa. Alignment of the deduced amino acid sequences showed a maximum identity of 49% (Omp5/Omp9) when all the sequences were compared. Except for Omp13, the lowest homology was to Omp7 with no more than 34% identity to any of the other amino acid sequences. The scores for Omp13 was from 29-32% to all the other sequences.

In the present context SEQ ID Nos. 1 and 2 correspond to

Omp4, SEQ ID Nos 3 and 4 correspond to Omp5, SEQ ID Nos 5 and

6 correspond to Omp6, SEQ ID Nos 7 and 8 correspond to Omp7,

SEQ ID Nos 9 and 10 correspond to Omp8, SEQ ID Nos 11 and 12

correspond to Omp9, SEQ ID Nos 13 and 14 corresponds to

Omp10, SEQ ID Nos 15 and 16 corresponds to Omp11, SEQ ID Nos

17 and 18 corresponds to Omp12, SEQ ID Nos 19 and 20

corresponds to Omp13, SEQ ID Nos 21 and 22 corresponds to

Omp14, and SEQ ID Nos 23 and 24 corresponds to Omp15.

The estimated size of the Omp proteins of the of the present invention are listed in the following. Omp 4 has a size of 98.9 kDa, Omp5 has an estimated size of 97.2 kDa, Omp6 has an estimated size of 100.3 kDa, Omp7 has an estimated size of 89.7 kDa, Omp8 has an estimated size of 90.0 kDa, Omp9 has an estimated size of 96.7 kDa, Omp10 has an estimated size of 98.4 kDa, Omp11 has an estimated size of 97.6 kDa, Omp13 has an estimated size of 56.1 kDa, Omp 12 and 14 being partial.

Furthermore, SEQ ID No 25 is a subsequence of SEQ ID No 3, SEQ ID No 26 is a subsequence of SEQ ID No 4, SEQ ID No 27 is a subsequence of SEQ ID No 5, SEQ ID No 28 is a subsequence of SEQ ID No 6, SEQ ID No 29 is a subsequence of SEQ ID No 7, and SEQ ID No 30 is a subsequence of SEQ ID No 8.

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Part of the omp proteins were expressed as fusion proteins, and mice polyclonal monospecific antibodies against the proteins were produced. The antibodies reacted with the surface of C. pneumoniae in both immunofluorescence and immunoelectron microscopy. This shows for the first time that the 89-101 kDa and 56-57 kDa protein family in C. pneumoniae comprises surface exposed outer membrane proteins. This important finding leads to the realization that members of the 89-101 kDa and 56-57 kDa C. pneumoniae protein family are good candidates for the development of a sero diagnostic test 10 for C. pneumoniae, as well as the development of a vaccine against infections with C. pneumoniae based on using these proteins. Furthermore, the proteins may be used as epidemiological markers, and polyclonal monospecific sera against the proteins can be used to detect C. pneumoniae in 15 human tissue or detect C. pneumoniae isolates in tissue culture. Also, the genes encoding the 89-101 kDa and 56-57 kDa such as the 89.6-100.3 kDa and 56.1 protein family may be used for the development of a species specific diagnostic test based on nucleic acid detection/amplification. 20

The full length Omp4 was cloned into an expression vector system that allowed expression of the Omp4 polypeptide. This polypeptide was used as antigen for immunization of a rabbit. Since the protein was purified under denaturing condition the antibody did not react with the native surface of C. pneumoniae, but it reacted with a 98 kDa protein in immunoblotting where purified C. pneumoniae EB was used as antigen. Furthermore, the antibody reacted in paraffin embedded sections of lung tissue from experimentally infected mice.

A broad aspect of the present invention relates to a species specific diagnostic test for infection of a mammal, such as a human, with *Chlamydia pneumoniae*, said test comprising detecting in a patient or preferable in a patient sample the presence of antibodies against proteins from the outer membrane of *Chlamydia pneumoniae*, said proteins being of a

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molecular weight of 89-101 kDa or 56-57 kDa, or detecting the presence of nucleic acid fragments encoding said outer membrane proteins or fragments thereof.

In the context of the present application, the term "patient sample" should be taken to mean an amount of serum from a patient, such as a human patient, or an amount of plasma from said patient, or an amount of mucosa from said patient, or an amount of tissue from said patient, or an amount of 10 expectorate, forced sputum or a bronchial aspirate, an amount of urine from said patient, or an amount of cerebrospinal fluid from said patient, or an amount of atherosclerotic lesion from said patient, or an amount of mucosal swaps from said patient, or an amount of cells from a tissue culture originating from said patient, or an amount of material which 15 in any way originates from said patient. The in vivo test in a human according to the present invention includes a skin test known in the art such as an intradermal test, e.g similar to a Mantaux test. In certain patients being very 20 sensitive to the test, such as is often the case with children, he test could be non-invasive, such as a superficial test on the skin, e.g. by use of a plaster

In the present context, the term 89-101 kDa protein means proteins normally present in the outer membrane of *Chlamydia pneumoniae*, which in SDS-PAGE can be observed as one or more bands with an apparent molecular weight substantially in the range of 89-101 kDa. From the deduced amino acid sequences the molecular size varies from 89.6 to 100.3 kDa.

Within the scope of the present invention are species

specific sero-diagnostic tests based on the usage of the
genes belonging to the gene family disclosed in the present
application.

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Preferred embodiments of the present invention relate to species specific diagnostic tests according to the invention, wherein the outer membrane proteins have sequences selected WO 98/58953

from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 2, SEQ ID NO: 4, SEQ ID NO: 6, SEQ ID NO: 8, SEQ ID NO: 10, SEQ ID NO: 12, SEQ ID NO: 14, SEQ ID NO: 16, SEQ ID NO: 18, SEQ ID NO: 20, SEQ ID NO: 22, and SEQ ID NO: 24.

When used in connection with proteins according to the present invention the term "variant" should be understood as a sequence of amino acids which shows a sequence similarity of less than 100% to one of the proteins of the invention. A variant sequence can be of the same size or it can be of a different size as the sequence it is compared to. A variant will typically show a sequence similarity of preferably at least 50%, preferably at least 60%, more preferably at least 70%, such as at least 80%, e.g. at least 90%, 95% or 98%.

The term "sequence similarity" in connection with sequences

of proteins of the invention means the percentage of
identical and conservatively changed amino acid residues
(with respect to both position and type) in the proteins of
the invention and an aligned protein of equal of different
length. The term "sequence identity" in connection with

sequences of proteins of the invention means the percentage
of identical amino acid with respect to both position and
type in the proteins of the invention and an aligned protein
of equal of different length.

Within the scope of the present invention are subsequences of one of the proteins of the invention, meaning a consecutive stretch of amino acid residues taken from SEQ ID NO: 2, SEQ ID NO: 4, SEQ ID NO: 6, SEQ ID NO: 8, SEQ ID NO: 10, SEQ ID NO: 12, SEQ ID NO: 14, SEQ ID NO: 16, SEQ ID NO: 18, SEQ ID NO: 20, SEQ ID NO: 22, or SEQ ID NO: 24. A subsequence will typically comprise at least 100 amino acids, preferably at least 80 amino acids, more preferably at least 70 amino acids, such as 50 amino acids. It might even be as small as 10-50 amino acids, such as 20-40 amino acids, e.g. about 30 amino acids. A subsequence will typically show a sequence homology of at least 50%, preferably at least 60%, more

preferably at least 70%, such as at least 80%, e.g. at least 90%, 95% or 98%.

Diagnostic tests according to the invention include immunoassays selected from the group consisting of a direct or indirect EIA such as an ELISA, an immunoblot technique such as a Western blot, a radio immuno assay, and any other non-enzyme linked antibody binding assay or procedure such as a fluorescence, agglutination or precipitation reaction, and nephelometry.

- A preferred embodiment of the present invention relates to species specific diagnostic tests according to the invention, said test comprising an ELISA, wherein antibodies against the proteins of the invention or fragments thereof are detected in samples.
- 15 A preferred embodiment of the invention, is an ELISA based on detection in samples of antibodies against proteins of the invention. The ELISA may use proteins of the invention, or variants thereof, i.e. the antigen, as coating agent. An ELISA will typically be developed according to standard 20 methods well known in the art, such as methods described in "Antibodies; a laboratory manual", Ed. David Lane Harlow, Cold Spring Habor laboratories (1988), which is hereby incorporated by reference.
- Recombinant proteins will be produced using DNA sequences

  obtained essentially using methods described in the examples below. Such DNA sequences, comprising the entire coding region of each gene in the gene family of the invention, will be cloned into an expression vector from which the deduced protein sequence can be purified. The purified proteins will be analyzed for reactivity in ELISA using both monoclonal and polyclonal antibodies as well as sera from experimentally infected mice and human patient sera.

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From the experimentally infected mice sera it is known that non-linear epitopes are recognized predominantly. Thus, it is contemplated that different forms of purification schemes known in the art will be used to analyze for the presence of discontinuous epitopes, and to analyze whether the human immune response is also directed against such epitopes.

Preferred embodiments of the present invention relate to species specific diagnostic tests according to the invention, wherein the nucleic acid fragments have sequences selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 1, SEQ ID NO: 3, SEQ ID NO: 5, SEQ ID NO: 7, SEQ ID NO: 9, SEQ ID NO: 11, SEQ ID NO: 13, SEQ ID NO: 15, SEQ ID NO: 17, SEQ ID NO: 19, SEQ ID NO: 21, and SEQ ID NO: 23.

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In connection with nucleic acid fragments according to the

15 present invention the term "variant" should be understood as
a sequence of nucleic acids which shows a sequence homology
of less than 100%. A variant sequence can be of the same size
or it can be of a different size as the sequence it is
compared to. A variant will typically show a sequence

20 homology of at least 50%, preferably at least 60%, more
preferably at least 70%, such as at least 80%, e.g. at least
90%, 95% or 98%.

The term "sequence homology" in connection with nucleic acid fragments of the invention means the percentage of matching nucleic acids (with respect to both position and type) in the nucleic acid fragments of the invention and an aligned nucleic acid fragment of equal or different length.

In order to obtain information concerning the general distribution of each of the genes according to the present invention, PCR will be performed for each gene on all available *C. pneumoniae* isolates. This will provide information on the general variability of the genes or nucleic acid fragments of the invention. Variable regions will be sequenced. From patient samples PCR will be used to

amplify variable parts of the genes for epidemiology. Non-variable parts will be used for amplification by PCR and analyzed for possible use as a diagnostic test. It is contemplated that if variability is discovered, PCR of variable regions can be used for epidemiology. PCR of non-variable regions can be used as a species specific diagnostic test. Using genes encoding proteins known to be invariable in all known isolates prepared as targets for PCR to genes encoding proteins with unknown function.

- Particularly preferred embodiments of the present invention, relate to diagnostic tests according to the invention, wherein detection of nucleic acid fragments is obtained by using nucleic acid amplification, preferably polymerase chain reaction (PCR).
- Within the scope of the present invention is a PCR based test directed at detecting nucleic acid fragments of the invention or variants thereof. A PCR test will typically be developed according to methods well known in the art and will typically comprise a PCR test capable of detecting and differentiating
- between nucleic acid fragments of the invention. Preferred are quantitative competitive PCR tests or nested PCR tests. The PCR test according to the invention will typically be developed according to methods described in detail in EP B 540 588, EP A 586 112, EP A 643 140 OR EP A 669 401, which
- 25 are hereby incorporated by reference.

Within the scope of the present invention are variants and subsequences of one of the nucleic acid fragments of the invention, meaning a consecutive stretch of nucleic acids taken from SEQ ID NO: 1, SEQ ID NO: 3, SEQ ID NO: 5, SEQ ID NO: 7, SEQ ID NO: 9, SEQ ID NO: 11, SEQ ID NO: 13, SEQ ID NO:

- NO: 7, SEQ ID NO: 9, SEQ ID NO: 11, SEQ ID NO: 13, SEQ ID NO: 15, SEQ ID NO: 19, SEQ ID NO: 21, or SEQ ID NO: 23. A variant or subsequence will preferably comprise at least 100 nucleic acids, preferably at least 80 nucleic acids, more preferably at least 70 nucleic acids, such as at least 50 nucleic acids.
- 35 It might even be as small as 10-50 nucleic acids, such as

20-40 nucleic acids, e.g. about 30 nucleic acids. A subsequence will typically show a sequence homology of at least 30%, preferably at least 60%, more preferably at least 70%, such as at least 80%, e.g. at least 90%, 95% or 98%. The shorter the subsequence, the higher the required homology. Accordingly, a subsequence of 100 nucleic acids or lower must show a homology of at least 80%.

A very important aspect of the present invention relates to proteins of the invention derived from Chlamydia pneumoniae

10 having amino acid sequences selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 2, SEQ ID NO: 4, SEQ ID NO: 6, SEQ ID NO: 8, SEQ ID NO: 10, SEQ ID NO: 12, SEQ ID NO: 14, SEQ ID NO: 16, SEQ ID NO: 18, SEQ ID NO: 20, SEQ ID NO: 22, and SEQ ID NO: 24 having a sequence similarity of at least 50%, preferably at least 60%, more preferably at least 70%, such as at least 80%, e.g. at least 90%, 95% or 98% and a similar biological function.

By the term "similar biological function" is meant that the protein shows characteristics similar with the proteins

20 derivable from the membrane proteins of Chlamydia pneumoniae.

Such proteins comprise repeated motifs of GGAI (at least 2, preferable at least 3 repeats) and/or conserved positions of tryptophan, (w).

Comparison of the DNA sequences from genes encoding Omp4-15
shows that the overall similarity between the individual
genes ranges between 43-55%. Comparison of the amino acid
sequences of Omp4-15 shows 34-49% identity and 53-64%
similarity. The homology is generally scattered along the
entire length of the deduced amino acids. However, as seen
from figure 8 A - J there are some regions in which the
homology is more pronounced. This is seen in the repeated
sequence where the sequence GGAI is repeated 4-7 times in the
genes. It is interesting that the DNA homology is not
conserved for the sequences encoding the four amino acids
GGAI. This may indicate a functional role of this part of the

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protein and indicates that the repeated structure did not occur by a duplication of the gene. In addition to the four amino acid repeats GGAI a region from amino acid 400 to 490 has a higher degree of homology than the rest of the protein, with the conserved sequence FYDPI occurring in all sequences. As further indication of similarity in function the amino acid tryptophan (W) is perfectly conserved at 4-6 localizations in the C-terminal part of the protein.

Since none of the genes and deduced amino acid sequences of the invention are identical the following is within the scope 10 of the present invention; production of monospecific antibodies, the use of said antibodies for characterizing which C. pneumoniae proteins are expressed, the use of said antibodies for characterizing at which time during 15 developmental life cycle said C. pneumoniae proteins are expressed, and the use of said antibodies for characterizing the precise cellular localization of said C. pneumoniae proteins. Also within the scope of the present invention is the use of monospecific antibodies against proteins of the 20 invention for determining which part of said proteins is surface exposed and how proteins in the C. pneumoniae COMC interact with each other.

Preferred embodiments of the present invention relate to
25 polypeptides which comprise subsequences of the proteins of
the invention, said subsequences comprising the sequence
GGAI. Further preferred embodiments of the present invention
relate to polypeptides which comprise subsequences of the
proteins of the invention, said subsequences comprising the
30 sequence FSGE.

Polypeptides according to the invention will typically be of a length of at least 6 amino acids, preferably at least 15 amino acids, preferably at least 20 amino acids, preferably at least 25 amino acids, preferably at least 30 amino acids, preferably at least 30 amino acids, preferably at least 40 amino acids, preferably at least 45 amino acids, preferably

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at least 50 amino acids, preferably at least 55 amino acids, preferably at least 100 amino acids.

A very important aspect of the present invention relates to nucleic acid fragments of the invention derived from Chlamydia pneumoniae, variants and subsequences thereof.

Another important aspect of the present invention relates to antibodies against the proteins according to the invention, such antibodies including polyclonal monospecific antibodies and monoclonal antibodies against proteins with sequences selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 2, SEQ ID NO: 4, SEQ ID NO: 6, SEQ ID NO: 8, SEQ ID NO: 10, SEQ ID NO: 12, SEQ ID NO: 14, SEQ ID NO: 16, SEQ ID NO: 18, SEQ ID NO: 20, SEQ ID NO: 22, and SEQ ID NO: 24.

A very important aspect of the present invention relates to diagnostic kits for the diagnosis of infection of a mammal, such as a human, with *Chlamydia pneumoniae*, said kits comprising one or more proteins with amino acid sequences selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 2, SEQ ID NO: 4, SEQ ID NO: 6, SEQ ID NO: 8, SEQ ID NO: 10, SEQ ID NO: 12, SEQ ID NO: 14, SEQ ID NO: 16, SEQ ID NO: 18, SEQ ID NO: 20, SEQ ID NO: 22, and SEQ ID NO: 24.

Another very important aspect of the present invention relates to diagnostic kits for the diagnosis of infection of a mammal, such as a human, with Chlamydia pneumoniae, said kits comprising antibodies against a protein with an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 2, SEQ ID NO: 4, SEQ ID NO: 6, SEQ ID NO: 8, SEQ ID NO: 10, SEQ ID NO: 12, SEQ ID NO: 14, SEQ ID NO: 16, SEQ ID NO: 18, SEQ ID NO: 20, SEQ ID NO: 22, and SEQ ID NO: 24.

30 Antibodies included in a diagnostic kit according to the invention can be polyclonal or monoclonal or a mixture hereof.

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Still another very important aspect of the present invention relates to diagnostic kits for the diagnosis of infection of a mammal, such as a human, with *Chlamydia pneumoniae*, said kits comprising one or more nucleic acid fragments with sequences selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 1, SEQ ID NO: 3, SEQ ID NO: 5, SEQ ID NO: 7, SEQ ID NO: 9, SEQ ID NO: 11, SEQ ID NO: 13, SEQ ID NO: 15, SEQ ID NO: 17, SEQ ID NO: 19, SEQ ID NO: 21, and SEQ ID NO: 23.

An aspect of the present invention relates to a composition for immunizing a mammal, such as a human, against *Chlamydia pneumoniae*, said composition comprising one or more proteins with amino acid sequences selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 2, SEQ ID NO: 4, SEQ ID NO: 6, SEQ ID NO: 8, SEQ ID NO: 10, SEQ ID NO: 12, SEQ ID NO: 14, SEQ ID NO: 16, SEQ ID NO: 18, SEQ ID NO: 22, and SEQ ID NO: 24.

An important role for the proteins of the invention in prevention of infection of a mammal, such as a human, with *C. pneumoniae* is expected. Thus proteins of the invention,

20 including variants and subsequences will be produced, typically by using recombinant techniques, and will then be used as an antigen in immunization of mammals, such as rabbits. Subsequently, the hyper immune sera obtained by the immunization will be analyzed for protection against *C. pneumoniae* infection using a tissue culture assay. In addition it is contemplated that monoclonal antibodies will be produced, typically using standard hybridoma techniques, and analyzed for protection against infection with *C. pneumoniae*.

It is envisioned that particularly interesting and immunogenic epitopes will be found in connection with the proteins of the invention, which will comprise subsequences of said proteins. It is preferred to use polypeptides comprising such subsequences of the proteins of the invention

in immunizing a mammal, such as a human, against Chlamydia pneumoniae.

An important aspect of the present invention relates to the use of proteins with sequences selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 2, SEQ ID NO: 4, SEQ ID NO: 6, SEQ ID NO: 8, SEQ ID NO: 10, SEQ ID NO: 12, SEQ ID NO: 14, SEQ ID NO: 16, SEQ ID NO: 18, SEQ ID NO: 20, SEQ ID NO: 22, and SEQ ID NO: 24 in diagnosis of infection of a mammal, such as a human, with Chlamydia pneumoniae.

A preferred embodiment of the present invention relates to the use of proteins according to the invention in an undenatured form, in diagnosis of infection of a mammal, such as a human, with Chlamydia pneumoniae.

A very important aspect of the present invention relates to
the use of proteins with sequences selected from the group
consisting of SEQ ID NO: 2, SEQ ID NO: 4, SEQ ID NO: 6, SEQ
ID NO: 8, SEQ ID NO: 10, SEQ ID NO: 12, SEQ ID NO: 14, SEQ ID
NO: 16, SEQ ID NO: 18, SEQ ID NO: 20, SEQ ID NO: 22, and SEQ
ID NO: 24, for immunizing a mammal, such as a human, against
Chlamydia pneumoniae.

A preferred embodiment of the present invention relates to the use of proteins according to the invention in an undenatured form, for immunizing a mammal, such as a human, against Chlamydia pneumoniae.

- A very important aspect of the present invention relates to the use of nucleic acid fragments with nucleotide sequences selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 1, SEQ ID NO: 3, SEQ ID NO: 5, SEQ ID NO: 7, SEQ ID NO: 9, SEQ ID NO: 11, SEQ ID NO: 13, SEQ ID NO: 15, SEQ ID NO: 17, SEQ ID NO:
- 30 19, SEQ ID NO: 21, and SEQ ID NO: 23 for immunizing a mammal, such as a human, against Chlamydia pneumoniae.

It is envisioned that one type of vaccine against *C*. pneumoniae will be developed by using gene-gun vaccination of mice. Typically, different genetic constructs containing nucleic acid fragments, combinations of nucleic acid fragments according to the invention will be used in the gene-gun approach. The mice will then subsequently be analyzed for production of both humoral and cellular immune response and for protection against infection with *C*. pneumoniae after challenge herewith.

In line with this, the invention also relates to the uses of the proteins of the invention as a pharmaceutical (a vaccine) as well as to the uses thereof for the preparation of a vaccine against infections with Chlamydia pneumoniae.

Preparation of vaccines which contain protein sequences as 15 active ingredients is generally well understood in the art, as exemplified by U.S. Patents 4,608,251; 4,601,903; 4,599,231; 4,599,230; 4,596,792; and 4,578,770, all incorporated herein by reference. Typically, such vaccines are prepared as injectables either as liquid solutions or suspen-20 sions; solid forms suitable for solution in, or suspension in, liquid prior to injection may also be prepared. The preparation may also be emulsified. The active immunogenic ingredient is often mixed with excipients which are pharmaceutically acceptable and compatible with the active ingredi-25 ent. Suitable excipients are, for example, water, saline, dextrose, glycerol, ethanol, or the like, and combinations thereof. In addition, if desired, the vaccine may contain minor amounts of auxiliary substances such as wetting or emulsifying agents, pH buffering agents, or adjuvants which enhance the effectiveness of the vaccines. 30

The vaccines are conventionally administered parenterally, by injection, for example, either subcutaneously or intramuscularly. Additional formulations which are suitable for other modes of administration include suppositories and, in some cases, oral formulations. These compositions take the form of

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solutions, suspensions, tablets, pills, capsules, sustained release formulations or powders and contain 10-95% of active ingredient, preferably 25-70%, and optionally a suitable carrier.

The protein sequences may be formulated into the vaccine as 5 neutral or salt forms known in the art. The vaccines are administered in a manner compatible with the dosage formulation, and in such amount as will be therapeutically effective and immunogenic. The quantity to be administered depends on the subject to be treated. Suitable dosage ranges 10 are of the order of several hundred micrograms active ingredient per vaccination with a preferred range from about 0.1  $\mu g$  to 1000  $\mu g$ . The immune response may be enhanced if the vaccine further comprises an adjuvant substance as known in the art. Other possibilities involve the use of 15 immunomodulating substances such as lymphokines (e.g. IFN- $\gamma$ , IL-2 and IL-12) or synthetic IFN- $\gamma$  inducers such as poly I:C in combination with the above-mentioned adjuvants.

It is also possible to produce a living vaccine by introducing, into a non-pathogenic microorganism, at least one
nucleic acid fragment encoding a protein fragment or protein
of the invention, and effecting expression of the protein
fragment or the protein on the surface of the microorganism
(e.g. in the form of a fusion protein including a membrane
anchoring part or in the form of a slightly modified protein
or protein fragment carrying a lipidation signal which allows
anchoring in the membrane). The skilled person will know how
to adapt relevant expression systems for this purpose.

Another part of the invention is based on the fact that

recent research have revealed that a DNA fragment cloned in a vector which is non-replicative in eukaryotic cells may be introduced into an animal (including a human being) by e.g. intramuscular injection or percutaneous administration (the so-called "gene gun" approach). The DNA is taken up by e.g.

muscle cells and the gene of interest is expressed by a

promoter which is functioning in eukaryotes, e.g. a viral promoter, and the gene product thereafter stimulates the immune system. These newly discovered methods are reviewed in Ulmer et al., 1993, which hereby is included by reference.

- Thus, a nucleic acid fragment encoding a protein or protein of the invention may be used for effecting in vivo expression of antigens, i.e. the nucleic acid fragments may be used in so-called DNA vaccines. Hence, the invention also relates to a vaccine comprising a nucleic acid fragment encoding a protein fragment or a protein of the invention, the vaccine effecting in vivo expression of antigen by an mammal, such as a human, to whom the vaccine has been administered, the amount of expressed antigen being effective to confer substantially increased resistance to infections with Chlamydia pneumoniae in an mammal, such as a human.
- The efficacy of such a "DNA vaccine" can possibly be enhanced by administering the gene encoding the expression product together with a DNA fragment encoding a protein which has the capability of modulating an immune response. For instance, a gene encoding lymphokine precursors or lymphokines (e.g. IFN-γ, IL-2, or IL-12) could be administered together with the gene encoding the immunogenic protein fragment or protein, either by administering two separate DNA fragments or by administering both DNA fragments included in the same vector. It is also a possibility to administer DNA fragments comprising a multitude of nucleotide sequences which each encode relevant epitopes of the protein fragments and proteins disclosed herein so as to effect a continuous sensitization of the immune system with a broad spectrum of these epitopes.
- The following experimental non-limiting examples are intended to illustrate certain features and embodiments of the invention.

## LEGENDS TO FIGURES

- Figure 1. The figure shows electron microscopy of negative stained purified C. pneumoniae EB (A) and purified OMC (B).
- Figure 2. The figure shows silver stained 15% SDS-PAGE of purified EB and OMC. Lane 1, purified C. pneumoniae EB; lane 2, C. pneumoniae OMC; lane 3, purified C. trachomatis EB; and lane 4 C. trachomatis OMC.
- Figure 3. The figure shows immunoblotting of *C. pneumoniae* EB separated by 10% SDS-PAGE, transferred to nitrocellulose and 10 reacted with rabbit anti *C. pneumoniae* OMC.
  - Figure 4. The figure shows coomassie blue stained 7.5% SDS-PAGE of recombinant pEX that were detected by the rabbit anti *C. pneumoniae* serum. Arrow indicated the localization of the 117 kDa b-galactosidase protein.
- 15 Figure 5. The figure shows immunoblotting of recombinant pEX colones detected by colony blotting separated by 7.5% SDS-PAGE and transferred to nitrocellulose and reacted with rabbit anti *C. pneumoniae* OMC. Lane 1, seablue molecular weight standard. Lane 2-6 pEX clones cultivated at 42°C to 20 induce the production of the b-galactosidase fusion proteins.
  - Figure 6. The figure shows sequence strategy for Omp4 and Omp5. Arrows indicates primers used for sequencing.
- Figure 7. *C pneumoniae* omp genes. The genes are arranged in two clusters. In cluster 1 Omp12, 11, 10, 5, 4, 13, and 14 are found. In cluster 2 are found Omp6, 7, 8, 9, and 15.
  - Figure 8 A J. The figure shows alignment of C. pneumoniae Omp4-15, using the program pileup in the GCG package.
  - Figure 9. The figure shows immunofluorescence of *C. pneumoniae* infected HeLa, 72 hrs. after infection, reacted

with mouse monospecific anti-serum against pEX3-36 fusion protein. pEX3-36 is a part of the Omp5 gene.

Figure 10. The figure shows immunoblotting of *C. pneumoniae* EB, lane 1-3 heated to 100°C in SDS-sample buffer, lane 4-6 unheated. Lane 1 reacted with rabbit anti *C. pneumoniae* OMC; lane 2 and 4 pre-serum; lane 3 and 5 polyclonal rabbit anti pEX1-1 fusion protein; lane 6 MAb 26.1.

Figure 11. The figure shows immunoblotting of *C. pneumoniae* EB, lane 1-4 heated to 100oC in SDS-sample buffer, lane 5-6 unheated. Reacted with serum from C57-black mice 14 days after infection with 10<sup>7</sup> CFU of *C. pneumoniae*. Lane 1 and 5 mouse 1; lane 2 and 6 mouse 2; lane 3 and 5 mouse 3; and lane 4 and 8 mouse 4.

Figure 12. The figure shows immunohistochemistry analysis of mouse lung tissue with *C. pneumoniae* inclusions present both in the bronchial epithelium and in the lung parenchyma (arrows).

### EXAMPLE 1

CEERCEOLO I.

Cloning of the genes encoding the 98/95 kDa C. pneumoniae COMC proteins

Purification of C. pneumonia EBs and COMC

- C. pneumoniae was cultivated in HeLa cells. Cultivation was done according to the specifications of Miyashita and Matsumoto (1992), with the modification that centrifugation of supernatant and of the later precipitate and turbid bottom layer was carried out at 100,000 X g. The microorganism attached to the HeLa cells by 30 minutes of centrifugation at 10 1000 x g, after which the cells were incubated in RPMI 1640 medium (Gibco BRL, Germany cat No. 51800-27), containing 5% foetal calf serum (FCS, Gibco BRL, Germany Cat No. 10106.169) gentamicin for two hours at 37°C in 5% CO2 atmosphere. The medium was changed to medium that in addition contained 1 mg 15 per ml of cycloheximide. After 48 hours of incubation a coverslip was removed from the cultures and the inclusion was tested with an antibody specific for C. pneumoniae (MAb 26.1) (Christiansen et al. 1994) and a monoclonal antibody specific for the species C. trachomatis (MAb 32.3, Loke diagnostics, 20 Århus Denmark) to ensure that no contamination with C. trachomatis had occurred. The HeLa cells were tested by Hoechst stain for Mycoplasma contamination as well as by culture in BEa and BEg medium (Freund et al., 1979). Also the C. pneumoniae stocks were also tested for Mycoplasma 25 contamination by cultivation in BEa and BEg medium. No contamination with C. trachomatis, Mycoplasmas or bacteria were detected in cultures or cells. 72 hours post-infection the monolayer was washed in PBS, the cells were loosened in PBS with a rubber policeman, and the Chlamydia were liberated 30 from the host cell by sonication. The C. pneumoniae EBs and RBs were purified on discontinuous density gradients
- (Miyashita et al. (1992)). The purity of the Chlamydia EBs were verified by negative staining and electronmicroscopy (Figure 1), only particles of a size of 0.3 to 0.5 mm were 35

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detected in agreement with the structure of *C. pneumonia* EBs. The purified Chlamydia EBs were subjected to sarkosyl extraction as described by Caldwell et al (1981) with the modification that a brief sonication was used to suspend the COMC. The purified COMC was tested by electronmicroscopy and negative staining (Figure 1), where a folded outer membrane complex was seen.

## SDS-PAGE analysis of purified EBs and COMC

The proteins from purified EBs and C. pneumoniae OMC were separated on 15% SDS-polyacrylamide gel, and the gel was silver stained (Figure 2), in lane 1 it is seen that the purified EBs contain major proteins of 100/95 kDa and a protein of 38 kDa, in the purified COMC (lane 2) these two protein groups are also dominant. In addition, proteins with a molecular weight of 62/60 kDa, 55 kDa, and 12 kDa have been enriched in the COMC preparation. When the purified C. pneumoniae EBs are compared to purified C. trachomatis EB (lane 3) it is seen that predominant protein in the C. trachomatis EB is the major outer membrane protein (MOMP), and it is also the dominant band in the COMC preparation of C. trachomatis (lane 4), and Omp2 of 60/62 kDa as well as Omp3 at 12 kDa are seen in the preparation. However, no major bands with a size of 100/95 kDa are detected as in the C. pneumoniae COMC preparation.

# 25 Production of rabbit polyclonal antibodies against C. pneumoniae COMC

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To ensure production of rabbit antibodies that would recognize all the C. pneumoniae proteins in immuno-blotting and colony-blotting 10  $\mu g$  of COMC antigen was dissolved in 20  $\mu l$  of SDS sample buffer and thereafter divided into 5 vials. The dissolved antigen was further diluted in one ml of PBS and one ml of Freund incomplete adjuvant (Difco laboratories, USA cat. No. 0639-60-6) and injected into the quadriceps muscle of a New Zealand white rabbit. The rabbit was given

three times intramuscular injections at an interval of one week, and after further three weeks the dissolved COMC protein, diluted in one ml PBS was injected intravenously, and the procedure was repeated two weeks later. Eleven weeks after the beginning of the immunization, the serum was obtained from the rabbit. Purified *C. pneumoniae* EBs were separated by SDS-PAGE, and the proteins were electrotransferred to nitrocellulose membrane. The membrane was blocked and immunostained with the polyclonal COMC antibody (Figure 3). The serum recognized proteins with a size of 100/95, 60 and 38 kDa in the EB preparation. This is in agreement with the sizes of the outer membrane proteins.

## Cloning of the COMC proteins

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Due to the cultivation of C. pneumoniae in HeLa cells, contaminating host cell DNA could be present in the EB 15 preparations. Therefore, the purified EB preparations were treated with DNAse to remove contaminating DNA. The C. pneumoniae DNA was then purified by CsCl gradient centrifugation. The C. pneumoniae DNA was partially digested with Sau3A and the fractions containing DNA fragments with a 20 size of approx. 0.5 to 4.0 kb were cloned into the expression vector system pEX (Boehringer, Germany cat. No. 1034 766, 1034 774, 1034 782). The pEX vector system has a  $\beta$ -galactosidase gene with multiple cloning sites in the 3'end of the eta-galactosidase gene. Expression of the gene is 25 regulated by the PR promoter, so the protein expression can be induced by elevating the temperature from 32 to  $42^{\circ}\text{C}$ . The colonies of recombinant bacteria were transferred to nitrocellulose membranes, and the temperature was increased to 42°C for two hours. The bacteria were lysed by placing the 30 nitrocellulose membranes on filters soaked in 5% SDS. The colonies expressing outer membrane proteins were detected with the polyclonal antibody raised against C. pneumoniae COMC. The positive clones were cultivated in suspension and induced at  $42^{\circ}\text{C}$  for two hours. The protein profile of the 35 clones were analysed by SDS-PAGE, and increases in the size

of the induced b-galactosidase were observed (Figure 4). In addition, the proteins were electrotransferred to nitrocellulose membranes, and the reaction with the polyclonal serum against COMC was confirmed (Figure 5).

## 5 Sequencing of positive COMC clones

To characterize the pEX clones, the inserted C. pneumoniae DNA was sequenced. The resulting DNA sequences were searched against the prokaryotic sequences in the GenEmbl database. The search identified 6 clones as part of the Omp2 gene, and 2 clones as part of the Omp3 gene, and 2 clones as part of 10 the MOMP gene, indicating that COMC proteins had been successfully cloned. Furthermore, 32 clones were obtained, containing DNA sequences not found in the GenEmbl database. These sequences could, however, be clustered in two contics of 6 and 4 clones, and three clones were identical. In 15 addition 19 clones were found with no overlap to the contics (Figure 7). To obtain more sequence data for the genes, C. . pneumoniae DNA was totally digested with BamHI restriction enzyme, and the fragments were cloned into the vector 20 pBluescript. The ligated DNA was electrotransformed into E. coli XL1-Blue and selected on plates containing Ampicillin. The recombinant bacterial colonies were transferred to a nitrocellulose membrane, and colony hybridisation was performed using the inserts of pEX 1-1 clone as a probe. A clone containing a single BamHI fragment of 4.5 kb was found, 25 and the hybridisation to the probe was confirmed by Southern blotting. The insert of the clone was sequenced bi-directionally using synthetic primers for approx. each 300 bp. The sequence of the BamHI fragment made it possible to 30 join the two contics of pEX clones. Totally, together with the pEX clones it was possible to assemble 6.5 kb DNA sequence, encoding two new COMC proteins. (Figure 6)

Additional sequences were obtained by PCR performed on purified *C. pneumoniae* DNA with primers both from the known Omp genes and from other known genes. The obtained PCR

products were sequenced, The sequence organisation is shown in Fig. 7. Additional 8 Omp genes were detected. The alignment of the deduced amino acid sequences are shown in Fig. 8 A and B.

## 5 Analysis of DNA sequence

The DNA sequence encoding the Omp4-15 proteins with a size of 89.6-100.3 kDa (and for Omp13: 56.1 kDa). Omp4 and Omp5 were transcribed in opposite directions. Downstream Omp4 a possible termination structure was located. The 3'end of the Omp5 gene was not cloned due to the presence of the BamHI 10 restriction enzyme site positioned within the gene. The translated DNA sequence of Omp4 and Omp5 was compared by use of the gap programme in the GCG package (Wisconsin package, version 8.1-UNIX, August 1995, sequence analysis software package). The two genes had an amino acid identity of 41% 15 (similarity 61%), and a possible cleavage site for signal peptidase 1 was present at amino acid 17 in Omp4 and amino acid 25 in Omp5. When the amino acid sequence encoded by two other pEX clones were compared to the sequence of Omp4 and Omp5 they also had amino acid homology to the genes. It is 20 seen that the two clones have homology to the same area in the Omp4 and Omp5 proteins. Consequently, the pEX clones must have originated from two additional genes. Therefore these genes were named Omp6 and Omp7. Similar analyses were performed with the other genes. In contrast to what was seen 25 for Omp4 and 5 none of the other putative omp proteins had a cleavage site for signal peptides.

#### EXAMPLE 2

Polyclonal monospecific antibodies against pEX fusion proteins and full length recombination + Omp4

To investigate the topology of the Omp4-7 proteins, representative pEX clones, were selected from each gene. The fusion proteins of  $\beta$ -galactosidase/omp were induced, and the

proteins were partially purified as inclusion bodies. Balb/c mice were immunized three times intramuscular with the antigens at an interval of one week, and after six weeks the serum was obtained from the mice. HeLa cells were infected with the C. pneumoniae. 72 hours after the infection the mono-layers were fixed with 3.7% formaldehyde. This treatment makes the outer membrane of the Chlamydia impermeable for antibodies due to the extensive cross-linking of the outer membrane proteins by the formaldehyde. The HeLa cells were 10 permeabilized with 0.2% Triton X100, the monolayers were washed in PBS, then incubated with 20% (v/v) FCS to inactivate free radicals of the formaldehyde. The mice sera were diluted 1:100 PBS with 20% (v/v) FCS and incubated with the monolayers for half an hour. The monolayers were washed in PBS and secondary FITCH conjugated rabbit anti mouse serum 15 was added for half an hour, and the monolayers were washed and mounted. Several of the antibodies reacted strongly with the EBs in the inclusions (Figure 9). In spite of the formaldehyde fixation it could not be excluded that the surface of the EB was changed by the treatments, so that the 20 antibodies could get access to the Omp4-7. Therefore, the reaction was confirmed by immuno-electron microscopy with the antibody raised against clone pEX3-36. Purified EB of C. pneumoniae were absorbed to carbon coated nickel grids. After 25 the absorption the grids were washed with PBS and blocked in 0.5% Ovalbumin dissolved in PBS. The antibodies were diluted 1:100 in the same buffer and incubated for 30 minutes. The grids were washed in PBS. Rabbit anti mouse Ig conjugated with 10nm colloidal gold diluted in PBS containing 1% gelatin was added to the grids for half an hour. The grids were washed in 3 x PBS with 1% gelatin and 3 times in PBS, the grids were contrastained with 0.7% phospho tungstic acid. The grids were analysed in a Jeol 1010 electron microscope at 40 kV. It was seen that the gold particles were covering the surface of the purified EB. Because the C. pneumoniae EBs 35 were not exposed to any detergent or fixation under either the purification or the reaction with antibodies, these

results show that the cloned proteins have surface exposed epitopes.

## Polyclonal monospecific antibodies against Omp4

The Omp4 gene was amplified by PCR with primers that contained LIC-sites, and the PCR product was cloned into the pET-30 LIC vector (Novagen). The histidine tagged fusion protein was expressed by induction of the synthesis by IPTG and purified over a nickel column. The purified Omp4 protein was used for immunization of a rabbit (six times, 8  $\mu$ g each time).

Use of rabbit polyclonal antibodies to recombinant Omp4 for detection of Chlamydia pneumoniae in paraffin embedded sections

The lungs of C. pneumoniae infected mice were obtained three days after intranasal infection. The tissue samples were 15 fixed in 4% formaldehyde, paraffin embedded, sectioned and deparaffinized prior to staining. The sections were incubated with the rabbit serum diluted 1:200 in TBS ( 150 mM NaCl, 20mM Tris pH 7.5) for 30 min at room temperature. After wash two times in TBS the sections were incubated with the 20 secondary antibody (biotinylated goat anti-rabbit antibodies) diluted 1:300 in TBS, followed by two times wash in TBS. The sections were stained with streptavidin-biotin complex (streptABComplex/AP, Dako) for 30 min washed and developed under microscopic inspection with chromagen + new fuchsin 25 (Vector laboratories). The sections were counter stained with Hematoxylin and analyzed ny microscopy.

## Immuno blotting analysis with hyperimmune monospecific rabbit anti-serum

The insert of pEX1-1 clone was amplified by PCR using primers containing LIC sites. The PCR product could therefore be inserted in the pET-32 LIC vector (Novagen, UK cat No. 69076-

1). Thereby the insert sequence of the pEX1-1 clone was expressed in the new vector as a fusion protein, the part of the fusion protein encoded by the pET-32 LIC vector had 6 histidine residues in a row. The expression of the fusion protein was induced in this vector, and the fusion protein could be purified under denaturing condition on a Ni2+ column due to the high affinity of the histidine residues to divalent cations. The purified protein was used for immunization of a New Zealand white rabbit. After 6 times intramuscular and 2 times intravenous immunization the serum 10 was obtained from the rabbit. Purified C. pneumoniae EB was dissolved in SDS-sample buffer. Half of the sample was heated to 100°C in the sample buffer, whereas the other half of the sample was not heated. The samples were separated by SDS-PAGE, and the proteins were transferred to 15 nitrocellulose, the serum was reacted with the strips. With the samples heated to 100°C the serum recognized a high molecular weight band of approximately 98 kDa. This is in agreement with the predicted size of Omp5, of which the 20 pEX1-1 clone is a part, however, when the antibody was reacted to the strip with unheated EB, the pattern was different. Now a band was seen with a size of 75 kDa, in addition weaker bands were observed above the band (Figure 10). These data demonstrate that Omp5 needs boiling in SDS-sample buffer to be fully denatured and migrate with a 25 size as predicted from the gene product. When the samples were not boiled, the protein was not fully denatured and less SDS binds to the protein and it has a more globular structure that will migrate faster in the acrylamide gel. The band pattern looked identical to what was obtained with a monoclonal antibody (MAb 26.1)(lane 6), we earlier have described (Christiansen et al., 1994), reacting with the surface of C. pneumoniae EB, but the antibody do not react with the fully SDS denatured C. pneumoniae EB in 35 immunoblotting.

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

## Experimental infection of C57 black mice

Due to the realization of the altered migration of the Omp4-7 proteins without boiling, we chose to analyse antibodies against C. pneumoniae EBs after an experimental infection of mice. To obtain antibodies from an infection caused by C. pneumoniae, C57 black mice were inoculated intranasally with  $10^7$  CFI of C. pneumoniae under a light ether anaesthesia. After 14 days of infection the serum samples were obtained and the lungs were analysed for pathological changes. In two of the mice a severe pneumonia was observed in the lung 10 sections, and in the third mouse only minor changes were observed. The serum from the mice was diluted 1:100 and reacted with purified EBs dissolved in sample buffer with and without boiling. In the preparations that had been heated to 100°C the sera from two of the mice reacted strongly with 15 bands of 60/62 kDa and weaker bands of 55 kDa, but no reaction was observed with proteins of the size of Omp4-7 (Figure 11). However, when the sera were reacted with the preparation that had not been heated they all had a strong reaction with a broad band of an approximate size of 75 kDa. 20 This is in agreement with the size of the Omp4-7 proteins in the unheated preparation. Therefore, it could be concluded that the epitopes of the Omp4-7 proteins recognized by the antibodies after a C. pneumoniae infection were discontinuous epitopes because the full denaturation of the antigen 25 completely destroyed the epitopes. The 75 kDa protein observed in unheated samples is not Omp2 (Shown in immunoblotting with an Omp2 specific antibody)

#### EXAMPLE 3

30 Comparison of Omp4-7 of *C. pneumoniae* with putative outer membrane proteins (POMP) of *C. psittaci* 

Longbottom et al. (1996) have published partial sequence from 98 to 90 kDa proteins from *C. psittaci*. They have entered the full sequence of 5 genes in this family in the EMBL database.

They have named the genes "putative outer membrane proteins" (POMP) since their precise location was not determined. The family is composed of two genes that are completely identical, and two genes with high homology to these genes.

- They calculated a molecular size of 90 and 91 kDa. The 5th encode a protein of 98 kDa. The sequence of the Omp4-7 proteins of *C. pneumoniae* were compared to the sequences of the *C. Psittaci* POMP proteins with the programme pileup in the GCG package. The amino acid homologies were in the range
- of 51-63%. It is seen that the *C. pneumoniae* Omp4-5 proteins are most related to the 98 kDa POMP protein of *C. psittaci*.

  Interestingly, the 98 kDa *C. psittaci* POMP protein is more related to the *C. pneumoniae* genes than to the other *C. psittaci* genes. The repeated sequences of GGAI were conserved
- in the 98 kDa POMP protein, but only three GGAI repeats were present in the 90 and 91 kDa *C. psittaci* POMP proteins. For *C.psittaci* it has been shown that antibodies to these proteins seem to be protective for the infection.

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#### SEQUENCE LISTING

(1) GENERAL	INFORMATION
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ŧ	i	APPLICANT	٠
١	_	APPLICANT	

- (A) NAME: Svend Birkelund
- (B) STREET: Dept. of Medical Microbiology and Immunology, University of Arhus
- (C) CITY: Arhus C
- (D) STATE OR PROVINCE:
- (E) COUNTRY: Denmark
- (F) POSTAL CODE: 8000
- (ii) TITLE OF THE INVENTION: Chlamydia pneumoniae anti
- (iii) NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 30
- (iv) COMPUTER-READABLE FORM:
  - (A) MEDIUM TYPE: Diskette
  - (B) COMPUTER: IBM Compatible
  - (C) OPERATING SYSTEM: DOS
  - (D) SOFTWARE: FastSEQ for Windows Version 2.0
- (v) CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
  - (A) APPLICATION NUMBER:
  - (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:1:
- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 3200 base pairs
  - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: Coding Sequence
  - (B) LOCATION: 205...2987
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION:
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:1:

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AGCTGTTTTG TCATCTTTAA CTTGATTTAC TTATTTTGTT TCTATATTGA TGCGAATAGT 180
TCTCTAAAAAA ACAAAAGCAT TACC ATG AAG ACT TCG ATT CCT TGG GTT TTA 231
Met Lys Thr Ser Ile Pro Trp Val Leu

5

GTT TCC TCC GTG TTA GCT TTC TCA TGT CAC CTA CAG TCA CTA GCT AAC
Val Ser Ser Val Leu Ala Phe Ser Cys His Leu Gln Ser Leu Ala Asn
10 20 25

GAG Glu	GAA Glu	CTT Leu	TTA Leu	TCA Ser 30	CCT Pro	GAT Asp	GAT Asp	AGC Ser	TTT Phe 35	AAT Asn	GGA Gly	AAT Asn	ATC Ile	GAT Asp 40	TCA Ser		327
GGA Gly	ACG Thr	TTT Phe	ACT Thr 45	CCA Pro	AAA Lys	ACT Thr	TCA Ser	GCC Ala 50	ACA Thr	ACA Thr	TAT Tyr	TCT Ser	CTA Leu 55	ACA Thr	GGA Gly		375
GAT Asp	GTC Val	TTC Phe 60	TTT Phe	TAC Tyr	GAG Glu	CCT Pro	GGA Gly 65	AAA Lys	GGC Gly	ACT Thr	CCC Pro	TTA Leu 70	TCT Ser	GAC Asp	AGT Ser		423
TGT Cys	TTT Phe 75	AAG Lys	CAA Gln	ACC Thr	ACG Thr	GAC Asp 80	AAT Asn	CTT Leu	ACC Thr	TTC Phe	TTG Leu 85	GGG Gly	AAC Asn	GGT Gly	CAT His		471
AGC Ser 90	TTA Leu	ACG Thr	TTT Phe	GGC Gly	TTT Phe 95	ATA Ile	GAT Asp	GCT Ala	GGC Gly	ACT Thr 100	CAT His	GCA Ala	GGT Gly	GCT Ala	GCT Ala 105		519
GCA Ala	TCT Ser	ACA Thr	ACA Thr	GCA Ala 110	AAT Asn	AAG Lys	AAT Asn	CTT Leu	ACC Thr 115	TTC Phe	TCA Ser	GGG Gly	TTT Phe	TCC Ser 120	TTA Leu	/	567
CTG Leu	AGT Ser	TTT Phe	GAT Asp 125	TCC Ser	TCT Ser	CCT Pro	AGC Ser	ACA Thr 130	ACG Thr	GTT Val	ACT Thr	ACA Thr	GGT Gly 135	CAG Gln	GGA Gly	•	615
ACG Thr	CTT Leu	TCC Ser 140	TCA Ser	GCA Ala	GGA Gly	GGC Gly	GTA Val 145	AAT Asn	TTA Leu	GAA Glu	AAT Asn	ATT Ile 150	CGT Arg	AAA Lys	CTT Leu		663
GTA Val	GTT Val 155	GCT Ala	GGG Gly	AAT Asn	TTT Phe	TCT Ser 160	ACT Thr	GCA Ala	GAT Asp	GGT Gly	GGA Gly 165	GCT Ala	ATC Ile	AAA Lys	GGA Gly		711
GCG Ala 170	TCT Ser	TTC Phe	CTT Leu	TTA Leu	ACT Thr 175	GGC Gly	ACT Thr	TCT Ser	GGA Gly	GAT Asp 180	GCT Ala	CTT Leu	TTT Phe	AGT Ser	AAC Asn 185		759
AAC Asn	TCT Ser	TCA Ser	TCA Ser	ACA Thr 190	AAG Lys	GGA Gly	GGA Gly	GCA Ala	ATT Ile 195	GCT Ala	ACT Thr	ACA Thr	GCA Ala	GGC Gly 200	GCT Ala		807
CGC Arg	ATA Ile	GCA Ala	AAT Asn 205	AAC Asn	ACA Thr	GGT Gly	TAT Tyr	GTT Val 210	AGA Arg	TTC Phe	CTA Leu	TCT Ser	AAC Asn 215	ATA Ile	GCG Ala		855
TCT Ser	ACG Thr	TCA Ser 220	GGA Gly	GGC Gly	GCT Ala	ATC Ile	GAT Asp 225	GAT Asp	GAA Glu	GGC Gly	ACG Thr	TCG Ser 230	ATA Ile	CTA Leu	TCG Ser		903
AAC Asn	AAC Asn 235	AAA Lys	TTT Phe	CTA Leu	TAT Tyr	TTT Phe 240	GAA Glu	GGG Gly	AAT Asn	GCA Ala	GCG Ala 245	AAA Lys	ACT Thr	ACT Thr	GGC Gly		951
GGT	GCG	ATC	TGC	AAC	ACC	AAG	GCG	AGT	GGA	TCT	CCT	GAA	CTG	ATA	ATC		999

Gly 250	Ala	Ile	Cys	Asn	Thr 255	Lys	Ala	Ser	Gly	Ser 260	Pro	Glu	Leu	Ile	Ile 265	
TCT Ser	AAC Asn	AAT Asn	AAG Lys	ACT Thr 270	CTG Leu	ATC Ile	TTT Phe	GCT Ala	TCA Ser 275	AAC Asn	GTA Val	GCA Ala	GAA Glu	ACA Thr 280	AGC Ser	1047
GGT Gly	GGC Gly	GCC Ala	ATC Ile 285	CAT His	GCT Ala	AAA Lys	AAG Lys	CTA Leu 290	GCC Ala	CTT Leu	TCC Ser	TCT Ser	GGA Gly 295	GGC Gly	TTT Phe	1095
ACA Thr	GAG Glu	TTT Phe 300	CTA Leu	CGA Arg	AAT Asn	AAT Asn	GTC Val 305	TCA Ser	TCA Ser	GCA Ala	ACT Thr	CCT Pro 310	AAG Lys	GGG Gly	GGT Gly	1143
Ala	ATC Ile 315	Ser	Ile	GAT Asp	Ala	TCA Ser	Gly	GAG Glu	CTC Leu	Ser	CTT Leu 325	Ser	GCA Ala	GAG Glu	ACA Thr	1191
GGA Gly 330	AAC Asn	ATT Ile	ACC Thr	TTT Phe	GTA Val 335	AGA Arg	AAT asa	ACC Thr	CTT Leu	ACA Thr 340	ACA Thr	ACC Thr	GGA Gly	AGT Ser	ACC Thr 345	1239
GAT Asp	ACT Thr	CCT Pro	AAA Lys	CGT Arg 350	AAT Asn	GCG Ala	ATC Ile	AAC Asn	ATA Ile 355	GGA Gly	AGT Ser	AAC Asn	GGG Gly	AAA Lys 360	TTC Phe	1287
ACG Thr	GAA Glu	TTA Leu	CGG Arg 365	GCT Ala	GCT Ala	AAA Lys	AAT Asn	CAT His 370	ACA Thr	ATT Ile	TTC Phe	TTC Phe	TAT Tyr 375	GAT Asp	CCC Pro	1335
ATC Ile	ACT Thr	TCA Ser 380	GAA Glu	GGA Gly	ACC Thr	TCA Ser	TCA Ser 385	GAC Asp	GTA Val	TTG Leu	AAG Lys	ATA Ile 390	AAT Asn	AAC Asn	GGC Gly	1383
TCT Ser	GCG Ala 395	GGA Gly	GCT Ala	CTC Leu	AAT Asn	CCA Pro 400	TAT Tyr	CAA Gln	GGA Gly	ACG Thr	ATT Ile 405	CTA Leu	TTT Phe	TCT Ser	GGA Gly	1431
GAA Glu 410	ACC Thr	CTA Leu	ACA Thr	GCA Ala	GAT Asp 415	GAA Glu	CTT Leu	AAA Lys	GTT Val	GCT Ala 420	GAC Asp	AAT Asn	TTA Leu	AAA Lys	TCT Ser 425	1479
TCA Ser	TTC Phe	ACG Thr	CAG Gln	CCA Pro 430	GTC Val	TCC Ser	CTA Leu	TCC Ser	GGA Gly 435	GGA Gly	AAG Lys	TTA Leu	TTG Leu	CTA Leu 440	CAA Gln	1527
AAG Lys	GGA Gly	GTC Val	ACT Thr 445	TTA Leu	GAG Glu	AGC Ser	ACG Thr	AGC Ser 450	TTC Phe	TCT Ser	CAA Gln	GAG Glu	GCC Ala 455	GGT Gly	TCT Ser	1575
CTC Leu	CTC Leu	GGC Gly 460	ATG Met	GAT Asp	TCA Ser	GGA Gly	ACG Thr 465	ACA Thr	TTA Leu	TCA Ser	ACT Thr	ACA Thr 470	GCT Ala	GGG Gly	AGT Ser	1623
ATT Ile	ACA Thr	ATC Ile	ACG Thr	AAC Asn	CTA Leu	GGA Gly	ATC Ile	AAT Asn	GTT Val	GAC Asp	TCC Ser	TTA Leu	GGT Gly	CTT Leu	AAG Lys	1671

38

	475	i				480					485					
CAG Gln 490	Pro	GTC Val	: AGC Ser	CTA Leu	ACA Thr 495	GCA Ala	AAA Lys	GGT Gly	GCT Ala	TCA Ser 500	AAT Asn	AAA Lys	GTG Val	ATC Ile	GTA Val 505	1719
TCT Ser	GGG Gly	AAG Lys	CTC Leu	AAC Asn 510	Leu	ATT Ile	GAT Asp	ATT Ile	GAA Glu 515	GGG Gly	AAC Asn	ATT Ile	TAT Tyr	GAA Glu 520	AGT Ser	1767
CAT His	ATG Met	TTC Phe	AGC Ser 525	CAT His	GAC Asp	CAG Gln	CTC Leu	TTC Phe 530	TCT Ser	CTA Leu	TTA Leu	AAA Lys	ATC Ile 535	ACG Thr	GTT Val	1815
GAT Asp	GCT Ala	GAT Asp 540	GTT Val	GAT Asp	ACT Thr	AAC Asn	GTT Val 545	GAC Asp	ATC Ile	AGC Ser	AGC Ser	CTT Leu 550	ATC Ile	CCT Pro	GTT Val	1863
CCT Pro	GCT Ala 555	GAG Glu	GAT Asp	CCT Pro	AAT Asn	TCA Ser 560	GAA Glu	TAC Tyr	GGA Gly	TTC Phe	CAA Gln 565	GGA Gly	CAA Gln	TGG Trp	AAT Asn	1911
GTT Val 570	AAT Asn	TGG Trp	ACT Thr	ACG Thr	GAT Asp 575	ACA Thr	GCT Ala	ACA Thr	AAT Asn	ACA Thr 580	AAA Lys	GAG Glu	GCC Ala	ACG Thr	GCA Ala 585	1959
ACT Thr	TGG	ACC Thr	AAA Lys	ACA Thr 590	GGA Gly	TTT Phe	GTT Val	CCC Pro	AGC Ser 595	CCC Pro	GAA Glu	AGA Arg	AAA Lys	TCT Ser 600	GCG Ala	2007
TTA Leu	GTA Val	TGC Cys	AAT Asn 605	ACC Thr	CTA Leu	TGG Trp	GGA Gly	GTC Val 610	TTT Phe	ACT Thr	GAC Asp	ATT Ile	CGC Arg 615	TCT Ser	CTG Leu	2055
CAA Gln	CAG Gln	CTT Leu 620	GTA Val	GAG Glu	ATC Ile	GGC Gly	GCA Ala 625	ACT Thr	GGT Gly	ATG Met	GAA Glu	CAC His 630	AAA Lys	CAA Gln	GGT Gly	2103
TTC Phe	TGG Trp 635	GTT Val	TCC	TCC Ser	ATG Met	ACG Thr 640	AAC Asn	TTC Phe	CTG Leu	CAT His	AAG Lys 645	ACT Thr	GGA Gly	GAT Asp	GAA Glu	2151
AAT Asn 650	CGC Arg	AAA Lys	GGC Gly	TTC Phe	CGT Arg 655	CAT His	ACC Thr	TCT Ser	GGA Gly	GGC Gly 660	TAC Tyr	GTC Val	ATC Ile	GGT Gly	GGA Gly 665	2199
AGT Ser	GCT Ala	CAC His	ACT Thr	CCT Pro 670	AAA Lys	GAC Asp	GAC Asp	CTA Leu	TTT Phe 675	ACC Thr	TTT Phe	GCG Ala	TTC Phe	TGC Cys 680	His	2247
CTC Leu	TTT Phe	GCT Ala	AGA Arg 685	GAC Asp	AAA Lys	GAT Asp	TGT Cys	TTT Phe 690	ATC Ile	GCT Ala	CAC His	AAC Asn	AAC Asn 695	TCT Ser	AGA Arg	2295
ACC Thr	TAC Tyr	GGT Gly 700	GGA Gly	ACT Thr	TTA Leu	TTC Phe	TTC Phe 705	AAG Lys	CAC His	TCT Ser	CAT His	ACC Thr 710	CTA Leu	CAA Gln	CCC Pro	2343

CAA AAC C Gln Asn 7													2391
GAA AAA 1 Glu Lys 1 730			ı Ile										2439
TTC AGC (													2487
GAA TCC ( Glu Ser (													2535
CTA GAC													2583
TTC ATT (Phe Ile 1795													2631
TTC TTC (Phe Phe (810			c Asp										2679
CTT AAC ( Leu Asn 1													2727
GGA GAT '													2775
TAT CGT													2823
TCT TGG . Ser Trp : 875													2871
AGG GGT Arg Gly			r Val										2919
CAT TAC													2967
GTT GGT . Val Gly					ATTG	CT A	AAAC'	rccc	r AG	rtct'	rcta	GGGAG	3022
TTTTCTCA	TA CTTT	TAGGGA	TATAA	TTGC'	T AT	AGGG	AATG	CTT'	rcct'	rgc :	AAAC"	TGTAAA	3082

AAATAACATT TGTCCCTCTT CAAAAAAGAT TTCTTTTAAT AATTTCTAGT TATAATTTA 3142 TTTTTAAAAAC AGTTAAATAA TTAATAGACA ATAATCTATT CTTATTGACT TCTTTTTT 3200

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:2:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 928 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:2:

1				5					10					1 =	Phe
			20					25					3.0	Pro	Asp
		33			Asn		40					15	Pro		
	20				Ser	55					60	Phe			
0.5					Leu 70					75					0.0
				85	Gly				90					0 E	Ile
			T00		Ala			105					110	Asn	
		TTD			Gly		120					125	Ser		
	130				Thr	135					140				
T-4-2					Ile 150					155					
				T 0 0	Ala				170					175	Gly
			100		Leu			185					100	Lys	
		T 2 3			Thr		200					205	Asn		
	210				Ser	215					220	Gly			
227					Ser 230					235	Lys				0.40
				245	Lys				250					255	Lys
			200		Glu			265					270	Leu	
		213			Ala		280					205	His		
	200				Ser	<b>495</b>					300	Leu			
Val	Ser	Ser	Ala	Thr	Pro	Lys	Gly	Gly	Ala	Ile	Ser	Ile	Asp	Ala	Ser

305					310					315					220
	C1	T 011	C 0 22	T		71-	<b>~</b> 1	mla aa	<b>a</b> 1		- 1	<b></b>	_,		320
				325					Gly 330					335	
Asn	Thr	Leu	Thr 340	Thr	Thr	Gly	Ser	Thr 345	Asp	Thr	Pro	Lys	Arg 350	Asn	Ala
Ile	Asn	Ile 355	Gly	Ser	Asn	Gly	Lys 360	Phe	Thr	Glu	Leu	Arg 365	Ala	Ala	Lys
Asn	His 370	Thr	Ile	Phe	Phe	Tyr 375	Asp	Pro	Ile	Thr	Ser 380	Glu	Gly	Thr	Ser
Ser 385	Asp	Val	Leu	Lys	Ile 390	Asn	Asn	Gly	Ser	Ala 395		Ala	Leu	Asn	Pro
Tyr	Gln	Gly	Thr	Ile 405	Leu	Phe	Ser	Gly	Glu 410		Leu	Thr	Ala	Asp	
Leu	Lys	Val	Ala 420	Asp	Asn	Leu	Lys	Ser 425	Ser	Phe	Thr	Gln	Pro 430		Ser
Leu	Ser	Gly 435	Gly	Lys	Leu	Leu	Leu 440		Lys	Gly	Val	Thr 445		Glu	Ser
Thr		-Phe-	-Ser-	Gln-	Glu	-Ala-		Ser	-Leu	Leu	Gly		Asp	Ser	Gly
mb	450	<b>.</b>		m)	1	455		_			460				
465					470				Ile	475					480
				485					Gln 490					495	
			500					505	Ser				510		
		515					520		His			525		_	
	530					535			Asp		540		_		
545					550				Pro	555					560
				565					Val 570					575	
			580					585	Thr				590	_	
		595					600		Leu			605			_
	610					615			Gln		620				-
A1a 625	Thr	Gly	Met	Glu	His 630	Lys	Gln	Gly	Phe	Trp 635	Val	Ser	Ser	Met	Thr 640
Asn	Phe	Leu	His	Lys 645		Gly	Asp	Glu	Asn 650		Lys	Gly	Phe	Arg 655	
Thr	Ser	Gly	Gly 660	Tyr	Val	Ile	Gly	Gly 665	Ser	Ala	His	Thr	Pro 670		Asp
Asp	Leu	Phe 675	Thr	Phe	Ala	Phe	Cys 680	His	Leu	Phe	Ala	Arg 685		Lys	Asp
Cys	Phe 690	Ile	Ala	His	Asn	Asn 695	Ser	Arg	Thr	Tyr	Gly 700		Thr	Leu	Phe
Phe 705	Lys	His	Ser	His	Thr 710	Leu	Gln	Pro	Gln	Asn 715		Leu	Arg	Leu	Gly 720
Arg	Ala	Lys	Phe	Ser 725	Glu	Ser	Ala	Ile	Glu 730		Phe	Pro	Arg	Glu 735	
Pro	Leu	Ala	Leu 740	Asp	Val	Gln	Val	Ser 745	Phe	Ser	His	Ser	Asp 750		Arg
Met	Glu	Thr 755	His	Tyr	Thr	Ser	Leu 760	Pro	Glu	Ser	Glu	Gly 765		Trp	Ser

Asn	Glu 770	Cys	Ile	Ala	Gly	Gly 775	Ile	Gly	Leu	Asp	Leu 780	Pro	Phe	Val	Leu
Ser 785	Asn	Pro	His	Pro	Leu 790	Phe	Lys	Thr	Phe	Ile 795		Gln	Met	Lys	Val
	Met			805					810					815	Asp
	Arg		820					825					830	Pro	
	Ala	835				*	840					845			
	Ser 850					855					860				
Thr 865	Ala	Thr	Leu	Val	Met 870	Ser	Pro	Asp	Ser	Trp 875	Lys	Ile	Arg	Gly	Gly 880
	Leu			885					890					895	Val
	Asn		900					905					910	Leu	_
Gly	Ser	Ser 915	Arg	Asn	Tyr	Asn	Val 920	Asp	Val	Gly	Thr	Lys 925	Leu	Arg	Phe

### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:3:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 2815 base pairs
  - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: Genomic DNA
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:3:

AATTTTCCTG	GTTAGTGCTC	TCTTCGACAT	TGGCATGTTT	TACTAGTTGT	60
TTGCTGCAAC	TGCTGAAAAT	ATAGGCCCCT	CTGATAGCTT	TGACGGAAGT	120
GCACCTATAC	TCCTAAAAAT	ACGACTACTG	GAATAGACTA	TACTCTGACA	180
CTCTGCAAAA	CCTTGGGGAT	TCGGCAGCTT	TAACGAAGGG	TTGTTTTTCT	240
AATCTTTAAG	CTTTGCCGGT	AAGGGGTACT	CACTTTCTTT	TTTAAATATT	300
CTGAAGGCGC	AGCACTTTCT	GTTACAACTG	ATAAAAATCT	GTCGCTAACA	360
GTCTTACTTT	CTTAGCGGCC	CCATCATCGG	TAATCACAAC	CCCCTCAGGA	420
TTAAATGTGG	AGGGGATCTT	ACATTTGATA	ACAATGGAAC	TATTTTATTT	480
ACTGTGAGGA	AAATGGCGGA	GCCATTTCTA	CCAAGAATCT	TTCTTTGAAA	540
GATCGATTTC	TTTTGAAGGG	AATAAATCGA	GCGCAACAGG	GAAAAAAGGT	600
GTGCTACTGG	TACTGTAGAT	ATTACAAATA	ATACGGCTCC	TACCCTCTTC	660
TTGCTGAAGC	TGCAGGTGGA	GCTATAAATA	GCACAGGAAA	CTGTACAATT	720
CGTCTCTTGT	ATTTTCTGAA	AATAGTGTGA	CAGCGACCGC	AGGAAATGGA	780
CTGGAGATGC				AACTTTCTCA	840
CTGTAGCTAA	TGGCGGAGCC	ATTTATGCTA	AGAAGCTTAC	ACTGGCTTCC	900
GGGGTATCTC	CTTTTCTAAC	AATATAGTCC	AAGGTACCAC	TGCAGGTAAT	960
TTTCTATACT	GGCAGCTGGA	GAGTGTAGTC	TTTCAGCAGA	AGCAGGGGAC	1020
ATGGGAATGC	CATTGTTGCA	ACTACACCAC	AAACTACAAA	AAGAAATTCT	1080
GATCTACTGC	AAAGATCACG	AATTTACGTG	CAATATCTGG	GCATAGCATC	1140
ATCCGATTAC	TGCTAATACG	GCTGCGGATT	CTACAGATAC	TTTAAATCTC	1200
ATGCAGGTAA	TAGTACAGAT	TATAGTGGGT	CGATTGTTTT	TTCTGGTGAA	1260
	GCACCTATAC CTCTGCAAAA AATCTTTAAG CTGAAGGCGC GTCTTACTTT TTAAATGTGG ACTGTGAGGA GATCGATTTC GTGCTACTGG TTGCTGAAGC CGTCTCTTGT CTGGAGATGC CTGTAGCTAA GGGGTATCTC TTTCTATACT ATGGGAATGC GATCTACTGC ATCCGATTAC	TTGCTGCAAC GCACCTATAC TCCTAAAAAT CTCTGCAAAA CCTTGGGGAT AATCTTTAAG CTTTGCCGGT CTGAAGGCGC AGCACTTTCT GTCTTACTTT CTTAGCGGCC TTAAATGTGG AGGGGATCTT ACTGTGAGGA AAATGGCGGA GATCGATTTC TTTTGAAGGG GTGCTACTGG TACTGTAGAT TTGCTGAAGC CGTCTCTTGT ATTTTCTGAA CTGGAGATGC CGATGTTACC CTGTAGCTAA TGGCGGAGCC GGGGTATCTC TTTCTAAC TTTCTATACT GGCAGCTGGA ATGGGAATGC CATTGTTGCA ATGGGAATGC CATTGTTGCA ATGGGAATGC AAAGATCACG ATCCGATTAC	TTGCTGCAAC TGCTGAAAAT ATAGGCCCTTGCACTATAC TCCTAAAAAT ACGACTACTGCACTGC	TTGCTGCAAC TGCTGAAAAT ATAGGCCCCT CTGATAGCTT GCACCTATAC TCCTAAAAAT ACGACTACTG GAATAGACTA CTCTGCAAAA CCTTGGGGAT TCGGCAGCTT TAACGAAGGG AATCTTTAAG CTTTGCCGGT AAGGGGTACT CTGAAGGCGC AGCACTTTCT GTTACAACTG ATAAAAATCT CTTAAATGTGG AGGGGATCTT ACATTTGAAG ACTGTGAGGA ACTGTGAGGA AAATGGCGGA GCACTTTCT CTTAGAGGG ACACTTTCT TTTTGAAGGG ACTGTGAGGA AAATGGCGGA AATAAATCGA GTGCTACTGG TACTGTAGAT ATTACAAATA ATACGGCTCC TTGCTGAAGC TGCAGGTGGA CGTCTCTTGT ATTTTCTGAA AATAGTGTGA CGTCTCTTGT ATTTTCTGAA AATAGTGTGA CGGCGACCGC CTGGAGATGC CGGATGTTAC CTTTTCTAAC ATTTTCTGAA AATAGTGTGA ATCAGAGTGT CTGTAGCTAA TGGCGGAGCC ATTTATGCTA AGAAGCTTAC ATGGGAATGC CATTGTTGCA AATATAGTCC AAGGTACCAC AAACTACAAA ATACCGATTAC AAAGATCACG AATTTACGTG CCAATATCTGG AAACTACAAA ACTACAAAA ACTACAAAA ACTACAAAA ACTACAAAA ACTACAAAA ACTACCACCAC AAACTACAAA ACTACCACAC AAACTACAAA ATTCCGATTAC CTACAGATTAC CCAATATCTGG ACTCCGATTAC CCAATATCTGG AACTACACAC AAACTACAAA ACTACCAC AAACTACAAA ACTACCACAC AAACTACAAA ACTACCACAC AAACTACAAA ACTACCACAC AAACTACAAA ACTACCACAC AAACTACAAA ACTACCACAC AAACTACAAA ACTACCACAC AAACTACCAC ACTACCAC AAACTACCAC ACTACCAC AAACTACCAC AACCTACTCGG ATCCGATTAC ACTGCTACTACC ACTGCTACTCC ACTGCTACTCC ACTGCTACTCC ACTGCTACTCC ACTGCTACTCC ACTGCTACTCC ACTCTCTTTCTTTCTTTCTTTTCT	TTGCTGCAAC TGCTGAAAAT ATAGGCCCCT CTGATAGCTT TGACGGAAGT GCACCTATAC TCCTAAAAAT ACGACTACTG GAATAGACTA TACTCTGACA CTTTGCCGGT AAGGGGTACT CACTTTTTTTT CTGAAGGCC AGCACTTTCT CTTAAAAAT CTTTACCGGT AAGGGGTACT CACTTTCTTT TTTAAATATT CTGAAGGCC GTCTTACTTT CTTAGCGCC CCATCATCGG TAATCACAAC GTCGCTAACA CCCCTCAGGA TTAAATGTG ACGACTTTCT GTTACAACTG TAATCACAAC CCCCTCAGGA TAATAATTT ACTGTGAGGA AAATGGCGGA GCCATTTCTA CCAAGAATCT TTCTTTGAAA GATCGATTTC TTTTGAAGG AATAAATCGA GCGCAACAGG GAAAAAAGGT TTGCTGAAGC TGCAGGTGGA AATACCGACCC CTGTAGCTA TTCTTGAA AATACTGGGA CTGCAGATGC CTGTAGCTA TTTCTTAAC CTGTAGCTA TGGCGGAGCC ATTTATGCTA AAGAACTTC CTTTCTAAC AATATTGCTA AAGAACTTC CTTTCTAAC AATATTGCTA AGAAGCTTAC CTGTAGCTAA TGGCGGAGCC ATTTATGCTA AGAAGCTTAC AAGGTACCAC AAGATCCAC AAACTACAAA AAGAAATTCT CAATTTCCGAAA AACTACAAA AAGAAATTCT CAATTTCCGAA AACTACAAA AAGAAATTCT CTACCGATTAC ATTCCGATTAC ATTCCGATTAC AATATTCCG CAATATCTCG CAATATCTCG CAATATCTCG CAATATCCG CAATATCCCG CAATATCCC CTACCACCAC CAATATCCCG CCTTAACAA AAGAAATTCT CTACCACCAC AAACTACAAA AAGAAATTCT CTACCACCAC AAACTACAAA AAGAAATTCT CTACCACCAC AAACTACAAA AAGAAATTCT CTACCACCAC CAATATCCCG CAATATCCCG CAATATCCCG CAATATCCCG CAATATCCCG CAATATCCCG CAATATCCCG CAATATCCCC CTACACCAC CAATATCCCG CAATATCCCG CAATATCCCC CTACACCAC CAATATCCCG CAATATCCCG CAATATCCCC CTTTAAAATACCC CAATATCCCG CAATATCCCG CAATATCCCG CAATATCCCG CAATATCCCC CTACACCAC CAATATCCCG CAATATCCCC CAATATCCCC CAATACCCCC CAATATCCCG CAATACCCCC CAATATCCCG CAATACCCCC CAATATCCCG CAATACCCCC CAATATCCCG CAATACCCCC CAATATCCCG CAATACCCCC CAATATCCCG CAATACCCCC CAATACCCCC CAATACCCC CAATACCCCC CAATACCCCC CAATACCCCC CAATACCCCC CAATACCCCC CAATACCCC CAATACCCCC CACCCTCACAC CACCCCCTACACC CACCCCTCACAC CACCCCCCCC

AAGCTCTCTG	AAGATGAAGC	AAAAGTTGCA	GACAACCTCA	CTTCTACGCT	GAAGCAGCCT	1320
GTAACTCTAA	CTGCAGGAAA	TTTAGTACTT	AAACGTGGTG	TCACTCTCGA	TACGAAAGGC	1380
TTTACTCAGA	CCGCGGGTTC	CTCTGTTATT	ATGGATGCGG	GCACAACGTT	AAAAGCAAGT	1440
ACAGAGGAGG	TCACTTTAAC	AGGTCTTTCC	ATTCCTGTAG	ACTCTTTAGG	CGAGGGTAAG	1500
AAAGTTGTAA	TTGCTGCTTC	TGCAGCAAGT	AAAAATGTAG	CCCTTAGTGG	TCCGATTCTT	1560
CTTTTGGATA	ACCAAGGGAA	TGCTTATGAA	AATCACGACT	TAGGAAAAAC	TCAAGACTTT	1620
TCATTTGTGC	AGCTCTCTGC	TCTGGGTACT	GCAACAACTA	CAGATGTTCC	AGCGGTTCCT	1680
ACAGTAGCAA	CTCCTACGCA	CTATGGGTAT	CAAGGTACTT	GGGGAATGAC	TTGGGTTGAT	1740
GATACCGCAA	GCACTCCAAA	GACTAAGACA	GCGACATTAG	CTTGGACCAA	TACAGGCTAC	1800
CTTCCGAATC	CTGAGCGTCA	AGGACCTTTA	GTTCCTAATA	GCCTTTGGGG	ATCTTTTTCA	1860
GACATCCAAG	CGATTCAAGG	TGTCATAGAG	AGAAGTGCTT	TGACTCTTTG	TTCAGATCGA	1920
GGCTTCTGGG	CTGCGGGAGT	CGCCAATTTC	TTAGATAAAG	ATAAGAAAGG	GGAAAAACGC	1980
AAATACCGTC	ATAAATCTGG	TGGATATGCT	ATCGGAGGTG	CAGCGCAAAC	TTGTTCTGAA	2040
AACTTAATTA	GCTTTGCCTT	TTGCCAACTC	TTTGGTAGCG	ATAAAGATTT	CTTAGTCGCT	2100
AAAAATCATA	CTGATACCTA	TGCAGGAGCC	TTCTATATCC	AACACATTAC	AGAATGTAGT	2160
GGGTTCATAG	GTTGTCTCTT	AGATAAACTT	CCTGGCTCTT	GGAGTCATAA	ACCCCTCGTT	2220
TTAGAAGGGC	AGCTCGCTTA	TAGCCACGTC	AGTAATGATC	TGAAGACAAA	GTATACTGCG	2280
TATCCTGAGG	TGAAAGGTTC	TTGGGGGAAT	AATGCTTTTA	ACATGATGTT	GGGAGCTTCT	2340
TCTCATTCTT	ATCCTGAATA	CCTGCATTGT	TTTGATACCT	ATGCTCCATA	CATCAAACTG	2400
		GGACAGCTTC	TCGGAGAAAG	GTACAGAAGG	AAGATCTTTT	2460
GATGACAGCA	ACCTCTTCAA	TTTATCTTTG	CCTATAGGGG	TGAAGTTTGA	GAAGTTCTCT	2520
GATTGTAATG	ACTTTTCTTA	TGATCTGACT	TTATCCTATG	TTCCTGATCT	TATCCGCAAT	2580
GATCCCAAAT	GCACTACAGC	ACTTGTAATC	AGCGGAGCCT	CTTGGGAAAC	TTATGCCAAT	2640
AACTTAGCAC	GACAGGCCTT	GCAAGTGCGT	GCAGGCAGTC	ACTACGCCTT	CTCTCCTATG	2700
TTTGAAGTGC	TCGGCCAGTT	TGTCTTTGAA	GTTCGTGGAT	CCTCACGGAT	TTATAATGTA	2760
GATCTTGGGG	GTAAGTTCCA	ATTCTAGGAG	CGTCTCTCAT	GTCTCAGAAA	TTCTG	2815

#### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:4:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 928 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:4:

Met	Lys	Ser	Gln	Phe 5	Ser	Trp	Leu	Val		Ser	Ser	Thr	Leu		Cys
Phe	Thr	Ser	Cys 20	_	Thr	Val	Phe	Ala 25	10 Ala	Thr	Ala	Glu	Asn 30	15 Ile	Gly
Pro	Ser	Asp 35	Ser	Phe	Asp	Gly	Ser 40	Thr	Asn	Thr	Gly	Thr 45	Tyr	Thr	Pro
Lys	Asn 50	Thr	Thr	Thr	Gly	Ile 55	Asp	Tyr	Thr	Leu	Thr 60	Gly	Asp	Ile	Thr
Leu 65	Gln	Asn	Leu	Gly	Asp 70	Ser	Ala	Ala	Leu	Thr 75	Lys	Gly	Cys	Phe	Ser 80
Asp	Thr	Thr	Glu	Ser 85	Leu	Ser	Phe	Ala	Gly 90	Lys	Gly	Tyr	Ser	Leu 95	Ser
Phe	Leu	Asn	Ile 100	Lys	Ser	Ser	Ala	Glu 105	Gly	Ala	Ala	Leu	Ser	Val	Thr
Thr	Asp	Lys 115	Asn	Leu	Ser	Leu	Thr 120	Gly	Phe	Ser	Ser	Leu 125	Thr	Phe	Leu
Ala	Ala 130	Pro	Ser	Ser	Val	Ile 135	Thr	Thr	Pro	Ser	Gly 140	Lys	Gly	Ala	Val

•	145					150					155			Ile		160
					165		•			170				Thr	175	Asn
				180					185					Gly 190		_
			195	i				200					205	Thr		
		210					215					220		Asn		
	A1a 225	Glu	. Ala	Ala	Gly	Gly 230	Ala	Ile	Asn	Ser	Thr 235	Gly	Asn	Cys	Thr	Ile 240
					245					250	Asn			Thr	255	Thr
				260					265	Asp	Ala			Thr 270	Ile	
			275					280					285	Ala		
		290					295					300		Gly		
	305					310					315			Ala		320
					325					330				Leu	335	Ala
				340					345					Ala 350	Thr	
			355					360					365	Thr		
		370					375					380		Phe		
	385				,	390					395			Leu		400
					405					410				Ser	415	
				420					425					Ala 430		
			435					440					445	Gly		
		450					455					460		Thr		
	465	GIY	Ser	Ser	Val	11e 470	Met	Asp	Ala	Gly	Thr 475	Thr	Leu	Lys	Ala	Ser 480
					485					490	Ile			Asp	495	Leu
				500					505	Ala				Ser 510	Lys	
			212					520					525	Gly		
		230					535					540	Ser	Phe		
	Leu 545	Ser	Ala	Leu	Gly	Thr 550	Ala	Thr	Thr	Thr		Val	Pro	Ala	Val	
		Val	Ala	Thr	Pro 565		His	Tyr	Gly	Tyr 570	555 Gln	Gly	Thr	Trp		560 Met
	Thr	Trp	Val	Asp 580		Thr	Ala	Ser	Thr 585	Pro	Lys	Thr	Lys	Thr 590	575 Ala	Thr
	Leu	Ala	Trp	Thr	Asn	Thr	Gly	Tyr	Leu	Pro	Asn	Pro	Glu	Arg	Gln	Gly

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		595					600					605			
Pro	Leu 610	Val	Pro	Asn	Ser	Leu 615	Trp	Gly	Ser	Phe	Ser 620	Asp	Ile	Gln	Ala
Ile 625	Gln	Gly	Val	Ile	Glu 630	Arg	Ser	Ala	Leu	Thr 635	Leu	Cys	Ser	Asp	Arg 640
Gly	Phe	Trp	Ala	Ala 645	Gly	Val	Ala	Asn	Phe 650	Leu	Asp	Lys	Asp	Lys 655	Lys
-			660		Tyr	_		665		_	_	-	670		-
Gly	Ala	Ala 675	Gln	Thr	Cys	Ser	Glu 680	Asn	Leu	Ile	Ser	Phe 685	Ala	Phe	Cys
	690		_		Asp	695	_				700	-			
705					Ala 710					715					720
				725	Leu			-	730		_		_	735	
_			740		Glu			745		-			750		
Asp	Leu	Lys 755	Thr	Lys	Tyr	Thr	Ala 760	Tyr	Pro	Glu	Val	Lys 765	Gly	Ser	Trp
_	770				Asn	775			_		780				-
785					Cys 790					795		-		_	800
Asn	Leu	Thr	Tyr	Ile 805	Arg	Gln	Asp	Ser	Phe 810	Ser	Glu	Lys	Gly	Thr 815	Glu
-	-		820		Asp			825					830		
		835			Lys		840					845			
	850				Val	855					860	_		_	_
865					Ile 870					875			_		880
Asn	Leu	Ala	Arg	Gln 885	Ala	Leu	Gln	Val	Arg 890	Ala	Gly	Ser	His	Tyr 895	Ala
			900		Glu			905					910		_
Gly	Ser	Ser 915	Arg	Ile	Tyr	Asn	Val 920	Asp	Leu	Gly	Gly	Lys 925	Phe	Gln	Phe

#### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:5:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 3052 base pairs
  - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: Genomic DNA
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:5:

ATGCGATTTT CGCTCTGCGG ATTTCCTCTA GTTTTTTCTT TAACATTGCT CTCAGTCTTC 60
GACACTTCTT TGAGTGCTAC TACGATTTCT TTAACCCCAG AAGATAGTTT TCATGGAGAT
AGTCAGAATG CAGAACGTTC TTATAATGTT CAAGCTGGGG ATGTCTATAG CCTTACTGGT 180

GATGTCTCAA	TATCTAACGT	CGATAACTC	GCATTAAAT	A AAGCCTGCTT	CAATGTGACC	240
TOMOGRAGIO	TGACGTTCGC	: AGGAAATCAT	ר עיתיתים בוריתים איז	ע צוט ע עוד אור	ms mmm.c.cm.cs	300
GGAACIACAA	) DDDDAADDA A	: IGTACTTTGT	TGCCAAGATC	፣ ሮሞሮክአሮሮአአር	CCCACCCCCC	360
1010001101	CCACGCTCTC	: TTTTTATTCAC	AGCCCCCCAA	אור או אווויות אוויות ב	303000	420
CICIALICAA	AAAATGCACI	TATGCTCTT	L AACAATTATO	TACTCCCTTT	TONDONNO	480
CHARGET MAGN	CIAAAGGCGG	AGCTATTAGT	' GGGGGCGAATC	ביירות עידיים עידיים	3000333000	540
GMIICCGICI	CITICIATCA	GAATGCAGCC	: ACTTTTCCAC	CTCCTATCCA	TTT CTTTT CT CCTT	
CCCCIACAGA	IIGCAGTAAA	TCAGGCAGAG	``ATAAGATITIC	፤ ሮሽሮሽሽሽሽሽሞሽሮ	TCCCC33C33C	
GGIICIGGAG	GGGCTTTGTA	CICCGATGGT	' <b>ር</b> ልጥልጥጥርልጥል	ערט ערט ערט ערט איי	TO COMP & more	
CIAILICGAG	AAAATGAGGC	ATTGACTACT	' GCTATAGGTA	AGGGAGGGG	TCTCTCTTTTT	
CIICCCMCII	CAGGAAGTAG	TACTCCAGTT	'CCTATTCTCA		C7 7 C7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	
TIAGICITIG	AAAGAAACCA	TTCCATAATG	GGTGGCGGAG	ייים איייייייא ייייים ו	M3 003 3 3 000	
MOCMICICII	CAGGAGGICC	TACTCTATTT	' ATCAATAATA	. יייי איזי איזי בייי	A A A TOTO CO CARA	
MAITIAGGIG	GAGCTATTGC	CATTGATACT	GGAGGGGAGA	ጥሮልርጥጥጥአጥር	7.CC7.C3.C3.73	1020
OGWYCANIIN	CALICCAAGG	- AAACCGGACG	_ AGCጥጥል	י שייייייי א אייייייייייייייייייייייייי	CAMCCA more	1020
TINCHAMMIG	CIAAATTCCT	GAAATTACAG	GCGAGAAATG	C A TO COTOMA IN	7.777.700000	
GMICCIMIIM	CIICIGAAGC	AGATGGGTCT	_ ACCCA Aጥጥር አ	ሽ ሞሽ ሞርስ አ <b>ሪ</b> ርርር	A CAR COCKER S S	1140 1200
WAT WWW GWG T	ACACAGGGAC	CATACTCTTT	ΤΥΥΚΙΣΑΙΑΑ	ACACTOTACO	333663566	1260
AGGGATITIA	AAICIACAAI	CCCTCAGAAC	GTCAACCTCT	CTCCACCAMA	OMM A CITIES AND	1320
DDDDDADAAA	CCGAAGTCAC	AGTTTCAAAA	TTCDCCCDCT	CTCCACCAMO	CC3 mmma	1380
TINGALIING	GAACCAAACT	GATAGCCTCT	AAGGAAGACA	<b>ででにていかでしょべ</b>	A C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	1440
MINGAIMIAG	ATAGCTTAAG	CTCATCCTCA	ACAGCAGCTG	ጥጥልጥጥአአአርር	7777777777	1500
WINWICHGH	TATCCGTGAC	GGACTCTATA	GAACTTATCT	CCCCTACTCC	CA BECCOME	1560
GAAGAICICA	GAATGAGAAA	TTCACAGACG	TTCCCTTCTCC	<b>ルしかしむかいかっと</b>	CCCMCCTCCC	1620
DIDAIDDOOD	IGACIGIAAC	TGCTGGAGAT	TTCCTACCC	TAACTCCCCA		1680
CHAGGCHAII	GGAAATTAGC	TTGGACAGGA	ACTGGAAACA	አለርጥጥርርአርአ	3 mmammama	1740
CULTURALITY	ATTATAAGCC	TAGACCTGAA	AAAGAAGGAA	እጥጥጥ አረጥጥረረ	ma a ma mome	1800
TOGGGGWWIG	CIGTAAATGT	CAGATCCTTA	ATGCAGGTTC	770707000	MGG3 MGG3 GG	1860
DAJADAJALI	AT COMOGCT.	GIGGATCGAT	GGA ATTCCCA		mama mama a a	1920
LCCGMAGACA	ATATAAGGTA	CCGTCATAAC	AGCGGTGGAT	$\chi_{\Delta C}$	mama a a	1980
OHOMI CHCHC	CIMMUCACIA	TACTTCGATG	CC	$\lambda \lambda Curcurum \lambda A$	M3 03 03 03 0	2040
GMCIMIGCGG	IIICCAACAA	CGAATACAGA	בי עידיידי עידיביע	CATICOTATION	CE2 CC2	2100
MCMACC I CCC	TAGGGAATAT	TTTCCGTTAT	GCTTCCCCTA	A COOTE A MORE	3 3 3 CC=====	2160
MITCICICHM	GAAGGTTTCT	TCAAAATCCT	היהיה עיבות עיהות	ساسات ماسات الماسات	amama amma —	2220
COLCALGCCA	CCAAIGAIAI	GAAAACAGAC	TACCC A A A T T	TOCOUNTOCO	C2 2 2 2 2 C2 CC	2280
HOMMANDE	ALIGITUGGC	TATAGAGTGC	GGAGGGAGCA	TCCCTCTATO	OCCUR MANAGE &	2340
JADAADDORK	TITICCAAGG	TGCCATCCCA	ΤΤΤΆΤΙΑΣΔΑΛ	ሲያ ርያ ያመውያ ዓመ	THE A HICKORY IN	
CAGGGAGAII	I CAAAGAGAC	GACTGCAGAT	GGCCGTAGAT	ጥጥ እርሞ እ አጥር ር	CACCOONTAACA	2460
TCGMIIICIG	IACCICIAGG	CATACGCTTT	GAGAAGCTCC		~~~~~	2520
IMIGMCILIM	GITTCTCCTA	TATTCCTGAT	$\Delta$ TTTTCCCT $\Lambda$	A C C A TI C C C TI C	3 mamas s a	2580
	ADADODALL	CICCIGGCTT	GTTCCCGCCAC	C X C X C C C C X C C	3 3 C3 C3 C6 C	2640
MODGITT	GIGGAACGGG	TCGGTATCAC	עייייע אַ אַייייעיד	A TO A CITICA A CITICA		2700
COMMINICATION	AAIGCCGCCC	CCATGCTAGG	ΑΑΤΤΑΤΔΔΤΔ	ጥ እ እ ለጥርጥረር	3 3 C C 3 3 3 C C C C	2760
COLLITINGA	AGGITTCCAT	TGCCTGTGTG	CTTCCCATC	מיתות ביחירת ביחיים	1 maamaa	2820
"" OOMI CAIM	GGCWIIGGT	TICTCGAACT	TGTGTGGAGA	ስጥክ አ <i>ር</i> ር አርነክ ሙ	mmma ma mo ca	2880
TARCOCATIA	CICGIATCAC	CTCAGCCCCT	AGAGACATTC	שמשאר ביים איניים איניים איניים	COORD A COORD	2940
CTTTTTCTTCG	TATITIATUS	AGAATCCTTT	$\Delta$ CGTTCTTCC		MCCC2 CC2 CC	3000
TCTCTAACGA .	AUUUNIA	1 TCCAGGGTT	CIGITCCTTG	AGTCCTTTGG	CA	3052

# (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:6:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 922 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:6:

Met 1	Arg	Phe	Ser	Leu 5	Cys	Gly	Phe	Pro	Leu 10	Val	Phe	Ser	Leu	Thr 15	Leu
Leu	Ser	Val	Phe 20	Asp	Thr	Ser	Leu	Ser 25		Thr	Thr	Ile	Ser 30		Thr
Pro	Glu	Asp 35	Ser	Phe	His	Gly	Asp 40		Gln	Asn	Ala	Glu 45	Arg	Ser	Tyr
Asn	Val 50	Gln	Ala	Gly	Asp	Val 55	Tyr	Ser	Leu	Thr	Gly 60		Val	Ser	Ile
Ser 65	Asn	Val	Asp	Asn	Ser 70	Ala	Leu	Asn	Lys	Ala 75	Cys	Phe	Asn	Val	Thr 80
Ser	Gly	Ser	Val	Thr 85	Phe	Ala	Gly		His 90	His	Gly	Leu	Tyr	Phe 95	Asn
Asn	Ile	Ser	Ser 100	Gly	Thr	Thr	Lys	Glu 105	Gly	Ala	Val	Leu	Cys	Cys	Gln
Asp	Pro	Gln 115	Ala	Thr	Ala	Arg	Phe 120	Ser	Gly	Phe	Ser	Thr 125	Leu	Ser	Phe
Ile	Gln 130	Ser	Pro	Gly	Asp	Ile 135	Lys	Glu	Gln	Gly	Cys 140	Leu	Tyr	Ser	Lys
Asn 145	Ala	Leu	Met	Leu	Leu 150	Asn	Asn	Tyr	Val	Val 155	Arg	Phe	Glu	Gln	Asn 160
				165					170				Val	175	
			180					185					Ala 190		
		195					200					205	Val		
	210					215				_	220	_	Ser	_	_
Ala 225	Leu	Tyr	Ser	Asp	Gly 230	Asp	Ile	Asp	Ile	Asp 235	Gln	Asn	Ala	Tyr	Val 240
				245					250			-	Lys	255	-
			260					265					Val 270		
		275					280					285	Asn		
	290					295					300		Ile		
305					310					315			Asn		320
				325					330				Ile	335	
			340					345					Thr 350		
		355					360					365	Phe		
	370					375					380		Pro		
Ser 385	Glu	Ala	Asp	Gly	Ser	Thr	Gln	Leu	Asn	Ile 395	Asn	Gly	qaA	Pro	Lys 400
	Lys	Glu	Tyr	Thr		Thr	Ile	Leu	Phe 410		Gly	Glu	Lys		
Ala	Asn	Asp	Pro		Asp	Phe	Lys	Ser		Ile	Pro	Gln	Asn	415 Val	Asn

			420					425					430		
Leu	Ser	Ala 435	Gly	Tyr	Leu	Val	Ile 440	Lys		Gly	Ala	Glu 445	Val	Thr	Val
Ser	Lys 450	Phe	Thr	Gln	Ser	Pro			His	Leu		Leu	Asp	Leu	Gly
Thr 465	Lys		Ile	Ala	Ser 470		Glu	Asp	Ile	Ala 475	460 Ile	Thr	Gly	Leu	
		Ile	Asp	Ser		Ser	Ser	Ser	Ser 490		Ala	Ala	Val		480 Lys
Ala	Asn	Thr	Ala 500		Lys	Gln	Ile	Ser 505		Thr	Asp	Ser	Ile 510	495 Glu	Leu
Ile	Ser	Pro 515	Thr	Gly	Asn	Ala	Tyr 520		Asp	Leu	Arg	Met 525		Asn	Ser
Gln	Thr 530	Phe	Pro	Leu	Leu	Ser 535	Leu	Glu	Pro	Gly	Ala 540		Gly	Ser	Val
545			Ala		550					555					560
			Trp	565					570					575	Gly
			Trp 580					585					590		
		595	Val				600					605			
	610		Gln			615					620				
625			Trp		630					635					640
			Asn	645					650					655	
			Asn 660					665					670		
		675	Phe				680					685			
	690		Tyr			695					700				
705			Phe		710					715					720
			Arg	725					730					735	
			Tyr 740					745					750		
		755	Met				760					765			
	770		Gly			775					780				
785			Ala		790					795					800
			Phe	805					810					815	
			Thr 820					825					830		
		835	Ser				840					845			
	850		Phe			855					860				
865	σīλ	ASP	Ser	rrp	Leu 870	val	Pro	Ala	Ala	His 875	Val	Ser	Arg	His	Ala 880

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      Phe
      Val
      Gly
      Ser
      Gly
      Thr
      Gly
      Arg
      Tyr
      His
      Phe
      Asn
      Asp
      Tyr
      Thr
      Glu

      Leu
      Leu
      Cys
      Arg
      Gly
      Ser
      Ile
      Glu
      Cys
      Arg
      Pro
      His
      Ala
      Arg
      Asn
      Tyr

      Asn
      Ile
      Asn
      Cys
      Gly
      Ser
      Lys
      Phe
      Arg
      Phe

      915
      Frag
      F
```

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:7:
- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 2526 base pairs
  - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: Genomic DNA
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:7:

			TCATTAGTAC			60
			TCGGCTAGCA			120
			TCGGCTACAG		TTATGTTTTT	180
AAAGATTCTG			AAAACAGGGG		TACTAGTTGT	240
TTTAAAAATG	ACGCTGCAGC	TGGAGATCTA	AATTTCTTAG	GAGGGGGATT	TTCTTTCACA	300
			GGAGCTGCTA	TTGGAAGTGA	AGCAGCTAAT	360
		ATTTTCGGCA		TTAAATCCCC	AGCAAGTACA	420
			AAAGGGAATT			480
			GGAGATGGCG	GAGCAATTAA	TTGTGCAGGC	540
	TCGCAAACAA		TCTTTTATTG		TTCAACACGT	600
			CTATCTTCTG			660
			GGAGGTGCTA			720
			ATTATCTTTG			780
			TTAGGAACTA			840
			TATGATCĊGA			900
			CCTGATACTG			960
			ACGGAGGCAG		TGAGAAGAAC	1020
			TTTAAAAATG		TTTAAAAGGT	1080
			CAGGATGCAA		GATTATGGAT	1140
			AGTATCGAGT		GGAAATTAAT	1200
			AAACTCAGTG		TCAGAAAGAT	1260
			ATTAGCGATG			1320
			ATTCTTGAGT			1380
			GCTGTACAAT			1440
			AAGAAAGCTA		GGCAAAGCAA	1500
			CCGTTAGTTC		TTGGGGTTCT	1560
			ATAGAGCTAG		TGCTCCTTAC	1620
		AGGCATTTCC	AATGTTTTGC	ATAGGAGCGG	TCGTGAAAAT	1680
			GCTGTAGTAG		GAGGATGCCG	1740
			CAGCTCTTTG			1800
			GGATCTTTAC	GTTTGCAGCA	CGATGCTTCC	1860
		CCTTTTAGGA	GAGGGAGGAC	TCCGCGAGAT	CCTGTTGCCT	1920
	AGACTCTGCC		TATGGGCAGC	TTAGCTACGG	CCATACGGAT	1980
	AGACCGAGTC		CCCCCCCGA	CGCTCTCGAC	GGATCATACT	2040
TCTTGGGGAG	GATATGTCTG	GGCTGGAGAG	CTGGGAACTC	GAGTTGCTGT	TGAAAATACC	2100
	GATTTTTCCG		CCATTTGTAA	AAGTCCAAGC	TGTTTACTCG	2160
	GCTTTGTTGA		ATCAGTCGTG			2220
TATAACCTTG	CGATTCCTCT	TGGAATCAAG	TTAGAGAAAC	GGTTTGCAGA	GCAATATTAT	2280

CATGTTGTAG	CGATGTATTC	TCCAGATGTT	TGTCGTAGTA	ACCCCAAATG	TACGACTACC	2340
CTACTTTCCA	ACCAAGGGAG	TTGGAAGACC	AAAGGTTCGA	ACTTAGCAAG	ACAGGCTGGT	2400
ATTGTTCAGG	CCTCAGGTTT	TCGATCTTTG	GGAGCTGCAG	CAGAGCTTTT	CGGGAACTTT	2460
GGCTTTGAAT	GGCGGGGATC	TTCTCGTAGC	TATAATGTAG	ATGCGGGTAG	CAAAATCAAA	2520
TTTTAG						2526

#### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:8:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 841 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

# (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:8:

1				5					10					15	Leu
			20		Leu			25					3.0	Ser	
Ser	Asn	Ser 35	Phe	Asp	Gly	Thr	Thr 40	Ser	Thr	Thr	Ser	Phe 45	Ser	Ser	Lys
	50				Asp	55					60				
65					Pro 70					75					80
				85	Ala				90					95	
			100		Ser			105					110		
		115			Ala		120					125			
	130				Leu	135					140				
145					Val 150					155					160
				165	Asp				170					175	
			180		Leu			185					190		
		195			Ser		200					205			
	210				Gly	215					220				
225					Lys 230					235					240
•				245	Gly				250					255	
			260		Gly			265					270		
		275			Thr		280					285			
	290				Ile	295					300				
Ala	Leu	Asn	Ile	Asn	Ser	Pro	Asp	Thr	Gly	Asp	Asn	Lys	Glu	Tyr	Thr

305					310					315					320
Gly	Thr	Ile	Val	Phe 325	Ser	Gly	Glu	Lys	Leu 330	Thr	Glu	Ala	Glu	Ala 335	Lys
Asp	Glu	Lys	Asn 340	Arg	Thr	Ser	Lys	Leu 345	Leu	Gln	Asn	Val	Ala 350	Phe	Lys
Asn	Gly	Thr 355	Val	Val	Leu	Lys	Gly 360	Asp	Val	Val	Leu	Ser 365	Ala	Asn	Gly
Phe	Ser 370	Gln	Asp	Ala	Asn	Ser 375	Lys	Leu	Ile	Met	Asp 380	Leu	Gly	Thr	Ser
385					390		Ile			395					400
				405			Lys		410					415	
			420				Asp	425					430		
		435					Gly 440					445			-
	450					455	Ala				460				
465					470		Val			475			_		480
	•			485			Thr		490					495	
			500				Pro	505					510		
		515					Ser 520			_		525			
	530					535	Glu	_			540		-	_	
545					550		Val			555			_		560
				565			Ser		570				_	575	
			580				Thr	585			_		590		
		595					Phe 600					605			
	610					615	Gln				620				
625					630		Gly			635					640
				645			Cys		650					655	-
			660				Lys	665					670		
		675					Thr 680					685			
	690					695	Ala				700				
705					710		Phe			715					720
				725			Leu		730					735	
			740				Ala	745			_		750		
пур	vr.a.	755	wrg	GIU	GID	ıyr	Tyr 760	Hls	vai	Val	Ala	Met 765	Tyr	ser	Pro

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:9:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 2787 base pairs
  - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: Genomic DNA
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:9:

ATGAAGTCTT	CTTTCCCCAA	GTTTGTATTT	TCTACATTTG	CTATTTTCCC	TTTGTCTATG	60
	AGACAGTTTT	GGATTCAAGT		ATGGGAATAA		120
TTTTCAGTTC	GTGAGAGTCA		GGAACTACCT	ACCTATTTAA		180
ACTCTAGAAA	ATATTCCTGG	AACAGGCACA	GCAATCACAA	AAAGCTGTTT	TAACAACACT	240
AAGGGCGATT	TGACTTTCAC	AGGTAACGGG	AACTCTCTAT	TGTTCCAAAC	GGTGGATGCA	300
GGGACTGTAG	CAGGGGCTGC	TGTTAACAGC	AGCGTGGTAG	ATAAATCTAC	CACGTTTATA	360
GGGTTTTCTT	CGCTATCTTT	TATTGCGTCT	CCTGGAAGTT	CGATAACTAC	CGGCAAAGGA	420
GCCGTTAGCT	GCTCTACGGG	TAGCTTGAAG	TTTGACAAAA	ATGTCAGTTT	GCTCTTCAGC	480
AAAAACTTTT	CAACGGATAA	TGGCGGTGCT	ATCACCGCAA	AAACTCTTTC	ATTAACAGGG	540
ACTACAATGT	CAGCTCTGTT				AGCCATTCAG	600
ACTTCCGATG	CCCTTACCAT	TACTGGAAAC	CAAGGGGAAG	TCTCTTTTTC	TGACAATACT	660
TCTTCGGATT	CTGGAGCTGC	AATTTTTACA	GAAGCCTCGG	TGACTATTTC	TAATAATGCT	720
AAAGTTTCCT	TTATTGACAA	TAAGGTCACA	GGAGCGAGCT	CCTCAACAAC	GGGGGATATG	780
TCAGGAGGTG	CTATCTGTGC	TTATAAAACT	AGTACAGATA	CTAAGGTCAC	CCTCACTGGA	840
AATCAGATGT	TACTCTTCAG	CAACAATACA	TCGACAACAG	CGGGAGGAGC	TATCTATGTG	900
	AACTGGCTTC	CGGAGGACTT	ACCCTATTCA	GTAGAAATAG	TGTCAATGGA	960
GGTACAGCTC	CTAAAGGTGG	AGCCATAGCT	ATCGAAGATA	GTGGGGAATT	GAGTTTATCC	1020
GCCGATAGTG	GTGACATTGT	CTTTTTAGGG	AATACAGTCA	CTTCTACTAC	TCCTGGGACG	1080
AATAGAAGTA		AGGAACGAGT			TTCTGCTGCT	1140
	TCTACTTCTA	TGATCCCATA	ACTACAGGAT	CTTCCACAAC	AGTTACAGAT	1200
	TTAATGAGAC	TCCGGCAGAT	TCTGCACTAC	AATATACAGG	GAACATCATC	1260
TTCACAGGAG		AGAGACAGAG	GCCGCAGATT	CTAAAAATCT	TACTTCGAAG	1320
		TTCAGGAGGT	ACTCTATCTT	TAAAACATGG		1380
	CATTCACTCA		TCTCGTCTCG	AAATGGACGT	ልርርል እ <i>ር</i> ሞእርሞ	1440
CTAGAACCTG	CTGATACTAG	CACCATAAAC	AATTTGGTCA	TTAACATCAG	TTCTATAGAC	1500
GGIGCAAAGA	AGGCAAAAAT	AGAAACCAAA	GCTACGTCAA	AAAATCTGAC	TTTATCTGGA	1560
	TATTGGACCC	GACGGGCACG	TTTTATGAAA		AAGAAATCCT	1620
	ACATCTTAGA		TCTGGAACTG		CGCAGTGACT	1680
	TAATGGGTGA	GAAATTCCAT	TACGGCTATC		GGGCCCAATT	1740
GTTTGGGGGA		TACGACTGCA			TGGCTATATT	1800
CCTAATCCCG		CTCTTTAGTC			ATTTATAGAT	1860
		TATGGAGACT		GGTTGCAGGG		1920
		TAACTTCTTC	CATAAGGATA	GTACAAAAAC	ACGACGCGGG	1980
TTTCGCCATT	TGAGTGGCGG	TTATGTCATA	GGAGGAAACC	TACATACTTG	TTCAGATAAG	2040
						2010

ATTCTTAGTG	CTGCATTTTG	TCAGCTCTTT	GGAAGAGATA	GAGACTACTT	TGTAGCTAAG	2100
AATCAAGGTA	CAGTCTACGG	AGGAACTCTC	TATTACCAGC	ACAACGAAAC	CTATATCTCT	2160
CTTCCTTGCA	AACTACGGCC	TTGTTCGTTG	TCTTATGTTC	CTACAGAGAT	TCCTGTTCTC	2220
TTTTCAGGAA	ACCTTAGCTA	CACCCATACG	GATAACGATC	TGAAAACCAA	GTATACAACA	2280
TATCCTACTG	TTAAAGGAAG	CTGGGGGAAT	GATAGTTTCG	CTTTAGAATT	CGGTGGAAGA	2340
GCTCCGATTT	GCTTAGATGA	AAGTGCTCTA	TTTGAGCAGT	ACATGCCCTT	CATGAAATTG	2400
CAGTTTGTCT	ATGCACATCA	GGAAGGTTTT	AAAGAACAGG	GAACAGAAGC	TCGTGAATTT	2460
GGAAGTAGCC	GTCTTGTGAA	TCTTGCCTTA	CCTATCGGGA	TCCGATTTGA	TAAGGAATCA	2520
		CAATCTAACT				2580
AACCCCGACT	GTACGACAAC	ACTGCGAATT	AGCGGTGATT	CTTGGAAAAC	CTTCGGTACG	2640
	GACAAGCTTT			ATTTTTGCTT		2700
TTTGAAGCCT	TTAGCCAATT	TTCTTTTGAA	TTGCGTGGGT	CATCTCGCAA	TTACAATGTA	2760
	CAAAATACCA					2787
						• .

#### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:10:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 928-amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:10:

1				5					10	Ser	,			15	
			20					25		Leu			30		
		35					40			Val		45			
	50					55				Asn	60				
65					70					Ser 75					80
				85					90	Asn				95	
			100					105		Ala			110		
		115					120			Ser		125			
Ala	Ser 130	Pro	Gly	Ser	Ser	Ile 135	Thr	Thr	Gly	Lys	Gly 140	Ala	Val	Ser	Cys
145					150					Val 155					160
				165					170	Ile				175	
Ser	Leu	Thr	Gly 180	Thr	Thr	Met	Ser	Ala 185	Leu	Phe	Ser	Glu	Asn 190	Thr	Ser
Ser	Lys	Lys 195	Gly	Gly	Ala	Ile	Gln 200	Thr	Ser	Asp	Ala	Leu 205	Thr	Ile	Thr
Gly	Asn 210	Gln	Gly	Glu	Val	Ser 215	Phe	Ser	Asp	Asn	Thr 220	Ser	Ser	Asp	Ser
Gly 225	Ala	Ala	Ile	Phe	Thr 230	Glu	Ala	Ser	Val	Thr 235	Ile	Ser	Asn	Asn	Ala 240
Lys	Val	Ser	Phe	Ile	Asp	Asn	Lys	Val	Thr	Gly	Ala	Ser	Ser	Ser	Thr

Thr	ഭിച	· 7	Mot	245		- C1		~ 7	250		_			255	
	Gly		260					265					270		
	Thr	275	1				280					285			
	Thr 290					295					300				
Leu 305	Ala	Ser	Gly	Gly	Leu 310	Thr	Leu	Phe	Ser	Arg		Ser	Val	Asn	Gly 320
Gly	Thr	Ala	Pro	Lys 325	Gly	Gly	Ala	Ile	Ala 330		Glu	Asp	Ser	Gly 335	Glu
Leu	Ser	Leu	Ser 340	Ala	Asp	Ser	Gly	Asp 345		Val	Phe	Leu	Gly 350	Asn	Thr
Val	Thr	Ser 355	Thr	Thr	Pro	Gly	Thr 360	Asn	Arg	Ser	Ser	Ile 365	Asp	Leu	Gly
	Ser 370					375					380	Gly			
385	Phe				390					395	Thr				400
	Leu			405					410					415	Thr
	Asn		420					425					430	Ala	
	Ser	435					440					445			
	Gly 450					455					460				
465	Thr				470					475					480
	Glu			485					490					495	
	Ser		500					505					510		
	Lys	515					520					525			
	Thr 530					535					540				
545	Leu				550					555					560
	Asp			565					570					575	
	Gly		580					585					590		
	Trp	595					600					605			
	Val 610					615					620				
025	Tyr				630					635					640
	Trp			645					650					655	
	Arg		660					665					670		
	Leu	6/5					680					685			
<b>⊅</b> ∈u	Phe 690	стÀ	Arg	ASD	Arg	Asp 695	Tyr	Phe	Val	Ala	Lys 700	Asn	Gln	Gly	Thr

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Val Tyr Gly Gly Thr Leu Tyr Tyr Gln His Asn Glu Thr Tyr Ile Ser
                   710
                                       715
Leu Pro Cys Lys Leu Arg Pro Cys Ser Leu Ser Tyr Val Pro Thr Glu
               725
                                  730
Ile Pro Val Leu Phe Ser Gly Asn Leu Ser Tyr Thr His Thr Asp Asn
                              745
Asp Leu Lys Thr Lys Tyr Thr Thr Tyr Pro Thr Val Lys Gly Ser Trp
                           760
                                               765
Gly Asn Asp Ser Phe Ala Leu Glu Phe Gly Gly Arg Ala Pro Ile Cys
                       775
Leu Asp Glu Ser Ala Leu Phe Glu Gln Tyr Met Pro Phe Met Lys Leu
                   790
                                       795
Gln Phe Val Tyr Ala His Gln Glu Gly Phe Lys Glu Gln Gly Thr Glu
               805
                                   810
Ala Arg Glu Phe Gly Ser Ser Arg Leu Val Asn Leu Ala Leu Pro Ile
                               825 ...
Gly Ile Arg Phe Asp Lys Glu Ser Asp Cys Gln Asp Ala Thr Tyr Asn
                          840
Leu Thr Leu Gly Tyr Thr Val Asp Leu Val Arg Ser Asn Pro Asp Cys
                       855
Thr Thr Leu Arg Ile Ser Gly Asp Ser Trp Lys Thr Phe Gly Thr
                   870
                                       875
Asn Leu Ala Arg Gln Ala Leu Val Leu Arg Ala Gly Asn His Phe Cys
               885
                                   890
Phe Asn Ser Asn Phe Glu Ala Phe Ser Gln Phe Ser Phe Glu Leu Arq
                               905
Gly Ser Ser Arg Asn Tyr Asn Val Asp Leu Gly Ala Lys Tyr Gln Phe
                          920
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#### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:11:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 2757 base pairs
  - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: Genomic DNA
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:11:

ATGAGATCGT	CTTTTTCCTT	GTTATTAATA	TCTTCATCTC	TAGCCTTTCC	TCTCTTAATG	60
AGTGTTTCTG	CAGATGCTGC	CGATCTCACA	TTAGGGAGTC	GTGACAGTTA	TAATGGTGAT	120
ACAAGCACCA	CAGAATTTAC	TCCTAAAGCG	GCAACTTCTG	ATGCTAGTGG	CACGACCTAT	180
ATTCTCGATG	GGGATGTCTC	GATAAGCCAA	GCAGGGAAAC	AAACGAGCTT	AACCACAAGT	240
TGTTTTTCTA	ACACTGCAGG	AAATCTTACC	TTCTTAGGGA	ACGGATTTTC	TCTTCATTTT	300
GACAATATTA	TTTCGTCTAC	TGTTGCAGGT	GTTGTTGTTA	GCAATACAGC	AGCTTCTGGG	360
ATTACGAAAT	TCTCAGGATT	TTCAACTCTT	CGGATGCTTG	CAGCTCCTAG	GACCACAGGT	420
AAAGGAGCCA	TTAAAATTAC	CGATGGTCTG	GTGTTTGAGA	GTATAGGGAA	TCTTGACCAA	480
AATGAAAATG	CCTCTAGTGA	AAATGGGGGA	GCCATCAATA	CGAAGACTTT	GTCTTTGACT	540
GGGAGTACGC	GGTTTGTAGC	GTTCCTTGGC	AATAGCTCGT	CGCAACAAGG	GGGAGCGATC	600
TATGCTTCTG	GTGACTCTGT	GATTTCTGAG	AATGCAGGAA	TCTTGAGCTT	CGGAAACAAC	660
AGTGCGACAA	CATCAGGAGG	CGCGATCTCT	GCTGAAGGGA	ACCTTGTGAT	CTCCAATAAC	720
CAAAATATCT	TTTTCGATGG	CTGCAAAGCA	ACTACAAATG	GCGGAGCTAT	TGATTGTAAC	780
AAAGCAGGGG	CGAACCCAGA	CCCTATCTTG	ACTCTTTCAG	GAAATGAGAG	CCTGCATTTT	840
CTGAATAACA	CAGCAGGAAA	TAGTGGAGGT	GCGATTTATA	CCAAAAAATT	GGTGTTATCC	900
TCAGGACGAG	GAGGAGTGTT	ATTTTCTAAC	AACAAAGCTG	CGAATGCTAC	TCCTAAAGGA	960

GGGGCAATTG	CGATTCTAGA	TTCTGGAGAG	ATTAGCATTT	CTGCAGATCT	CGGCAATATC	1020
ATTTTCGAGG	GCAATACTAC	GAGCACTACA	GGAAGTCCTG	CGAGTGTGAC	<del>-</del>	1080
ATAGATCTTG	CATCGAATGC	AAAATTTTTA	AATCTCCGAG	CGACTCGGGG	AAATAAAGTT	1140
ATTTTCTATG	ATCCTATCAC	GAGCTCAGGA	GCTACTGATA	AGCTCTCTTT	GAATAAAGCT	1200
GACGCAGGAT	CTGGAAATAC	CTATGAAGGC		TCTCTGGAGA	GAAACTCTCA	1260
GAAGAGGAAC	TTAAGAAACC	TGACAATCTG	AAGTCTACAT	TTACACAGGC	TGTAGAGCTT	1320
GCTGCAGGTG	CCTTAGTATT	GAAAGATGGA	GTGACTGTAG	TTGCAAATAC	TATAACGCAG	1380
GTCGAGGGAT	CGAAAGTCGT	TATGGATGGA	GGGACTACTT	TTGAGGCAAG	CGCTGAGGGG	1440
GTCACTCTCA	ATGGCCTAGC	CATTAATATA	GATTCCTTAG	ATGGGACAAA		1500
ATTAAGGCGA	CGGCAGCAAG	TAAGGATGTT	GCCTTATCAG		GCTTGTAGAT	1560
GCTCAGGGGA	ACTATTATGA	GCATCATAAT	CTCAGTCAAC	AGCAGGTCTT	TCCTTTAATA	1620
GAGCTTTCTG	CACAAGGAAC	GATGACTACT	ACAGATATCC	CCGATACCCC	AATTCTAAAT	1680
	ACTATGGGTA	TCAAGGAACT	GGAATAATTG	TTTGGGTCGA		1740
GCAAAAACAA	AAAATGCTAC	CTTAACTTGG	ACTAAAACAG	GATACAAGCC	GAATCCAGAA	1800
CGTCAGGGAC	CTTTGGTTCC	TAATAGCCTG	TGGGGTTCTT	TTGTCGATGT	CCGCTCCATT	1860
CAGAGCCTCA	TGGACCGGAG	CACAAGTTCG	TTATCTTCGT	CAACAAATTT	GTGGGTATCA	1920
GGAATCGCGG	ACTTTTTGCA	TGAAGATCAG	AAAGGAAACC	AACGTAGTTA	TCGTCATTCT	1980
	ATGCATTAGG	AGGAGGATTC	TTCACGGCTT	CTGAAAATTT	CTTTAATTTT	2040
	AGCTTTTTGG	CTACGACAAG	GACCATCTTG	TGGCTAAGAA	CCATACCCAT	2100
GTATATGCAG		TTACCGACAC	CTCGGAGAGT	CTAAGACCCT	CGCTAAGATT	2160
TTGTCAGGAA	_	CCTACCTTTT	GTCTTCAATG	CTCGGTTTGC	TTATGGCCAT	2220
ACCGACAATA				CTGTTAAGGG	AAGCTGGGGA	2280
AATGATGCCT		ATGTGGAGGA			AGGACGTCGG	2340
		GCCATTTCTA	AACCTAGAGA	TGATCTATGC	ACATCAGAAT	2400
	AAAACGGCAC		TCTTTCCAAA	GTGAAGACCT	CTTCAATCTA	2460
GCGGTTCCTG		ATTTGAGAAA	TTCTCCGATA	AGTCTACGTA	TGATCTCTCC	2520
ATAGCTTACG		GATTCGTAAT	GATCCAGGCT	GCACGACAAC	TCTTATGGTT	2580
TCTGGGGATT		ATGTGGTACA	AGCTTGTCTA	GACAAGCTCT	TCTTGTACGT	2640
GCTGGAAATC			TTTGAAGTTT	TCAGTCAGTT	TGAAGTCGAG	2700
TTGCGAGGTT	CTTCTCGTAG	CTATGCTATC	GATCTTGGAG	GAAGATTCGG	ATTTTAA	2757

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:12:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 918 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:12:

Met 1	Arg	Ser	Ser	Phe 5	Ser	Leu	Leu	Leu	Ile 10	Ser	Ser	Ser	Leu	Ala 15	Phe
			20			Ser		25					30	Leu	_
		35				Gly	40					45			
	50					Ala 55					60				_
65					70	Ala				75					80
				85		Gly			90					95	Phe
Ser	Leu	His	Phe 100	Asp	Asn	Ile	Ile	Ser 105	Ser	Thr	Val	Ala	Gly 110	Val	Val

Val	Ser	Asn 115	Thr	Ala	Ala	Ser	Gly 120	Ile	Thr	Lys	Phe	Ser 125	Gly	Phe	Ser
Thr	Leu 130	Arg	Met	Leu	Ala	Ala 135	Pro	Arg	Thr	Thr	Gly 140		Gly	Ala	Ile
Lys 145	Ile	Thr	Asp	Gly	Leu 150		Phe	Glu	Ser	Ile 155		Asn	Leu	Asp	Gln 160
	Glu	Asn	Ala	Ser 165		Glu	Asn	Gly	Gly 170		Ile	Asn	Thr	Lys 175	
Leu	Ser	Leu	Thr 180		Ser	Thr	Arg	Phe 185		Ala	Phe	Leu	Gly 190		Ser
Ser	Ser	Gln 195		Gly	Gly	Ala	Ile 200	Tyr	Ala	Ser	Gly	Asp 205		Val	Ile
Ser	Glu 210		Ala	Gly	Ile	Leu 215		Phe	Gly	Asn	Asn 220		Ala	Thr	Thr
Ser 225		Gly	Ala	Ile	Ser 230	_	Glu	Gly	Asn	Leu 235		Ile	Ser	Asn	Asn 240
	Asn	Ile	Phe	Phe	Asp	Gly	Cys	Lys	Ala 250	Thr	Thr	Asn	Gly	Gly 255	
Ile	Asp	Cys	Asn 260			Gly	Ala	Asn 265			Pro	Ile	Leu 270		Leu
Ser	Gly	Asn 275		Ser	Leu	His	Phe 280	Leu	Asn	Asn	Thr	Ala 285		Asn	Ser
Gly	Gly 290	_	Ile	Tyr	Thr	Lys 295		Leu	Val	Leu	Ser 300	-	Gly	Arg	Gly
Gly 305	Val	Leu	Phe	Ser	Asn 310	Asn	Lys	Ala	Ala	Asn 315		Thr	Pro	Lys	Gly 320
Gly	Ala	Ile	Ala	Ile 325	Leu	Asp	Ser	Gly	Glu 330		Ser	Ile	Ser	Ala 335	
Leu	Gly	Asn	Ile 340	Ile	Phe	Glu	Gly	Asn 345		Thr	Ser	Thr	Thr 350		Ser
Pro	Ala	Ser 355	Val	Thr	Arg	Asn	Ala 360	Ile	Asp	Leu	Ala	Ser 365	Asn	Ala	Lys
Phe	Leu 370	Asn	Leu	Arg	Ala	Thr 375	Arg	Gly	Asn	Lys	Val 380	Ile	Phe	Tyr	Asp
Pro 385	Ile	Thr	Ser	Ser	Gly 390	Ala	Thr	Asp	Lys	Leu 395	Ser	Leu	Asn	Lys	Ala 400
				405				Glu	410					415	_
Glu	Lys	Leu	Ser 420	Glu	Glu	Glu	Leu	Lys 425	Lys	Pro	Asp	Asn	Leu 430	Lys	Ser
Thr	Phe	Thr 435	Gln	Ala	Val	Glu	Leu 440	Ala	Ala	Gly	Ala	Leu 445	Val	Leu	Lys
	450					455					460				Ser
465					470					475					Gly 480
				485					490					495	Thr
			500					505			_		510		Leu
		515					520					525			His
	530					535					540				Ala
545					550					555					Asn 560
Thr	Thr	Asn	His	Tyr	Gly	Tyr	Gln	Gly	Thr	Gly	Ile	Ile	Val	Trp	Val

				565					570	)				575	;
			201	,				585	5				E 0.0	Thi	Lys
			,		) Asn		600	)				605	ı Val	. Pro	
	0 = 0	,			Phe	<b>σ</b> ±5					<b>620</b>	Glr	Ser		
02.	•				Ser 630					635					C 4 0
				042					650						Ser
			000		Ala			665					C 7 0	Phe	Thr
		0,5			Phe		- 680					C 0 E			
					Val	כעס					700				
					His 710					715					
				123	Asp				730						
			7.20		Asp			145					750		
		,			Ser		/h()					765			
					Val	113					700				
					Leu 790					795					
				000	Gly Val				ผาก					~	
			020		Asp			825					0 2 0		
		~ -			Cys		0411					045			
					Thr	000					960				
					870 Ala					275					
				000	Arg				200						
		Arg 915				1	001	905	vra	ser	ıyr	ΑΙα	11e 910	Asp	Leu

# (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:13:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 2787 base pairs
  - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

0650000101

- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: Genomic DNA
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:13:

ATGAAATCCT	CTCTTCATTG	GTTTGTAATC	TCGTCATCTT	TAGCACTTCC	CTTGTCACTA	60
AATTTCTCTG	CGTTTGCTGC	TGTTGTTGAA	ATCAATCTAG	GACCTACCAA	TAGCTTCTCT	120
GGACCAGGAA	CCTACACTCC	TCCAGCCCAA	ACAACAAATG	CAGATGGAAC	TATCTATAAT	180
		CACCAATGCA				240
		TCTTTCTTTC				300
		CTGTACCTTT				360
		GTCACTAATA				420
					CTTTGGCCAA	480
		AGGCGCCCTC				540
		AAACAAAGCA				600
		TACGTTAAAC				660
		CACGGAAGCT				
		GACCGCAACC				720
		AGTCTTAACT				780
		TGGTGGGGCG				840
		AAACAACTCT				900
CCAATTCCCA	TTCCTCACTC	TGGATCTTTG	ACTIONTO	CTGCAGCTCC	CTTAGGAGGA	960
						1020
TTTGAAGGAA	CARACAGIAGI	CAAAGGAGCT	TCTTCGAGTC	AGACCACTAC	CAGAAATTCT	1080
ATTAACATCG	ATCATCOTAT	TGCTAAGATT	GTACAGCTGC	GAGCCTCTCA	AGGCAATACT	1140
TELACTICE	ATGATCCTAT	AACAACTAAC	CATACTGCAG	CTCTCTCAGA	TGCTCTAAAC	1200
		AGGGAATCCT				1260
		AGCTGCAGAA				1320
TCCTTTACTC	A A TO COO COO CO	GCAACTCTCT	CTTAAATCAG	GAGTCACTCT	AGTTGCTAAG	1380
CCTCATCCCA	AAICICCGGG	CTCTACCCTC	CTCATGGATG	CAGGGACCAC	ATTAGAAACC	1440
		TAATCTTGTT				1500
CTTCTACATC	TAAAAGCAAC	ACAAGCAAGT	CAGACAGTCA	CTTTATCTGG	ATCGCTCTCT	1560
		TGTCTACGAA				1620
CAMOGGGGTAG	CTCTTACTGC	TGACGACCCC	GCGAATATTC	ACATCACAGA	CTTAGCTGCT	1680
		TATCCATTGG				1740
CAAGAGGATA	CTGCGACTAA	ATCCAAAGCA	GCGACTCTTA	CCTGGACAAA	AACAGGATAC	1800
		TGGAACCTTA				1860
		GCTTGTAGCC				1920
		CTCGAACTTC				1980
		AGGTTATGTT				2040
		CTGCCAATTA				2100
		TGCAGCTTCT				2160
		CCTTCCTGGA				2220
		TAGTAAAAAT				2280
AAGGGAGAGA	GCTCGTGGTA	TAATGACGGT	TGCGCTCTGG	AACTTGCGAG	CTCCCTACCA	2340
CACACTGCTT	TAAGCCATGA	GGGTCTCTTC	CACGCGTATT	TTCCTTTCAT	CAAAGTAGAA	2400
GCTTCGTACA	TACACCAAGA	TAGCTTCAAA	GAACGTAATA	CTACCTTGGT	ACGATCTTTC	2460
GATAGCGGTG	ATTTAATTAA	CGTCTCTGTG	CCTATTGGAA	TTACCTTCGA	GAGATTCTCG	2520
AGAAACGAGC	GTGCGTCTTA	CGAAGCTACT	GTCATCTACG	TTGCCGATGT	CTATCGTAAG	2580
AATCCTGACT	GCACGACAGC	TCTCCTAATC	AACAATACCT	CGTGGAAAAC	TACAGGAACG	2640
AATCTCTCAA	GACAAGCTGG	TATCGGAAGA	GCAGGGATCT	TTTATGCCTT	CTCTCCAAAT	2700
CTTGAGGTCA	CAAGTAACCT	ATCTATGGAA	ATTCGTGGAT	CTTCACGCAG	CTACAATGCA	2760
GATCTTGGAG	GTAAGTTCCA	GTTCTAA				2787

### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:14:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 928 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

# (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:14:

Met 1	Lys	Ser	Ser	Leu 5	His	Trp	Phe	Val	Ile 10	Ser	Ser	Ser	Leu	Ala 15	Leu
			20					25					30	Ile	Asn
		35					40					4.5		Pro	
	50					55		*			60			Gly	_
65					70					75				Ser	80
				85					90					Tyr 95	Gln
			100					105	••				110	Thr	
		115					120					125		Leu	
	130					135					140			Lys	
145					150					155				Gly	160
				165					170					Ile 175	
			180					185					190	Thr	
		195					200					205		Asn	
	210					215					220			Gly	
225					230					235				Ala	240
				245					250					Gly 255	
			260					265					270	Leu	
		275					280					285		Ser	
	290					295					300			Pro	
305					310					315				Gly	320
				325					330					335	Gly
			340					345					350	,	Ser
		355					360					365		Asn	
	3/0					375					380			Phe	
202					390					395				Leu	400
				405					410					Thr 415	
			420					425					430	Ala	
MSII	ren	nys	ser	Thr	тте	GIn	Gln	Pro	Leu	Thr	Leu	Ala	Gly	Gly	Gln

		435					440					445			
	450					455					460			Ser	
Ser 465	Pro	Gly	Ser	Thr	Leu 470	Leu	Met	Asp	Ala	Gly 475	Thr	Thr	Leu	Glu	Thr 480
Ala	Asp	Gly	Ile	Thr 485	Ile	Asn	Asn	Leu	Val 490	Leu	Asn	Val	Asp	Ser 495	Leu
Lys	Glu	Thr	Lys 500	Lys	Ala	Thr	Leu	Lys 505	Ala	Thr	Gln	Ala	Ser 510	Gln	Thr
Val	Thr	Leu 515	Ser	Gly	Ser	Leu	Ser 520	Leu	Val	Asp	Pro	Ser 525	Gly	Asn	Val
Tyr	Glu 530	Asp	Val	Ser	Trp	Asn 535	Asn	Pro	Gln	Val	Phe 540	Ser	Cys	Leu	Thr
Leu 545	Thr	Ala	Asp	Asp	Pro 550	Ala	Asn	Ile	His	Ile 555	Thr	Asp	Leu	Ala	Ala 560
Asp	Pro	Leu	Glu	Lys 565	Asn	Pro	Ile	His	Trp 570	Gly	Tyr	Gln	Gly	Asn 575	Trp
			580					585					590	Ala	
		595					600					605		Arg	
	610					615					620			Arg	
625					630					635				Thr	640
				645					650					Ser 655	
			660					665					670	Val	
		675					680					685		Phe	_
	690					695					700			Arg	
705					710					715				Leu	720
				725					730					Gln 735	
			740					745					750	Thr	
		755					760					765		Tyr	
	770					775					780			Ala	
785					790					795				Val	800
				805					810					Thr 815	
			820					825					830	Pro	
		835					840					845		Tyr	
	850					855					860			Asp	
865					870					875				Gly	880
usii	⊸∈u	261	v1.a	885	wrg	атА	тте	стА	890	AIA	GIĀ	тте	rne	Tyr 895	Ala

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:15:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 2793 base pairs
  - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: Genomic DNA
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:15:

ATGAAAATAC	CCTTGCACAA	ACTCCTGATC	TCTTCGACTC	TTGTCACTCC	CATTCTATTG	60
AGCATTGCAA	CTTACGGAGC	AGATGCTTCT	TTATCCCCTA	CAGATAGCTT	TGATGGAGCG	120
GGCGGCTCTA	CATTTACTCC	AAAATCTACA	GCAGATGCCA	ATGGAACGAA	CTATGTCTTA	180
TCAGGAAATG	TCTATATAAA	CGATGCTGGG	AAAGGCACAG	CATTAACAGG	CTGCTGCTTT	240
ACAGAAACTA	CGGGTGATCT	GACATTTACT	GGAAAGGGAT	ACTCATTTTC	ATTCAACACG	300
GTAGATGCGG	GTTCGAATGC	AGGAGCTGCG	GCAAGCACAA	CTGCTGATAA	AGCCCCTAACA	360
TTCACAGGAT	TTTCTAACCT	TTCCTTCATT	GCAGCTCCTG	GAACTACAGT	TGCTTCAGGA	420
AAAAGTACTT	TAAGTTCTGC	AGGAGCCTTA	AATCTTACCG	ATAATGGAAC	GATTCTCTTT	480
AGCCAAAACG	TCTCCAATGA	AGCTAATAAC	AATGGCGGAG	CGATCACCAC	<u> አአአአአሮሞሮሞሞ</u>	540
TCTATTTCTG	GGAATACCTC	TTCTATAACC	TTCACTAGTA	ATAGCGCAAA	AAAATTAGGT	600
GGAGCGATCT	ATAGCTCTGC	GGCTGCAAGT	ATTTCAGGAA	ACACCGGCCA	GTTAGTCTTT	660
ATGAATAATA	AAGGAGAAAC	TGGGGGCGGG	GCTCTGGGCT	TTGAAGCCAG	CTCCTCCTTT	720
ACTCAAAATA	GCTCCCTTTT	CTTCTCTGGA	AACACTGCAA	CAGATGCTGC	AGGCAAGGC	780
GGGGCCATTT	ATTGTGAAAA	AACAGGAGAG	ACTCCTACTC	TTACTATCTC	TGGAAATAAA	840
AGTCTGACCT	TCGCCGAGAA	CTCTTCAGTA	ACTCAAGGCG	GAGCAATCTG	TGCCCATGGT	900
CTAGATCTTT	CCGCTGCTGG	CCCTACCCTA	TTTTCAAATA	ATAGATGCGG	GAACACAGCT	960
GCAGGCAAGG	GCGGCGCTAT	TGCAATTGCC	GACTCTGGAT	CTTTAAGTCT	СТСТССАДДТ	1020
CAAGGAGACA	TCACGTTCCT	TGGCAACACT	CTAACCTCAA	CCTCCGCGCC	AACATCGACA	1080
CGGAATGCTA	TCTACCTGGG	ATCGTCAGCA	AAAATTACGA	ACTTAAGGGC	AGCCCAAGGC	1140
CAATCTATCT	ATTTCTATGA	TCCGATTGCA	TCTAACACCA	CAGGAGCTTC	AGACGTTCTG	1200
ACCATCAACC	AACCGGATAG	CAACTCGCCT	TTAGATTATT	CAGGAACGAT	<b>ԱՅՎԻ ԱՎԻՆԻ</b>	1260
GGGGAAAAGC	TCTCTGCAGA	TGAAGCGAAA	GCTGCTGATA	ACTTCACATC	TATATTAAAG	1320
CAACCATTGG	CTCTAGCCTC	TGGAACCTTA	GCACTCAAAG	GAAATGTCGA	GTTAGATGTC	1380
AATGGTTTCA	CACAGACTGA	AGGCTCTACA	CTCCTCATGC	AACCAGGAAC	ΔΑΔΟΟΤΟΔΑΔ	1440
GCAGATACTG	AAGCTATCAG	TCTTACCAAA	CTTGTCGTTG	ATCTTTCTGC	CTTAGAGGGA	1500
AATAAGAGTG	TGTCCATTGA	AACAGCAGGA	GCCAACAAAA	CTATAACTCT	AACCTCTCCT	1560
CTTGTTTTCC	AAGATAGTAG	CGGCAATTTT	TATGAAAGCC	ATACGATAAA	CCAAGCCTTC	1620
ACGCAGCCTT	TGGTGGTATT	CACTGCTGCT	ACTGCTGCTA	GCGATATTTA	TATCGATGCG	1680
CITCICACTT	CTCCAGTACA	AACTCCAGAA	CCTCATTACG	GGTATCAGGG	ACATTGGGAA	1740
GCCACTTGGG	CAGACACATC	AACTGCAAAA	TCAGGAACTA	TGACTTGGGT	AACTACGGGC	1800
TACAACCCTA	ATCCTGAGCG	TAGAGCTTCC	GTAGTTCCCG	ATTCATTATG	CCCATCCTTT	1860
ACTGACATTC	GCACTCTACA	GCAGATCATG	ACATCTCAAG	CGAATAGTAT	CTATCAGCAA	1920
CGAGGACTCT	GGGCATCAGG	AACTGCGAAT	TTCTTCCATA	AGGATAAATC	AGGAACTAAC	1980
CAAGCATTCC	GACATAAAAG	CTACGGCTAT	ATTGTTGGAG	GAAGTGCTGA	$\Delta C \Delta T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T $	2040
GAAAATATCT	TCAGTGTAGC	TTTCTGCCAG	CTCTTCGGTA	AAGATAAAGA	CCTCTTTTTT	2100
GTTGAAAATA	CCTCTCATAA	CTATTTAGCG	TCGCTATACC	TGCAACATCG	AGCATTCCTA	2160
GGAGGACTTC	CCATGCCCTC	ATTTGGAAGT	ATCACCGACA	TGCTGAAAGA	TATTCCTA	2220
ATTTGAATG	CCCAGCTAAG	CTACAGCTAC	ACTAAAAATG	ATATGGATAC	ጥሮርር ርጥ አጥ አርጥ	2220
TCCTATCCTG	AAGCTCAAGG	TTCTTGGACC	AATAATTCTG	GGGCTCTAGA	GCTCGGAGGA	2340
TCTCTGGCTC	TATATCTCCC	TAAAGAAGCA	CCGTTCTTCC	AGGGATATTT	CCCCGGAGGA	2400
						4700

AAGTTCCAGG	CAGTCTACAG	CCGCCAACAA	AACTTTAAAG	AGAGTGGCGC	TGAAGCCCGT	2460
GCTTTTGATG	ATGGAGACCT	AGTGAACTGC	TCTATCCCTG	TCGGCATTCG	GTTAGAAAAA	2520
ATCTCCGAAG	ATGAAAAAAA	TAATTTCGAG	ATTTCTCTAG	CCAACATTGG	TGATGTGTAT	2580
CGTAAAAATC	CCCGTTCGCG	TACTTCTCTA	ATGGTCAGTG	GAGCCTCTTG	GACTTCGCTA	2640
TGTAAAAACC	TCGCACGACA	AGCCTTCTTA	GCAAGTGCTG	GAAGCCATCT	GACTCTCTCC	2700
CCTCATGTAG	AACTCTCTGG	GGAAGCTGCT	TATGAGCTTC	GTGGCTCAGC	ACACATCTAC	2760
AATGTAGATT	GTGGGCTAAG	ATACTCATTC	TAG			2793

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:16:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 930 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

#### (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

### (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:16:

1				5	His				10					15	
Pro	Ile	Leu	Leu 20	Ser	Ile	Ala	Thr	Tyr 25	Gly	Ala	Asp	Ala	Ser 30	Leu	Ser
		35			Asp		40					45			•
	50				Asn	55					60		•		
65					Gly 70					75		_	_	-	80
				85	Asp				90		_		_	95	
			100		Asp			105					110		
		115			Ala		120					125			
	130				Gly	135					140	_			
145					Leu 150					155					160
				165	Asn				170			_		175	
			180		Ile			185					190		
		195			Lys		200					205			
	210				Asn	215					220				
225					Gly 230					235					240
Thr	Gln	Asn	Ser	Ser 245	Leu	Phe	Phe	Ser	Gly 250	Asn	Thr	Ala	Thr	Asp 255	Ala
Ala	Gly	Lys	Gly 260	Gly	Ala	Ile	Tyr	Cys 265	Glu	Lys	Thr	Gly	Glu 270	Thr	Pro
Thr	Leu	Thr 275	Ile	Ser	Gly	Asn	Lys 280	Ser	Leu	Thr	Phe	Ala 285	Glu	Asn	Ser
Ser	Val	Thr	Gln	Gly	Gly	Ala	Ile	Cys	Ala	His	Gly		Asp	Leu	Ser

	290	}				295	;				300				
Ala	Ala	Gly	/ Pro	Thr	Leu			^ Aer	λαπ	7~	Cva	C1	7	m 1	<b>77</b> -
305	)				310	}				315			•		320
Ala	i Gly	Lys	Gly	7 Gly 325	/ Ala	Ile	: Ala	ı Ile	Ala 330		Ser	Gly	Ser	Leu 335	Ser
Leu	Ser	Ala	Asn 340	Glr	Gly	Asp	Ile	Thr 345	Phe	Leu	Gly	Asn		Leu	Thr
Ser	Thr	Ser 355	Ala	Pro	Thr	Ser	Thr	Arg		Ala	Ile		350 Leu	Gly	Ser
Ser	Ala 370	Lys		Thr	Asn	. Leu 375	Arg		Ala	Gln		365 Gln	Ser	Ile	Tyr
Phe 385	Tyr		Pro	Ile	Ala 390	Ser		Thr	Thr		380 Ala	Ser	Asp	Val	
	Ile	Asn	Gln	Pro	Asp		Asn	Ser	Pro	395 Leu	Asp	Tyr	Ser		400 Thr
Ile	Val	Phe	Ser 420	Gly		Lys	Leu	Ser	410 Ala		Glu	Ala		415 Ala	Ala
Asp	Asn	Phe 435	Thr		Ile	Leu	Lys	425 Gln		Leu	Ala		430 Ala	Ser	Gly
Thr	Leu 450	-		Lys	Gly	Asn	440 Val		Leu	Asp		445 Asn	Gly	Phe	Thr
Gln		Glu	C1	C	ml	455	_				460				
400					470					475					400
Ala	Asp	Thr	Glu	Ala 485	Ile	Ser	Leu	Thr	Lys 490	Leu	Val	Val	Asp		Ser
Ala	Leu	Glu	Gly 500		Lys	Ser	Val	Ser 505	Ile	Glu	Thr	Ala		495 Ala	Asn
Lys	Thr	Ile 515	Thr	Leu	Thr	Ser	Pro 520		Val	Phe	Gln	Asp 525	510 Ser	Ser	Gly
Asn	Phe 530	Tyr	Glu	Ser	His	Thr 535		Asn	Gln	Ala	Phe 540	Thr	Gln	Pro	Leu
Val 545	Val	Phe	Thr	Ala	Ala 550		Ala	Ala	Ser	Asp 555	Ile	Tyr	Ile	Asp	
Leu	Leu	Thr	Ser	Pro 565		Gln	Thr	Pro		Pro	His	Tyr	Gly	Tyr	560 Gln
Gly	His	Trp	Glu		Thr	Trp	Ala	Asp	570 Thr	Ser	Thr	Ala		575 Ser	Gly
Thr	Met	Thr	580 Trp	Val	Thr	Thr	Gly	585 Tyr	Asn	Pro	Asn	Pro	590 Glu	Arq	Arq
	Ser	כעכ					600					605			
	910					615					620				
625	Leu				630					635					640
	Gly			645					650					655	Lys
	Gly		660					665					670	Ile	
Gly	Gly	Ser 675	Ala	Glu	Asp	Phe	Ser 680	Glu	Asn	Ile	Phe	Ser 685	Val	Ala	Phe
Cys	Gln 690	Leu	Phe	Gly	Lys	Asp 695	Lys	Asp	Leu	Phe		Val	Glu	Asn	Thr
Ser 705	His	Asn	Tyr	Leu	Ala		Leu	Tyr	Leu		700 His	Arg	Ala	Phe	Leu
	Gly	Leu	Pro	Met	710 Pro	Ser	Phe	Gly		715 Ile	Thr	Asp	Met	Leu	720 Lys
Asp	Ile	Pro	Leu 740	725 Ile	Leu	Asn	Ala	Gln 745	730 Leu	Ser	Tyr	Ser	Tyr 750	735 Thr	Lys
													, , ,		

```
Asn Asp Met Asp Thr Arg Tyr Thr Ser Tyr Pro Glu Ala Gln Gly Ser
                           760
Trp Thr Asn Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Glu Leu Gly Gly Ser Leu Ala Leu
                       775
Tyr Leu Pro Lys Glu Ala Pro Phe Phe Gln Gly Tyr Phe Pro Phe Leu
                   790
                                       795
Lys Phe Gln Ala Val Tyr Ser Arg Gln Gln Asn Phe Lys Glu Ser Gly
               805
                                  810
Ala Glu Ala Arg Ala Phe Asp Asp Gly Asp Leu Val Asn Cys Ser Ile
           820
                              825
Pro Val Gly Ile Arg Leu Glu Lys Ile Ser Glu Asp Glu Lys Asn Asn
                           840
                                              845
Phe Glu Ile Ser Leu Ala Asn Ile Gly Asp Val Tyr Arg Lys Asn Pro
                      855
                                           860
Arg Ser Arg Thr Ser Leu Met Val Ser Gly Ala Ser Trp Thr Ser Leu
                  870
                           .. 875
Cys Lys Asn Leu Ala Arg Gln Ala Phe Leu Ala Ser Ala Gly Ser His
       - - -8.8.5
                               --8.90
Leu Thr Leu Ser Pro His Val Glu Leu Ser Gly Glu Ala Ala Tyr Glu
                               905
Leu Arg Gly Ser Ala His Ile Tyr Asn Val Asp Cys Gly Leu Arg Tyr
                           920
Ser Phe
   930
```

#### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:17:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 840 base pairs
  - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: Genomic DNA
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:17:

GAAGACAATA	TAAGGTACCG	TCATAACAGC	GGGGGTTATG	CACTAGGGAT	CACAGCAACA	60
ACTCCTGCCG	AGGATCAGCT	TACTTTTGCC	TTCTGCCAGC	TCTTTGCTAG	AGATCGCAAT	120
CATATTACAG	GTAAGAACCA	CGGAGATACT	TACGGTGCCT	CTTTGTATTT	CCACCATACA	180
GAAGGGCTCT	TCGACATCGC	CAATTTCCTC	TGGGGAAAAG	CAACCCGAGC	TCCCTGGGTG	240
CTCTCTGAGA	TCTCCCAGAT	CATTCCTTTA	TCGTTCGATG	CTAAATTCAG	TTATCTCCAT	300
ACAGACAACC	ACATGAAGAC	ATATTATACC	GATAACTCTA	TCATCAAGGG	TTCTTGGAGA	360
AACGATGCCT	TCTGTGCAGA	TCTTGGAGCT	AGCCTGCCTT	TTGTTATTTC	CGTTCCGTAT	420
CTTCTGAAAG	AAGTCGAACC	TTTTGTCAAA	GTACAGTATA	TCTATGCGCA	TCAGCAAGAC	480
TTCTACGAGC	GTCATGCTGA	AGGACGCGCT	TTCAATAAAA	GCGAGCTTAT	CAACGTAGAG	540
ATTCCTATAG	GCGTCACCTT	CGAAAGAGAC	TCAAAATCAG	AAAAGGGAAC	TTACGATCTT	600
ACTCTTATGT	ATATACTCGA	TGCTTACCGA	CGCAATCCTA	AATGTCAAAC	TTCCCTAATA	660
GCTAGCGATG	CTAACTGGAT	GGCCTATGGT	ACCAACCTCG	CACGACAAGG	TTTTTCTGTT	720
CGTGCTGCGA	ACCATTTCCA	AGTGAACCCC	CACATGGAAA	TCTTCGGTCA	ATTCGCTTTT	780
GAAGTACGAA	GTTCTTCACG	AAATTATAAT	ACAAACCTAG	GCTCTAAGTT	TTGTTTCTAG	840

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:18:
- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 279 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid

- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:18:

Glu Asp Asn Ile Arg Tyr Arg His Asn Ser Gly Gly Tyr Ala Leu Gly 10 Ile Thr Ala Thr Thr Pro Ala Glu Asp Gln Leu Thr Phe Ala Phe Cys 25 Gln Leu Phe Ala Arg Asp Arg Asn His Ile Thr Gly Lys Asn His Gly Asp Thr Tyr Gly Ala Ser Leu Tyr Phe His His Thr Glu Gly Leu Phe Asp Ile Ala Asn Phe Leu Trp Gly Lys Ala Thr Arg Ala Pro Trp Val 75 Leu Ser Glu Ile Ser Gln Ile Ile Pro Leu Ser Phe Asp Ala Lys Phe 90 Ser Tyr Leu His Thr Asp Asn His Met Lys Thr Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Asn 105 Ser Ile Ile Lys Gly Ser Trp Arg Asn Asp Ala Phe Cys Ala Asp Leu 120 125 Gly Ala Ser Leu Pro Phe Val Ile Ser Val Pro Tyr Leu Leu Lys Glu 135 Val Glu Pro Phe Val Lys Val Gln Tyr Ile Tyr Ala His Gln Gln Asp 150 155 Phe Tyr Glu Arg His Ala Glu Gly Arg Ala Phe Asn Lys Ser Glu Leu 170 Ile Asn Val Glu Ile Pro Ile Gly Val Thr Phe Glu Arg Asp Ser Lys 185 Ser Glu Lys Gly Thr Tyr Asp Leu Thr Leu Met Tyr Ile Leu Asp Ala 200 Tyr Arg Arg Asn Pro Lys Cys Gln Thr Ser Leu Ile Ala Ser Asp Ala 215 220 Asn Trp Met Ala Tyr Gly Thr Asn Leu Ala Arg Gln Gly Phe Ser Val 230 235 Arg Ala Ala Asn His Phe Gln Val Asn Pro His Met Glu Ile Phe Gly 245 250 Gln Phe Ala Phe Glu Val Arg Ser Ser Ser Arg Asn Tyr Asn Thr Asn 260 265 Leu Gly Ser Lys Phe Cys Phe 275

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:19:
- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 1545 base pairs
  - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: Genomic DNA
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:19:

ATGACCATAC TTCGAAATTT TCTTACCTGC TCGGCTTTAT TCCTCGCTCT CCCTGCAGCA

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GCACAAGTTG	TATATCTTCA	TGAAAGTGAT	GGTTATAACG	GTGCTATCAA	TAATAAAAGC	120
TTAGAACCTA	AAATTACCTG	TTATCCAGAA	GGAACTTCTT	ACATCTTTCT	AGATGACGTG	180
AGGATTTCCA	ACGTTAAGCA	TGATCAAGAA	GATGCTGGGG	TTTTTATAAA	TCGATCTGGG	240
AATCTTTTTT	TCATGGGCAA	CCGTTGCAAC	TTCACTTTTC	ACAACCTTAT	GACCGAGGGT	300
TTTGGCGCTG	CCATTTCGAA	CCGCGTTGGA	GACACCACTC	TCACTCTCTC	TAATTTTTCT	360
TACTTAACGT	TCACCTCAGC	ACCTCTACTA	CCTCAAGGAC	AAGGAGCGAT	TTATAGTCTT	420
GGTTCCGTGA	TGATCGAAAA	TAGTGAGGAA	GTGACTTTCT	GTGGGAACTA	CTCTTCGTGG	480
AGTGGAGCTG	CGATTTATAC	TCCCTACCTT	TTAGGTTCTA	AGGCGAGTCG	TCCTTCAGTA	540
AATCTCAGCG	GGAACCGCTA	CCTGGTGTTT	AGAGACTATG	TGAGCCAAGG	TTATGGCGGC	600
GCCGTATCTA	CCCACAATCT	CACACTCACG	ACTCGAGGAC	CTTCGTGTTT	TGAAAATAAT	660
CATGCTTATC	ATGACGTGAA	TAGTAATGGA	GGAGCCATTG	CCATTGCTCC	TGGAGGATCG	720
ATCTCTATAT	CCGTGAAAAG	CGGAGATCTC	ATCTTCAAAG	GAAATACAGC	ATCACAAGAC	780
GGAAATACAA	TACACAACTC	CATCCATCTG	CAATCTGGAG	CACAGTTTAA	GAACCTACGT	840
GCTGTTTCAG	AATCCGGAGT	TTATTTCTAT	GATCCTATAA	GCCATAGCGA	GTCGCATAAA	900
ATTACAGATC	TTGTAATCAA	TGCTCCTGAA	GGAAAGGAAA	CTTATGAAGG	AACAATTAGC	960
TTCTCAGGAC	TATGCCTGGA	TGATCATGAA	GTTTGTGCGG	AAAATCTTAC	TTCCACAATC	1020
CTACAAGATG	TCACATTAGC	AGGAGGAACT	CTCTCTCTAT	CGGATGGGGT	TACCTTGCAA	1080
CTGCATTCTT	TTAAGCAGGA	AGCAAGCTCT	ACGCTTACTA	TGTCTCCAGG	AACCACTCTG	1140
CTCTGCTCAG	GAGATGCTCG	GGTTCAGAAT	CTGCACATCC	TGATTGAAGA	TACCGACAAC	1200
TTTGTTCCTG	TAAGGATTCG	CGCCGAGGAC	AAGGATGCTC	TTGTCTCATT	AGAAAAACTT	1260
AAAGTTGCCT	TTGAGGCTTA	TTGGTCCGTC	TATGACTTTC	CTCAATTTAA	GGAAGCCTTT	1320
ACGATTCCTC	TTCTTGAACT	TCTAGGGCCT	TCTTTTGACA	GTCTTCTCCT	AGGGGAGACC	1380
ACTTTGGAGA	GAACCCAAGT	CACAACAGAG	AATGACGCCG	TTCGAGGTTT	CTGGTCCCTA	1440
AGCTGGGAAG	AGTACCCCCC	TTCTCTGGAT	AAAGACAGAA	GGATCACACC	AACTAAGAAA	1500
ACTGTTTTCC	TCACTTGGAA	TCCTGAGATC	ACTTCTACGC	CATAA		1545

#### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:20:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 514 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:20:

Met 1	Thr	Ile	Leu	Arg 5	Asn	Phe	Leu	Thr	Cys 10	Ser	Ala	Leu	Phe	Leu 15	Ala
Leu	Pro	Ala	Ala 20	Ala	Gln	Val	Val	Tyr 25	Leu	His	Glu	Ser	Asp 30	Gly	Tyr
Asn	Gly	Ala 35	Ile	Asn	Asn	Lys	Ser 40	Leu	Glu	Pro	Lys	Ile 45	Thr	Cys	Tyr
Pro	Glu 50	Gly	Thr	Ser	Tyr	Ile 55	Phe	Leu	Asp	Asp	Val 60	Arg	Ile	Ser	Asn
Val 65	Lys	His	Asp	Gln	Glu 70	Asp	Ala	Gly	Val	Phe 75	Ile	Asn	Arg	Ser	Gly 80
Asn	Leu	Phe	Phe	Met 85	Gly	Asn	Arg	Cys	Asn 90	Phe	Thr	Phe	His	Asn 95	Leu
Met	Thr	Glu	Gly 100	Phe	Gly	Ala	Ala	Ile 105	Ser	Asn	Arg	Val	Gly 110	Asp	Thr
Thr	Leu	Thr 115	Leu	Ser	Asn	Phe	Ser 120	Tyr	Leu	Thr	Phe	Thr 125	Ser	Ala	Pro
Leu	Leu 130	Pro	Gln	Gly	Gln	Gly 135	Ala	Ile	Tyr	Ser	Leu 140	Gly	Ser	Val	Met
Ile	Glu	Asn	Ser	Glu	Glu	Val	Thr	Phe	Cys	Gly		Tyr	Ser	Ser	Trp

145					150					155					160
Ser	Gly	Ala	Ala	Ile	Tyr	Thr	Pro	Tyr	Leu	Leu	Glv	Ser	Lvs	Ala	Ser
				165					170					175	
Arg	Pro	Ser	Val	Asn	Leu	Ser	Gly	Asn	Arg	Tyr	Leu	Val	Phe	Arg	Asp
			180					185					190		
ıyr	Val	Ser	Gin	Gly	Tyr	Gly	Gly	Ala	Val	Ser	Thr		Asn	Leu	Thr
T.011	Thr	195		C1	Dana	0	200		~	_		205			
пец	210	1111	Arg	GIY	PLO	215	Cys	Pne	GIu	Asn		His	Ala	Tyr	His
Asp		Asn	Ser	Asn	Glv		Δla	Tie	Δla	T 3 0	220	Desc	<b>~1</b>	Gly	0
225					230		•••		ALG	235	Ara	PIO	Gry	GIY	240
Ile	Ser	Ile	Ser	Val	Lys	Ser	Gly	qaA	Leu	Ile	Phe	Lvs	Glv	Asn	Thr
				245					250					255	
Ala	Ser	Gln	Asp	Gly	Asn	Thr	Ile	His	Asn	Ser	Ile	His	Leu	Gln	Ser
			260					265					270		
GIY	Ата	275	Pne	гЛS	Asn	Leu	Arg	Ala	Val	Ser	Glu		Gly	Val	Tyr
Phe	Tvr		Pro	Tle	Sar	uic	280	<b>~</b> 1	C	*** -	-	285		Asp	_
	290			-10	SCI	295	ser	GIU	ser	HIS	300	тте	Thr	Asp	Leu
Val	Ile	Asn	Ala	Pro	Glu		Lvs	Glu	Thr	Tvr	Glu	Glv	ጥh ∽	Ile	Sar
305					310					315					320
Phe	Ser	Gly	Leu	Cys	Leu	Asp	Asp	His	Glu	Val	Cys	Ala	Glu	Asn	Leu
				325					330					335	
Thr	Ser	Thr	Ile	Leu	Gln	Asp	Val		Leu	Ala	Gly	${\tt Gly}$		Leu	Ser
Len	Ser	Aen	340 Gly	V-1	Thr	T 0	<b>01</b> -	345		_		_	350		
		355	GLY	vai	1111	Leu	360	Leu	His	Ser	Phe		Gln	Glu	Ala
Ser	Ser	Thr	Leu	Thr	Met	Ser		Glv	Thr	Thr	T.011	365	Carc	Ser	C1
	3/0					375					380				
Asp	Ala	Arg	Val	Gln	Asn	Leu	His	Ile	Leu	Ile	Glu	Asp	Thr	Asp	Asn
385					390					395					400
Pne	Val	Pro	Val	Arg	Ile	Arg	Ala	Glu	Asp	Lys	Asp	Ala	Leu	Val	Ser
I.eu	Glu	Lare	Lau	405	17-1	21-	D1	<b>~</b> 1	410	_	_			415	
	Oru	шуз	420	пуѕ	Val	Ala	Pne	425	Ala	Tyr	Trp	Ser		Tyr	Asp
Phe	Pro	Gln		Lvs	Glu	Ala	Phe	Thr	Tla	Dro	Len	T OIL	430	Leu	T
		435					440		110	FIO	пец	445	GIU	Leu	Leu
Gly	Pro	Ser	Phe	Asp	Ser	Leu	Leu	Leu	Gly	Glu	Thr	Thr	Leu	Glu	Ara
	450					455					460				
Thr	Gln	Val	Thr	Thr	Glu	Asn	Asp	Ala	Val	Arg	Gly	Phe	Trp	Ser	Leu
403					470					475					480
261	ттр	GIU	GIU	1yr 485	Pro	Pro	Ser	Leu	Asp	Lys	Asp	Arg	Arg	Ile	Thr
Pro	Thr	Lvs	Lvs		٧a٦	Phe	Len	Th~	490	7 ~~	D == :	<b>a</b> 1.		495 Thr	_
		-4 -	500				a-cu	505	тъ	ASII	LT.O	GIU	11e 510	Thr	ser
Thr	Pro												210		

# (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:21:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 787 base pairs
  - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: Genomic DNA

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# (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:21:

ATGAAAACGT	CTATTCGTAA	GTTCTTAATT	TCTACCACAC	TGGCGCCATG	TTTTGCTTCA	60
ACAGCGTTTA	CTGTAGAAGT	TATCATGCCT	TCCGAGAACT	TTGATGGATC	GAGTGGGAAG	120
ATTTTTCCTT	ACACAACACT	TTCTGATCCT	AGAGGGACAC	TCTGTATTTT	TTCAGGGGAT	180
CTCTACATTG	CGAATCTTGA	TAATGCCATA	TCCAGAACCT	CTTCCAGTTG	CTTTAGCAAT	240
AGGGCGGGAG	CACTACAAAT	CTTAGGAAAA	GGTGGGGTTT	TCTCCTTCTT	AAATATCCGT	300
TCTTCAGCTG	ACGGAGCCGC	GATTAGTAGT	GTAATCACCC	AAAATCCTGA	ACTATGTCCC	360
TTGAGTTTTT	CAGGATTTAG	TCAGATGATC	TTCGATAACT	GTGAATCTTT	GACTTCAGAT	420
ACCTCAGCGA	GTAATGTCAT	ACCTCACGCA	TCGGCGATTT	ACGCTACAAC	GCCCATGCTC	480
TTTACAAACA	ATGACTCCAT	ACTATTCCAA	TACAACCGTT	CTGCAGGATT	TGGAGCTGCC	540
ATTCGAGGCA	CAAGCATCAC	AATAGAAAAT	ACGAAAAAGA	GCCTTCTCTT	TAATGGTAAT	600
GGATCCATCT	CTAATGGAGG	GGCCCTCACG	GGATCTGCAG	CGATCAACCT	CATCAACAAT	660
AGCGCTCCTG	TGATTTTCTC	AACGAATGCT	ACAGGGATCT	ATGGTGGGGC	TATTTACCTT	720
ACCGGAGGAT	CTATGCTCAC	CTCTGGGAAC	CTCTCAGGAG	TCTTGTTCGT	TTATAATAGC	780
TCGCGCT						787

#### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:22:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 262 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:22:

Met 1	Lys	Thr	Ser	Ile 5	Arg	Lys	Phe	Leu	Ile 10	Ser	Thr	Thr	Leu	Ala 15	Pro
Cys	Phe	Ala	Ser 20	Thr	Ala	Phe	Thr	Val 25	Glu	Val	Ile	Met	Pro 30	Ser	Glu
Asn	Phe	Asp 35	Gly	Ser	Ser	Gly	Lys 40	Ile	Phe	Pro	Tyr	Thr 45	Thr	Leu	Ser
Asp	Pro 50	Arg	Gly	Thr	Leu	Cys 55	Ile	Phe	Ser	Gly	Asp 60	Leu	Tyr	Ile	Ala
Asn 65	Leu	Asp	Asn	Ala	Ile 70	Ser	Arg	Thr	Ser	Ser 75	Ser	Cys	Phe	Ser	Asn 80
Arg	Ala	Gly	Ala	Leu 85	Gln	Ile	Leu	Gly	Lys 90	Gly	Gly	Val	Phe	Ser 95	Phe
Leu	Asn	Ile	Arg 100	Ser	Ser	Ala	Asp	Gly 105	Ala	Ala	Ile	Ser	Ser 110	Val	Ile
Thr	Gln	Asn 115	Pro	Glu	Leu	Cys	Pro 120	Leu	Ser	Phe	Ser	Gly 125	Phe	Ser	Gln
Met	Ile 130	Phe	Asp	Asn	Cys	Glu 135	Ser	Leu	Thr	Ser	Asp 140	Thr	Ser	Ala	Ser
Asn 145	Val	Ile	Pro	His	Ala 150	Ser	Ala	Ile	Tyr	Ala 155	Thr	Thr	Pro	Met	Leu 160
Phe	Thr	Asn	Asn	Asp 165	Ser	Ile	Leu	Phe	Gln 170	Tyr	Asn	Arg	Ser	Ala 175	Gly
Phe	Gly	Ala	Ala 180	Ile	Arg	Gly	Thr	Ser 185	Ile	Thr	Ile	Glu	Asn 190	Thr	Lys
Lys	Ser	Leu 195	Leu	Phe	Asn	Gly	Asn 200	Gly	Ser	Ile	Ser	Asn 205	Gly	Gly	Ala
Leu	Thr 210	Gly	Ser	Ala	Ala	Ile 215	Asn	Leu	Ile	Asn	Asn 220	Ser	Ala	Pro	Val

```
      11e
      Phe
      Ser
      Thr
      Ala
      Thr
      Gly
      Ile
      Tyr
      Gly
      Gly
      Ala
      Ile
      Tyr
      Leu

      225
      Image: Leg Ser Ser
      Met
      Leu
      Thr
      Ser
      Gly
      Asn
      Leu
      Ser
      Gly
      Val
      Leu
      Phe

      Val
      Tyr
      Asn
      Ser
      Ser
      Arg
      Image: Arg
      <
```

# (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:23:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 2838 base pairs
  - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: Genomic DNA
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:23:

ATGAAGACTT	CAGTTTCTAT	GTTGTTGGCC	CTGCTTTGCT	CGGGGGCTAG	CTCTATTGTA	60
CTCCATGCCG	CAACCACTCC	ACTAAATCCT	GAAGATGGGT	TTATTGGGGA	GGGCAATACA	120
AATACTTTTT	CTCCGAAATC	TACAACGGAT	GCTGCAGGAA	CTACCTACTC	TCTCACAGGA	180
GAGGTTCTGT	TTATAGATCC	GGGGAAAGGT	GGTTCAATTA	CAGGAACTTG	CTTTGTAGAA	240
ACTGCTGGCG	ATCTTACATT	TTTAGGTAAT	GGAAATACCC	TAAAGTTCCT	GTCGGTAGAT	300
GCAGGTGCTA	ATATCGCGGT	TGCTCATGTA	CAAGGAAGTA	AGAATTTAAG	CTTCACAGAT	360
TTCCTTTCTC	TGGTGATCAC	AGAATCTCCA	AAATCCGCTG	TTAGTACAGG	AAAAGGTAGC	420
CTAGTCAGTT	CAGGTGCAGT	CCAACTGCAA	GATATAAACA	CTCTAGTTCT	TACAAGCAAT	480
GCCTCTGTCG	AAGATGGTGG	CGTGATTAAA	GGAAACTCCT	GCTTGATTCA	GGGAATCAAA	540
AATAGTGCGA	TTTTTGGACA	AAATACATCT	TCGAAAAAAG	GAGGGGCGAT	CTCCACGACT	600
CAAGGACTCA	CCATAGAGAA	TAACTTAGGG	ACGCTAAAGT	TCAATGAAAA	CAAAGCAGTG	660
ACCTCAGGAG	GCGCCTTAGA	TTTAGGAGCC	GCGTCTACAT	TCACTGCGAA	CCATGAGTTG	720
ATATTTTCAC	AAAATAAGAC	TTCTGGGAAT	GCTGCAAATG	GCGGAGCCAT	AAATTGCTCA	780
GGCGACCTAA	CATTTACTGA	TAACACTTCT	TTGTTACTTC	AAGAAAATAG	CACAATGCAG	840
GATGGTGGAG	CTTTGTGTAG	CACAGGAACC	ATAAGCATTA	CCGGTAGTGA	ТТСТАТСААТ	900
GTGATAGGAA	ATACTTCAGG	ACAAAAAGGA	GGAGCGATTT	CTGCAGCTTC	TCTCAAGATT	960
TTGGGAGGGC	AGGGAGGCGC	TCTCTTTTCT	AATAACGTAG	TGACTCATGC	CACCCCTCTA	1020
GGAGGTGCCA	TTTTTATCAA	CACAGGAGGA	TCCTTGCAGC	TCTTCACTCA	AGGAGGGGAT	1080
ATCGTATTCG	AGGGGAATCA	GGTCACTACA	ACAGCTCCAA	ATGCTACCAC	ТААСАСАААТ	1140
GTAATTCACC	TCGAGAGCAC	CGCGAAGTGG	ACGGGACTTG	CTGCAAGTCA	AGGTAACGCT	1200
ATCTATTTCT	ATGATCCCAT	TACCACCAAC	GATACGGGAG	CAAGCGATAA	СТТАССТАТС	1260
AATGAGGTCA	GTGCAAATCA	AAAGCTCTCG	GGATCTATAG	TATTTTCTGG	AGAGAGATTG	1320
TCGACAGCAG	AAGCTATAGC	TGAAAATCTT	ACTTCGAGGA	TCAACCAGCC	ብርብር <i>Σ</i> ርብብብ <sup>Σ</sup>	1380
GTAGAGGGGA	GCTTAGAACT	TAAACAGGGA	GTGACCTTGA	TCACACAAGG	ATTCTCGCAG	1440
GAGCCAGAAT	CCACGCTTCT	TTTGGATTTG	GGGACCTCAT	TACAAGCTTC	ТАСАСААСАТ	1500
ATCGTCATCA	CAAATTCATC	TATAAATGCC	GATACCATTT	ACGGAAAGAA	TCCAATCAAT	1560
ATTGTAGCTT	CAGCAGCGAA	TAAGAACATT	ACCCTAACAG	GAACCTTAGC	ΑζΨΟΘΤΑΛΑΨ	1620
GCAGATGGAG	CTTTGTATGA	GAACCATACC	TTGCAAGACT	CTCAAGATTA	TAGCTTTGTA	1680
AAGTTATCTC	CAGGAGCGGG	AGGGACTATA	ATTACTCAAG	ATGCTTCTCA	CAACCTTCTT	1740
GAAGTAGCTC	CTTCTAGACC	ACATTATGGC	TATCAAGGAC	ATTGGAATGT	GCAAGTCATC	1800
CCAGGAACGG	GAACTCAACC	GAGCCAGGCA	AATTTAGAAT	GGGTGCGGAC	AGGATACCTT	1860
CCGAATCCCG	AACGGCAAGG	ATTTTTAGTT	CCCAATAGCC	TGTGGGGTTC	<del>ᠬ</del> ᠬᠬ᠘᠘ᡎᡳ᠘᠘᠘᠘	1920
CAGCGTGCTA	TCCAAGAAAT	CATGGTAAAT	AGTAGCCAAA	<b>ጥርጥጥልጥርጥር</b> ል	GGAACGGGGA	1980
GTCTGGGGAG	CTGGAATTGC	TAATTTCCTA	CATAGAGATA	AAATTAATGA	GCACGGCTAT	2040
CGCCATAGCG	GTGTCGGTTA	TCTTGTGGGA	GTTGGCACTC	ATGCTTTTTC	TGATGCTACG	2100
ATAAATGCGG	CTTTTTGCCA	GCTCTTCAGT	AGAGATAAAG	ACTACGTAGT	ΑΤΟΟΔΔΔΔΩΤ	2160
CATGGAACTA	GCTACTCAGG	GGTCGTATTT	CTTGAGGATA	CCCTAGAGTT	TAGAAGTCCA	2220
CAGGGATTCT	ATACTGATAG	CTCCTCAGAA	GCTTGCTGTA	ACCAAGTCGT	CACTATAGAT	2280

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ATGCAGTTGT	CTTACAGCCA	TAGAAATAAT	GATATGAAAA	CCAAATACAC	GACATATCCA	2340
GAAGCTCAGG	GATCTTGGGC	AAATGATGTT	TTTGGTCTTG	AGTTTGGAGC	GACTACATAC	2400
TACTACCCTA	ACAGTACTTT	TTTATTTGAT	TACTACTCTC	CGTTTCTCAG	GCTGCAGTGC	2460
ACCTATGCTC	ACCAGGAAGA	CTTCAAAGAG	ACAGGAGGTG	AGGTTCGTCA	CTTTACTAGC	2520
GGAGATCTTT	TCAATTTAGC	AGTTCCTATT	GGCGTGAAGT.	TTGAGAGATT	TTCAGACTGT	2580
AAAAGGGGAT	CTTATGAACT	TACCCTTGCT	TATGTTCCTG	ATGTGATTCG	CAAAGATCCC	2640
AAGAGCACGG	CAACATTGGC	TAGTGGAGCT	ACGTGGAGCA	CCCACGGAAA	CAATCTCTCC	2700
AGACAAGGAT	TACAACTGCG	TTTAGGGAAC	CACTGTCTCA	TAAATCCTGG	AATTGAGGTG	2760
TTCAGTCACG	GAGCTATTGA	ATTGCGGGGA	TCCTCTCGTA	ATTATAACAT	CAATCTCGGG	2820
GGTAAATACC	GATTTTAA					2838

### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:24:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 946 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

#### (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

#### (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:24:

Met 1	Lys	Thr	Ser	Val 5	Ser	Met	Leu	Leu	Ala 10	Leu	Leu	Cys	Ser	Gly 15	Ala
			20					25		Pro			30		-
		35					40			Phe		45	-		
Thr	Asp 50	Ala	Ala	Gly	Thr	Thr 55	Tyr	Ser	Leu	Thr	Gly 60	Glu	Val	Leu	Phe
Ile 65	Asp	Pro	Gly	Lys	Gly 70	Gly	Ser	Ile	Thr	Gly 75	Thr	Cys	Phe	Val	Glu 80
Thr	Ala	Gly	Asp	Leu 85	Thr	Phe	Leu	Gly	Asn 90	Gly	Asn	Thr	Leu	Lys 95	Phe
Leu	Ser	Val	Asp 100	Ala	Gly	Ala	Asn	Ile 105	Ala	Val	Ala	His	Val 110	Gln	Gly
Ser	Lys	Asn 115	Leu	Ser	Phe	Thr	Asp 120	Phe	Leu	Ser	Leu	Val 125	Ile	Thr	Glu
Ser	Pro 130	Lys	Ser	Ala	Val	Ser 135	Thr	Gly	Lys	Gly	Ser 140	Leu	Val	Ser	Ser
Gly 145	Ala	Val	Gln	Leu	Gln 150	Asp	Ile	Asn	Thr	Leu 155	Val	Leu	Thr	Ser	Asn 160
Ala	Ser	Val	Glu	Asp 165	Gly	Gly	Val	Ile	Lys 170	Gly	Asn	Ser	Cys	Leu 175	Ile
Gln	Gly	Ile	Lys 180	Asn	Ser	Ala	Ile	Phe 185	Gly	Gln	Asn	Thr	Ser 190	Ser	Lys
Lys	Gly	Gly 195	Ala	Ile	Ser	Thr	Thr 200	Gln	Gly	Leu	Thr	Ile 205	Glu	Asn	Asn
Leu	Gly 210	Thr	Leu	Lys	Phe	Asn 215	Glu	Asn	Lys	Ala	Val 220	Thr	Ser	Gly	Gly
Ala 225	Leu	Asp	Leu	Gly	Ala 230	Ala	Ser	Thr	Phe	Thr 235	Ala	Asn	His	Glu	Leu 240
Ile	Phe	Ser	Gln	Asn 245	Lys	Thr	Ser	Gly	Asn 250	Ala	Ala	Asn	Gly	Gly 255	Ala
Ile	Asn	Cys	Ser 260	Gly	Asp	Leu	Thr	Phe 265	Thr	Asp	Asn	Thr	Ser 270	Leu	Leu

		275	)				280	)				28=	ı Cys		
	290					295	5				300		. Ile		
Thr	Ser	Gly	Gln Gln	Lys	Gly	Gly	, Ala	Ile	Ser	Ala	Ala	Ser	Leu	Lvs	Ile
305					310					315	,				320
				325					330	)			. Val	335	His
			340					345					Gly 350	Ser	Let
Gln	Leu	Phe	Thr	Gln	Gly	Gly	Asp 360		Val	Phe	Glu	Gly 365	Asn	Gln	Val
	370					375					380	Val	Ile		
385					390					395	Ser	Gln	Gly		400
				405					410				Ala	415	Asp
			420					425					Ser	Gly	Ser
		435					440					445	Ile		
	450					455					460		Glu		
465					470					475			Phe		480
				485					490				Leu	495	
			500					505					Ala 510		
		212					520					525	Ala		
	530					535					540		Asp		
<b>545</b>					550					555			Ser		560
				565					570				Asp	575	
			580					585					Gly 590		
		232					600					605	Gln		
	9 T O					615					620		Asn		
625					630					635			Phe		640
				645					650				Ile	655	
			660					665					Leu 670		
		0/5					680					695	Gly		
	0 9 0					695					700		Asn		
/ 05					710					715			Ser		720
HIS	GΤĀ	Inr	Ser	Tyr	Ser	Gly	Val	Val	Phe	Leu	Glu	Asn	Thr	T.A11	G111

				725					730					735	
Phe	Arg	Ser	Pro 740	Gln	Gly	Phe	Tyr	Thr 745	Asp	Ser	Ser	Ser	Glu 750	Ala	Cys
Cys	Asn	Gln 755	Val	Val	Thr	Ile	Asp 760	Met	Gln	Leu	Ser	Tyr 765	Ser	His	Arg
Asn	Asn 770	Asp	Met	Lys	Thr	Lys 775	Tyr	Thr	Thr	Tyr	Pro 780	Glu	Ala	Gln	Gly
Ser 785	Trp	Ala	Asn	Asp	Val 790	Phe	Gly	Leu	Glu	Phe 795	Gly	Ala	Thr	Thr	Tyr 800
Tyr	Tyr	Pro	Asn	Ser 805	Thr	Phe	Leu	Phe	Asp 810	Tyr	Tyr	Ser	Pro	Phe 815	Leu
			820					825					830	Thr	_
		835					840					845		Ala	
	850					855					860			Gly	
Tyr 865	Glu	Leu	Thr	Leu	Ala 870	Tyr	Val	Pro	Asp	Val 875	Ile	Arg	Lys	Asp	Pro 880
				885					890					His 895	
Asn	Asn	Leu	Ser 900	Arg	Gln	Gly	Leu	Gln 905	Leu	Arg	Leu	Gly	Asn 910	His	Cys
Leu	Ile	Asn 915	Pro	Gly	Ile	Glu	Val 920	Phe	Ser	His	Gly	Ala 925	Ile	Glu	Leu
Arg Phe 945	Gly 930	Ser	Ser	Arg	Asn	Tyr 935	Asn	Ile	Asn	Leu	Gly 940	Gly	Lys	Tyr	Arg

#### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:25:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 3000 base pairs
  - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

#### (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Coding Sequence
- (B) LOCATION: 259...3000
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION:

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:25:

ATCAGGTGAT	AAAAGTTCCT	CGTTAG	CTAG TO	ACTGTAGG	TGACATGAGA	AAGCTAACAC	60
GGAGGAAACT	AAAACCCAAG	GAATCG	AAGT CI	TCATGGTA	ATGCTTTTGT	TTTTTAGAGA	120
						CAAAACAGCT	180
						AGTAAGAATT	240
AAATAATAA	GTGGGTTT A	TG AAA T	rcg caa	TTT TCC	TGG TTA GTO	G CTC TCT	291
	М	et Lys S	Ser Gln	Phe Ser	Trp Leu Val	l Leu Ser	

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	TCG Ser	ACA Thr	TTG Leu	GCA Ala 15	TGT Cys	TTT Phe	ACT Thr	AGT Ser	TGT Cys 20	TCC Ser	ACT Thr	GTT Val	TTT Phe	GCT Ala 25	GCA Ala	ACT Thr	339
	GCT Ala	GAA Glu	AAT Asn 30	ATA Ile	GGC	CCC Pro	TCT Ser	GAT Asp 35	AGC Ser	TTT Phe	GAC Asp	GGA Gly	AGT Ser 40	ACT Thr	AAC Asn	ACA Thr	387
	GGC Gly	ACC Thr 45	TAT Tyr	ACT Thr	CCT Pro	AAA Lys	AAT Asn 50	ACG Thr	ACT Thr	ACT Thr	GGA Gly	ATA Ile 55	GAC Asp	TAT Tyr	ACT Thr	CTG Leu	435
	Thr 60	Gly	Asp	ATA Ile	Thr	Leu 65	Gln	Asn	Leu	Gly	Asp 70	Ser	Ala	Ala	Leu	Thr 75	483
	гÀг	GTA	Cys	TTT Phe	Ser 80	Asp	Thr	Thr	Glu	Ser 85	Leu	Ser	Phe	Ala	Gly 90	Lys	531
	GIY	Tyr	Ser	CTT Leu 95	Ser	Phe	Leu	Asn	Ile 100	Lys	Ser	Ser	Ala	Glu 105	Gly	Ala	579
4	Ala	Leu	Ser 110	GTT Val	Thr	Thr	Asp	Lys 115	Asn	Leu	Ser	Leu	Thr 120	Gly	Phe	Ser	627
1	ser	Leu 125	Thr	TTC Phe	Leu	Ala	Ala 130	Pro	Ser	Ser	Val	Ile 135	Thr	Thr	Pro	Ser	675
:	31y 140	rys	Gly	GCA Ala	Val	Lys 145	Cys	Gly	Gly	Asp	Leu 150	Thr	Phe	Asp	Asn	Asn 155	723
(	żΙΫ	Thr	Ile	TTA Leu	Phe 160	Lys	Gln	Asp	Tyr	Cys 165	Glu	Glu	Asn	Gly	Gly 170	Ala	771
7	ATT	TCT Ser	ACC Thr	AAG Lys 175	AAT Asn	CTT Leu	TCT Ser	TTG Leu	AAA Lys 180	AAC Asn	AGC Ser	ACG Thr	GGA Gly	TCG Ser 185	ATT Ile	TCT Ser	819
1	rrr Phe	GAA Glu	GGG Gly 190	AAT Asn	AAA Lys	TCG Ser	AGC Ser	GCA Ala 195	ACA Thr	GGG Gly	AAA Lys	AAA Lys	GGT Gly 200	GGG Gly	GCT Ala	ATT Ile	867
3	rgr Cys	GCT Ala 205	ACT Thr	GGT Gly	ACT Thr	GTA Val	GAT Asp 210	ATT Ile	ACA Thr	AAT Asn	AAT Asn	ACG Thr 215	GCT Ala	CCT Pro	ACC Thr	CTC Leu	915
ŧ	TTC Phe 220	TCG Ser	AAC Asn	AAT Asn	ATT Ile	GCT Ala 225	GAA Glu	GCT Ala	GCA Ala	GGT Gly	GGA Gly 230	GCT Ala	ATA Ile	AAT Asn	AGC Ser	ACA Thr 235	963
G	GA	AAC	TGT	ACA	ATT	ACA	GGG	TAA	ACG	TCT	CTT	GTA	TTT	TCT	GAA	AAT	1011

Gly	Asn	Cys	Thr	Ile 240	Thr	Gly	Asn	Thr	Ser 245	Leu	Val	Phe	Ser	Glu 250	Asn	
								GGA Gly 260								1059
								AGT Ser								1107
								TAT Tyr								1155
								TTT Phe								1203
								ATT Ile								1251
								GAC Asp 340								1299
								ACA Thr								1347
								TTA Leu								1395
								GCT Ala								1443
								GAT Asp								1491
AGT Ser	GGG Gly	TCG Ser	ATT Ile 415	GTT Val	TTT Phe	TCT Ser	GGT Gly	GAA Glu 420	AAG Lys	CTC Leu	TCT Ser	GAA Glu	GAT Asp 425	GAA Glu	GCA Ala	1539
								ACG Thr								1587
								CGT Arg								1635
GGC Gly	TTT Phe	ACT Thr	CAG Gln	ACC Thr	GCG Ala	GGT Gly	TCC Ser	TCT Ser	GTT Val	ATT Ile	ATG Met	GAT Asp	GCG Ala	GGC Gly	ACA Thr	1683

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460					465					470					475	
ACG Thr	TTA Leu	AAA Lys	GCA Ala	AGT Ser 480	ACA Thr	GAG Glú	GAG Glu	GTC Val	ACT Thr 485	TTA Leu	ACA Thr	GGT Gly	CTT Leu	TCC Ser 490	ATT Ile	1731
CCT Pro	GTA Val	GAC Asp	TCT Ser 495	TTA Leu	GGC Gly	GAG Glu	GGT Gly	AAG Lys 500	AAA Lys	GTT Val	GTA Val	ATT Ile	GCT Ala 505	GCT Ala	TCT Ser	1779
GCA Ala	GCA Ala	AGT Ser 510	AAA Lys	AAT Asn	GTA Val	GCC Ala	CTT Leu 515	AGT	GGT Gly	CCG Pro	ATT Ile	CTT Leu 520	CTT Leu	TTG Leu	GAT Asp	1827
AAC Asn	CAA Gln 525	GGG Gly	AAT Asn	GCT Ala	TAT Tyr	GAA Glu 530	AAT Asn	CAC His	GAC Asp	TTA Leu	GGA Gly 535	AAA Lys	ACT Thr	CAA Gln	GAC Asp	1875
TTT Phe 540	TCA Ser	TTT Phe	GTG Val	CAG Gln	CTC Leu 545	TCT Ser	GCT Ala	CTG Leu	GGT Gly	ACT Thr 550	GCA Ala	ACA Thr	ACT Thr	ACA Thr	GAT Asp 555	1923
GTT Val	CCA Pro	GCG Ala	GTT Val	CCT Pro 560	ACA Thr	GTA Val	GCA Ala	ACT Thr	CCT Pro 565	ACG Thr	CAC His	TAT Tyr	GGG Gly	TAT Tyr 570	CAA Gln	1971
GGT Gly	ACT Thr	TGG Trp	GGA Gly 575	ATG Met	ACT Thr	TGG Trp	GTT Val	GAT Asp 580	GAT Asp	ACC Thr	GCA Ala	AGC Ser	ACT Thr 585	CCA Pro	AAG Lys	2019
ACT Thr	AAG Lys	ACA Thr 590	GCG Ala	ACA Thr	TTA Leu	GCT Ala	TGG Trp 595	ACC Thr	AAT Asn	ACA Thr	GGC Gly	TAC Tyr 600	CTT Leu	CCG Pro	AAT Asn	2067
CCT Pro	GAG Glu 605	CGT Arg	CAA Gln	GGA Gly	CCT Pro	TTA Leu 610	GTT Val	CCT Pro	AAT Asn	AGC Ser	CTT Leu 615	TGG Trp	GGA Gly	TCT Ser	TTT Phe	2115
TCA Ser 620	GAC Asp	ATC Ile	CAA Gln	GCG Ala	ATT Ile 625	CAA Gln	GGT Gly	GTC Val	ATA Ile	GAG Glu 630	AGA Arg	AGT Ser	GCT Ala	TTG Leu	ACT Thr 635	2163
CTT Leu	TGT Cys	TCA Ser	GAT Asp	CGA Arg 640	GGC Gly	TTC Phe	TGG Trp	GCT Ala	GCG Ala 645	GGA Gly	GTC Val	GCC Ala	AAT Asn	TTC Phe 650	TTA Leu	2211
GAT Asp	AAA Lys	GAT Asp	AAG Lys 655	AAA Lys	GGG Gly	GAA Glu	AAA Lys	CGC Arg 660	AAA Lys	TAC Tyr	CGT Arg	CAT His	AAA Lys 665	TCT Ser	GGT Gly	2259
GGA Gly	TAT Tyr	GCT Ala 670	ATC Ile	GGA Gly	GGT Gly	GCA Ala	GCG Ala 675	CAA Gln	ACT Thr	TGT Cys	TCT Ser	GAA Glu 680	AAC Asn	TTA Leu	ATT Ile	2307
AGC Ser	TTT Phe 685	GCC Ala	TTT Phe	TGC Cys	CAA Gln	CTC Leu 690	TTT Phe	GGT Gly	AGC Ser	GAT Asp	AAA Lys 695	GAT Asp	TTC Phe	TTA Leu	GTC Val	2355

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		AAT Asn														2403
		GAA Glu														2451
		TGG Trp														2499
		GTC Val 750														2547
		GGT G1y														2595
Ser 780	Ser	CAT His	Ser	Tyr	Pro 785	Glu	Tyr	Leu	His	Cys 790	Phe	Asp	Thr	Tyr	Ala 795	2643
Pro	Tyr	ATC Ile	Lys	Leu 800	Asn	Leu	Thr	Tyr	Ile 805	Arg	Gln	Asp	Ser	Phe 810	Ser	2691
		GGT Gly														2739
		TTG Leu 830														2787
		TCT Ser														2835
		CCC Pro														2883
GAA Glu	ACT Thr	TAT Tyr	GCC Ala	AAT Asn 880	AAC Asn	TTA Leu	GCA Ala	CGA Arg	CAG Gln 885	GCC Ala	TTG Leu	CAA Gln	GTG Val	CGT Arg 890	GCA Ala	2931
GGC Gly	AGT Ser	CAC His	TAC Tyr 895	GCC Ala	TTC Phe	TCT Ser	CCT Pro	ATG Met 900	TTT Phe	GAA Glu	GTG Val	CTC Leu	GGC Gly 905	CAG Gln	TTT Phe	2979
		GAA Glu 910														3000

### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:26:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 914 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:26:

1				5					10	Ser				15	•
			20					25		Thr			30		
		35					40			Thr		45			
	50					55				Leu	60				
65					70					Thr 75					80
				85					90	Lys				95	
			100					105		Ala			110		
		115					120			Ser		125			
	130					135				Ser	140				
145					150					Asn 155					160
				165					170	Ala				175	
			180					185		Ser			190		
		195					200			Ile		205			
	210					215				Leu	220				
225					230					Thr 235					240
				245					250	Asn				255	
			260					265		Ala			270		
		275					280			Gln		285			
	290					295				Ala	300				
305					310					Gly 315					320
				325					330	Glu				335	
Glu	Ala	Gly	Asp 340	Ile	Thr	Phe	Asn	Gly 345	Asn	Ala	Ile	Val	Ala 350	Thr	Thr

Pro	Gln	Thr 355	Thr	Lys	Arg	Asn	Ser 360	Ile	Asp	Ile	Gly	Ser 365	Thr	Ala	Lys
Ile	Thr 370		Leu	Arg	Ala	Ile 375		Gly	His	Ser	Ile 380		Phe	Tyr	Asp
Pro 385		Thr	Ala	Asn	Thr 390		Ala	Asp	Ser			Thr	Leu	Asn	
	•	27-	3			_	_	_,	_	395	_		_	_	400
Asn	гÀг	Ата	Asp		Gly	Asn	Ser	Thr		Tyr	Ser	GLY	Ser	Ile	Val
			_	405					410					415	
Phe	Ser	Gly	Glu 420	Lys	Leu	Ser	Glu	Asp 425	Glu	Ala	Lys	Val	Ala 430	Asp	Asn
Leu	Thr	Ser 435	Thr	Leu	Lys	Gln	Pro 440	Val	Thr	Leu	Thr	Ala 445	Gly	Asn	Leu
Val	Leu 450	Lys	Arg	Gly	Val	Thr 455	Leu	Asp	Thr	Lys	Gly 460	Phe	Thr	Gln	Thr
Ala		Ser	Ser	Val	Ile		Asp	Ala	Glv	Thr		I.em	Lve	Δla	Ser
465	<b>U</b> -1				470				O <sub>T</sub> y	475	****	שבע	цуз	Ala	480
	Glu	Glu	Va1	Thr	Leu	Thr	Glv	Len	Ser		Dro	V=1	λen	Ser	
				4.8.5					4.90					4-9-5	
GIY	GIU	GIY		гÀг	Val	vaı	TTE		Ala	ser	Ala	Ala		Lys	Asn
		-	500	~-3	_		_	505	_	_			510		
Vai	Ala		ser	GIA	Pro	11e		Leu	Leu	Asp	Asn		Gly	Asn	Ala
_		515					520					525			
Tyr	Glu 530	Asn	His	Asp	Leu	Gly 535	Lys	Thr	Gln	Asp	Phe 540	Ser	Phe	Val	Gln
Leu	Ser	Ala	Leu	Gly	Thr	Ala	Thr	Thr	Thr	Asp	Val	Pro	Ala	Val	Pro
545					550					555					560
Thr	Val	Ala	Thr	Pro 565	Thr	His	Tyr	Gly	Tyr 570	Gln	Gly	Thr	Trp	Gly 575	
Thr	Trp	Val	Asp		Thr	Δla	Ser	Thr		Laze	Thr	Luc	Thr		Thr
			580				501	585	110	шуз	1111	цуз	590	AIG	TIII
T.011	Δla	Trans		N c n	Thr	G1	T1	_	Dwo	7	D	<b>a</b> 1		<b>03</b> -	<b>a</b> 1
LCu	ATO	595	1111	ASII	TILL	GIY		Leu	PIO	ASII	PIO		Arg	GIN	GIA
D	T		D	N	0	<b>.</b>	600	~1	_		_	605			
PIO		vai	Pro	Asn	Ser		Trp	GIA	Ser	Phe		Asp	Ile	Gln	Ala
_,	610					615	_				620				
	Gln	Gly	Val	Ile	Glu	Arg	Ser	Ala	Leu	Thr	Leu	Cys	Ser	Asp	Arg
625					630					635					640
Gly	Phe	Trp	Ala	Ala 645	Gly	Val	Ala	Asn	Phe 650	Leu	Asp	Lys	Asp	Lys 655	Lys
Gly	Glu	Lys	Arg	Lys	Tyr	Arg	His	Lys	Ser	Gly	Gly	Tyr	Ala	Ile	Glv
			660		_	_		665		•	4	-	670		4
Gly	Ala	Ala	Gln	Thr	Cys	Ser			Leu	Ile	Ser	Phe		Phe	Cvs
_		675			-		680					685			O,D
Gln	Leu		Glv	Ser	Asp	Lvs		Phe	T.em	Va 1	7 l =		yez	Wie	Th-
	690		1		110 P	695	1100		200	var	700	цуз	ASII	urs	T 11T
Δsn		Tyr	Δla	Glv	Ala		Тъ-	т1 о	C1 =	1110		m1	<b>G3</b>	<b>~</b>	G
705		TYL	A.a	Gry		FIIC	TYL	TIE	GIII		ire	Inr	GIU	Cys	
	Dho	T10	<b>C</b> 3	O	710	<b>T</b>	3		_	715		_		_	720
GIY	FIIE	TTE	GIY	725	Leu	Leu	Asp	ьуs	_eu	Pro	GIĀ	Ser	Trp	5er 735	His
Lys	Pro	Leu	Val 740	Leu	Glu	Gly	Gln	Leu 745	Ala	Tyr	Ser	His		Ser	Asn
Δsn	T.e.11	Luc		Lare	Ф. гъ	Thr	ת א		Dwo	<i>α</i> 3	17- 1	T	750	0	
der.		755	- +++	-y S	Tyr	TILL		TAT	PIO	GTII	val		GTÀ	ser	irp
<b>C1</b>	7.0-		7 7 -	Db -	7	Met	760	<b>.</b> .	~ 7		_	765		_	
GIY		ASII	ATG	rne	Asn		Mer	ьeu	GIA	Ala		Ser	His	Ser	Tyr
D	770	m	<b>.</b>		_	775	_		_		780				
	GIU	ıyr	டeu	HIS	Cys	rne	Asp	Thr	Tyr		Pro	Tyr	Ile	Lys	Leu
785			_		790		_			795					800
Asn	ьел	Thr	Tyr	Ile	Arg	Gln	Asp	Ser	Phe	Ser	Glu	Lys	Gly	Thr	Glu

				805					810					815	
			820					825					830	Pro	
		835					840					845		Tyr	
Leu	Thr 850	Leu	Ser	Tyr	Val	Pro 855	Asp	Leu	Ile	Arg	Asn 860	Asp	Pro	Lys	Cys
Thr 865	Thr	Ala	Leu	Val	Ile 870	Ser	Gly	Ala	Ser	Trp 875	Glu	Thr	Tyr	Ala	Asn 880
Asn	Leu	Ala	Arg	Gln 885	Ala	Leu	Gln	Val	Arg 890	Ala	Gly	Ser	His	Tyr 895	
Phe	Ser	Pro	Met 900	Phe	Glu	Val	Leu	Gly 905	Gln	Phe	Val	Phe	Glu 910	Val	Arg
Gly	Ser														

### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:27:

#### (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 1200 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

#### (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Coding Sequence
- (B) LOCATION: 1...1200
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION:

### (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:27:

GAT Asp 1	CCT Pro	AAA Lys	AAT Asn	AAA Lys 5	GAG Glu	TAC Tyr	ACA Thr	GGG Gly	ACC Thr 10	ATA Ile	CTC Leu	TTT Phe	TCT Ser	GGA Gly 15	GAA Glu	48
AAG Lys	AGT Ser	CTA Leu	GCA Ala 20	AAC Asn	GAT Asp	CCT Pro	AGG Arg	GAT Asp 25	TTT Phe	AAA Lys	TCT Ser	ACA Thr	ATC Ile 30	CCT Pro	CAG Gln	96
AAC Asn	GTC Val	AAC Asn 35	CTG Leu	TCT Ser	GCA Ala	GGA Gly	TAC Tyr 40	TTA Leu	GTT Val	ATT Ile	AAA Lys	GAG Glu 45	GGG Gly	GCC Ala	GAA Glu	144
GTC Val	ACA Thr 50	GTT Val	TCA Ser	AAA Lys	TTC Phe	ACG Thr 55	CAG Gln	TCT Ser	CCA Pro	GGA Gly	TCG Ser 60	CAT His	TTA Leu	GTT Val	TTA Leu	192
GAT Asp 65	TTA Leu	GGA Gly	ACC Thr	AAA Lys	CTG Leu 70	ATA Ile	GCC Ala	TCT Ser	AAG Lys	GAA Glu 75	GAC Asp	ATT Ile	GCC Ala	ATC Ile	ACA Thr 80	240
GGC Gly	CTC Leu	GCG Ala	ATA Ile	GAT Asp 85	ATA Ile	GAT Asp	AGC Ser	TTA Leu	AGC Ser 90	TCA Ser	TCC Ser	TCA Ser	ACA Thr	GCA Ala 95	GCT Ala	288

					ACC Thr											336
					CCT Pro											384
					TTC Phe											432
GGT Gly 145	AGT Ser	GTG Val	ACT Thr	GTA Val	ACT Thr 150	GCT Ala	GGA Gly	GAT Asp	TTC Phe	CTA Leu 155	CCG Pro	GTA Val	AGT Ser	CCC Pro	CAT His 160	480
					AAT Asn-											528
AAA Lys	GTT Val	GGA Gly	GAA Glu 180	TTC Phe	TTC Phe	TGG Trp	GAT Asp	AAA Lys 185	ATA Ile	AAT Asn	TAT Tyr	AAG Lys	CCT Pro 190	AGA Arg	CCT Pro	576
					TTA Leu											624
					ATG Met											672
CAG Gln 225	ACA Thr	GAT Asp	CGA Arg	GGG Gly	CTG Leu 230	TGG Trp	ATC Ile	GAT Asp	GGA Gly	ATT Ile 235	GGG Gly	AAT Asn	TTC Phe	TTC Phe	CAT His 240	720
GTA Val	TCT Ser	GCC Ala	TCC Ser	GAA Glu 245	GAC Asp	AAT Asn	ATA Ile	AGG Arg	TAC Tyr 250	CGT Arg	CAT His	AAC Asn	AGC Ser	GGT Gly 255	GGA Gly	768
TAT Tyr	GTT Val	CTA Leu	TCT Ser 260	GTA Val	AAT Asn	AAT Asn	GAG Glu	ATC Ile 265	ACA Thr	CCT Pro	AAG Lys	CAC His	TAT Tyr 270	ACT Thr	TCG Ser	816
ATG Met	GCA Ala	TTT Phe 275	TCC Ser	CAA Gln	CTC Leu	TTT Phe	AGT Ser 280	AGA Arg	GAC Asp	AAA Lys	GAC Asp	TAT Tyr 285	GCG Ala	GTT Val	TCC Ser	864
AAC Asn	AAC Asn 290	GAA Glu	TAC Tyr	AGA Arg	ATG Met	TAT Tyr 295	TTA Leu	GGA Gly	TCG Ser	TAT Tyr	CTC Leu 300	TAT Tyr	CAA Gln	TAT Tyr	ACA Thr	912
ACC Thr 305	TCC Ser	CTA Leu	GGG Gly	AAT Asn	ATT Ile 310	TTC Phe	CGT Arg	TAT Tyr	GCT Ala	TCG Ser 315	CGT Arg	AAC Asn	CCT Pro	AAT Asn	GTA Val 320	960
AAC	GTC	GGG	ATT	CTC	TCA	AGA	AGG	TTT	CTT	CAA	AAT	CCT	CTT	ATG	ATT	1008

Asn	Val	Gly	Ile	Leu 325	Ser	Arg	Arg	Phe	Leu 330	Gln	Asn	Pro	Leu	Met 335	Ile	-
TTT Phe	CAT His	TTT Phe	TTG Leu 340	TGT Cys	GCT Ala	TAT Tyr	GGT Gly	CAT His 345	GCC Ala	ACC Thr	AAT Asn	GAT Asp	ATG Met 350	AAA Lys	ACA Thr	1056
GAC Asp	TAC Tyr	GCA Ala 355	AAT Asn	TTC Phe	CCT Pro	ATG Met	GTG Val 360	AAA Lys	AAC Asn	AGC Ser	TGG Trp	AGA Arg 365	AAC Asn	AAT Asn	TGT Cys	1104
TGG Trp	GCT Ala 370	ATA Ile	AAA Lys	TGC Cys	GGA Gly	GGG Gly 375	AGC Ser	ATG Met	CCT Pro	CTA Leu	TTG Leu 380	GTA Val	TTT Phe	GAA Glu	AAC Asn	1152
GGA Gly 385	AAA Lys	CTT Leu	TTC Phe	CAA Gln	GGT Gly 390	GCC Ala	ATC Ile	CCA Pro	TTT Phe	ATG Met 395	AAA Lys	CTA Leu	CAA Gln	TTA Leu	GTT Val 400	1200

### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:28:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 400 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

### (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:28:

1				5		Tyr			10					15	
			20			Pro		25					30		
		35				Gly	40					45			
	50					Thr 55					60				
65					70	Ile				75					80
				85		Asp			90					95	
			100			Ala		105					110		
		115				Thr	120					125			
	130					Pro 135					140				_
145					150	Ala				155					160
				165		Trp			170					175	Asn
Lys	Val	Gly	Glu 180	Phe	Phe	Trp	Asp	Lys 185	Ile	Asn	Tyr	Lys	Pro 190	Arg	Pro

Glu	Lys	Glu 195	Gly	Asn	Leu	Val	Pro 200	Asn	Ile	Leu	Trp	Gly 205	Asn	Ala	Val
Asn	Val 210	Arg	Ser	Leu	Met	Gln 215	Val	Gln	Glu	Thr	His 220	Ala	Ser	Ser	Leu
Gln 225	Thr	Asp	Arg	Gly	Leu 230	Trp	Ile	Asp	Gly	Ile 235	Gly	Asn	Phe	Phe	His 240
Val	Ser	Ala	Ser	Glu 245	Asp	Asn	Ile	Arg	Tyr 250	Arg	His	Asn	Ser	Gly 255	Gly
Tyr	Val	Leu	Ser 260	Val	Asn	Asn	Glu	Ile 265	Thr	Pro	Lys	His	Tyr 270	Thr	Ser
Met	Ala	Phe 275	Ser	Gln	Leu	Phe	Ser 280	Arg	Asp	Lys	Asp	Tyr 285	Ala	Val	Ser
Asn	Asn 290	Glu	Tyr	Arg	Met	Tyr 295	Leu	Gly	Ser	Tyr	Leu 300	Tyr	Gln	Tyr	Thr
Thr 305	Ser	Leu	Gly	Asn	Ile 310	Phe	Arg	Tyr	Ala 	Ser 315	Arg	Asn	Pro	Asn	Val 320
Asn	Val	Gly	Ile	Leu 325	Ser	Arg	Arg	Phe	Leu 330	Gln	Asn	Pro	Leu	Met 335	Ile
Phe	His	Phe	Leu 340	Cys	Ala	Tyr	Gly	His 345	Ala	Thr	Asn	Asp	Met 350	-	Thr
Asp	Tyr	Ala 355	Asn	Phe	Pro	Met	Val 360	Lys	Asn	Ser	Trp	Arg 365	Asn	Asn	Cys
Trp	Ala 370	Ile	Lys	Cys	Gly	Gly 375	Ser	Met	Pro	Leu	Leu 380	Val	Phe	Glu	Asn
Gly 385	Lys	Leu	Phe	Gln	Gly 390		Ile		Phe	205			Gln		Val

#### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:29:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 1830 base pairs
  - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: Coding Sequence
  - (B) LOCATION: 1...1830
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION:

#### (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:29:

				GAC Asp					48
ACA Thr				GCA Ala					96
				TCG Ser 40					144

AGC Ser	TTA Leu 50	ACC Thr	ACA Thr	AGT Ser	TGT Cys	TTT Phe 55	TCT Ser	AAC Asn	ACT Thr	GCA Ala	GGA Gly 60	AAT Asn	CTT Leu	ACC Thr	TTC Phe	192
TTA Leu 65	GGG Gly	AAC Asn	GGA Gly	TTT Phe	TCT Ser 70	CTT Leu	CAT His	TTT Phe	GAC Asp	AAT Asn 75	ATT Ile	ATT Ile	TCG Ser	TCT Ser	ACT Thr 80	240
GTT Val	GCA Ala	GGT Gly	GTT Val	GTT Val 85	GTT Val	AGC Ser	AAT Asn	ACA Thr	GCA Ala 90	GCT Ala	TCT Ser	GGG Gly	ATT Ile	ACG Thr 95	AAA Lys	288
TTC Phe	TCA Ser	GGA Gly	TTT Phe 100	TCA Ser	ACT Thr	CTT Leu	CGG Arg	ATG Met 105	CTT Leu	GCA Ala	GCT Ala	CCT Pro	AGG Arg 110	ACC Thr	ACA Thr	336
GGT Gly	AAA Lys	GGA Gly 115	GCC Ala	ATT Ile	AAA Lys	ATT Ile	ACC Thr 120	GAT Asp	GGT Gly	CTG Leu	GTG Val	TTT Phe 125	GAG Glu	AGT Ser	ATA Ile	384
GGG Gly	AAT Asn 130	CTT Leu	GAT Asp	CCG Pro	ATT Ile	ACT Thr 135	GTA Val	ACA Thr	GGA Gly	TCG Ser	ACA Thr 140	TCT Ser	GTT Val	GCT Ala	GAT Asp	432
GCT Ala 145	CTC Leu	AAT Asn	ATT Ile	AAT Asn	AGC Ser 150	CCT Pro	GAT Asp	ACT Thr	GGA Gly	GAT Asp 155	AAC Asn	AAA Lys	GAG Glu	TAT Tyr	ACG Thr 160	480
GGA Gly	ACC Thr	ATA Ile	GTC Val	TTT Phe 165	TCT Ser	GGA Gly	GAG Glu	AAG Lys	CTC Leu 170	ACG Thr	GAG Glu	GCA Ala	GAA Glu	GCT Ala 175	AAA Lys	528
GAT Asp	GAG Glu	AAG Lys	AAC Asn 180	CGC Arg	ACT Thr	TCT Ser	AAA Lys	TTA Leu 185	CTT Leu	CAA Gln	AAT Asn	GTT Val	GCT Ala 190	TTT Phe	AAA Lys	576
AAT Asn	GGG Gly	ACT Thr 195	GTA Val	GTT Val	TTA Leu	AAA Lys	GGT Gly 200	GAT Asp	GTC Val	GTT Val	TTA Leu	AGT Ser 205	GCG Ala	AAC Asn	GGT Gly	624
TTC Phe	TCT Ser 210	CAG Gln	GAT Asp	GCA Ala	AAC Asn	TCT Ser 215	AAG Lys	TTG Leu	ATT Ile	ATG Met	GAT Asp 220	TTA Leu	GGG Gly	ACG Thr	TCG Ser	672
TTG Leu 225	GTT Val	GCA Ala	AAC Asn	ACC Thr	GAA Glu 230	AGT Ser	ATC Ile	GAG Glu	TTA Leu	ACG Thr 235	AAT Asn	TTG Leu	GAA Glu	ATT Ile	AAT Asn 240	720
ATA Ile	GAC Asp	TCT Ser	CTC Leu	AGG Arg 245	AAC Asn	GGG Gly	AAA Lys	AAG Lys	ATA Ile 250	AAA Lys	CTC Leu	AGT Ser	GCT Ala	GCC Ala 255	ACA Thr	768
GCT Ala	CAG Gln	AAA Lys	GAT Asp 260	ATT Ile	CGT Arg	ATA Ile	GAT Asp	CGT Arg 265	CCT Pro	GTT Val	GTA Val	CTG Leu	GCA Ala 270	ATT Ile	AGC Ser	816
GAT	GAG	AGT	TTT	TAT	CAA	AAT	GGC	TTT	TTG	AAT	GAG	GAC	CAT	TCC	TAT	864

Asp	Glu	Ser 275	Phe	Tyr	Gln	Asn	Gly 280	Phe	Leu	Asn	Glu	Asp 285	His	Ser	Tyr	
GAT Asp	GGG Gly 290	ATT Ile	CTT Leu	GAG Glu	Leu	GAT Asp 295	GCT Ala	GGG Gly	AAA Lys	GAC Asp	ATC Ile 300	GTG Val	ATT Ile	TCT Ser	GCA Ala	912
GAT Asp 305	TCT Ser	CGC Arg	AGT Ser	ATA Ile	GAT Asp 310	GCT Ala	GTA Val	CAA Gln	TCT Ser	CCG Pro 315	TAT Tyr	GGC Gly	TAT Tyr	CAG Gln	GGA Gly 320	960
AAG Lys	TGG Trp	ACG Thr	ATC Ile	AAT Asn 325	TGG Trp	TCT Ser	ACT Thr	GAT Asp	GAT Asp 330	AAG Lys	AAA Lys	GCT Ala	ACG Thr	GTT Val 335	TCT Ser	1008
TGG Trp	GCG Ala	AAG Lys	CAG Gln 340	AGT Ser	TTT Phe	AAT Asn	CCC Pro	ACT Thr 345	GCT Ala	GAG Glu	CAG Gln	GAG Glu	GCT Ala 350	CCG Pro	TTA Leu	1056
GTT Val	CCT Pro	AAT Asn 355	CTT Leu	CTT Leu	TGG Trp	GGT Gly	TCT Ser 360	TTT Phe	ATA Ile	GAT Asp	GTT Val	CGT Arg 365	TCC Ser	TTC Phe	CAG Gln	1104
AAT Asn	TTT Phe 370	ATA Ile	GAG Glu	CTA Leu	GGT Gly	ACT Thr 375	GAA Glu	GGT Gly	GCT Ala	CCT Pro	TAC Tyr 380	GAA Glu	AAG Lys	AGA Arg	TTT Phe	1152
TGG Trp 385	GTT Val	GCA Ala	GGC Gly	ATT Ile	TCC Ser 390	AAT Asn	GTT Val	TTG Leu	CAT His	AGG Arg 395	AGC Ser	GGT Gly	CGT Arg	GAA Glu	AAT Asn 400	1200
CAA Gln	AGG Arg	AAA Lys	TTC Phe	CGT Arg 405	CAT His	GTG Val	AGT Ser	GGA Gly	GGT Gly 410	GCT Ala	GTA Val	GTA Val	GGT Gly	GCT Ala 415	AGC Ser	1248
ACG Thr	AGG Arg	ATG Met	CCG Pro 420	GGT Gly	GGT Gly	GAT Asp	ACC Thr	TTG Leu 425	TCT Ser	CTG Leu	GGT Gly	TTT Phe	GCT Ala 430	CAG Gln	CTC Leu	1296
TTT Phe	GCG Ala	CGT Arg 435	GAC Asp	AAA Lys	GAC Asp	TAC Tyr	TTT Phe 440	ATG Met	AAT Asn	ACC Thr	AAT Asn	TTC Phe 445	GCA Ala	AAG Lys	ACC Thr	1344
TAC Tyr	GCA Ala 450	GGA Gly	TCT Ser	TTA Leu	CGT Arg	TTG Leu 455	CAG Gln	CAC His	GAT Asp	GCT Ala	TCC Ser 460	CTA Leu	TAC Tyr	TCT Ser	GTG Val	1392
GTG Val 465	AGT Ser	ATC Ile	CTT Leu	TTA Leu	GGA Gly 470	GAG Glu	GGA Gly	GGA Gly	CTC Leu	CGC Arg 475	GAG Glu	ATC Ile	CTG Leu	TTG Leu	CCT Pro 480	1440
TAT Tyr	GTT Val	TCC Ser	AAT Asn	ACT Thr 485	CTG Leu	CCG Pro	TGC Cys	TCT Ser	TTC Phe 490	TAT Tyr	GGG Gly	CAG Gln	CTT Leu	AGC Ser 495	TAC Tyr	1488
GGC Gly	CAT His	ACG Thr	GAT Asp	CAT His	CGC Arg	ATG Met	AAG Lys	ACC Thr	GAG Glu	TCT Ser	CTA Leu	CCC Pro	CCC Pro	CCC Pro	CCC Pro	1536

86

			500					505					510			÷
CCG Pro	ACG Thr	CTC Leu 515	TCG Ser	ACG Thr	GAT Asp	CAT His	ACT Thr 520	TCT Ser	TGG Trp	GGA Gly	GGA Gly	TAT Tyr 525	GTC Val	TGG Trp	GCT Ala	1584
GGA Gly	GAG Glu 530	CTG Leu	GGA Gly	ACT Thr	CGA Arg	GTT Val 535	GCT Ala	GTT Val	GAA Glu	AAT Asn	ACC Thr 540	AGC Ser	GGC Gly	AGA Arg	GGA Gly	1632
TTT Phe 545	TTC Phe	CGA Arg	GAG Glu	TAC Tyr	ACT Thr 550	CCA Pro	TTT Phe	GTA Val	AAA Lys	GTC Val 555	CAA Gln	GCT Ala	GTT Val	TAC Tyr	TCG Ser 560	1680
CGC Arg	CAA Gln	GAT Asp	AGC Ser	TTT Phe 565	GTT Val	GAA Glu	CTA Leu	GGA Gly	GCT Ala 570	ATC Ile	AGT Ser	CGT Arg	GAT Asp	TTT Phe 575	AGT Ser	1728
GAT Asp	TCG Ser	CAT His	CTT Leu 580	TAT Tyr	AAC Asn	CTT Leu	GCG Ala	ATT Ile 585	CCT Pro	CTT Leu	GGA Gly	ATC Ile	AAG Lys 590	TTA Leu	GAG Glu	1776
AAA Lys	CGG Arg	TTT Phe 595	GCA Ala	GAG Glu	CAA Gln	TAT Tyr	TAT Tyr 600	CAT His	GTT Val	GTT Val	GCG Ala	ATG Met 605	TAT Tyr	TCT Ser	CCA Pro	1824
GAT Asp																1830

### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:30:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 610 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:30:

 Asp
 Leu
 Thr
 Leu
 Gly
 Ser
 Arg
 Asp
 Ser
 Tyr
 Asn
 Gly
 Asp
 Thr
 Ser
 Thr

 Thr
 Glu
 Phe
 Thr
 Pro
 Lys
 Ala
 Ala
 Thr
 Ser
 Asp
 Ala
 Ser
 Asp
 Ala
 Ser
 Thr
 Ser
 Gly
 Thr
 T

			100					105					110		
		115					Thr 120					125			
	130					135	Val				140				_
145					150		Asp			155				-	160
				165			Glu		170			,		175	_
			180				Lys	185					190		
		195					Gly 200					205			
	210					215	Lys				220		_		
225					230		Ile			235					240
TTE	Asp	ser	Leu	245	ASII	GIY	Lys	ьуs	250	гÀг	Leu	Ser	Ala	A1a 255	Thr
Ala	Gln	Lys	Asp 260		Arg	Ile	Asp	Arg 265		Val	Val	Leu	Ala 270		Ser
Asp	Glu	Ser 275	Phe	Tyr	Gln	Asn	Gly 280	Phe	Leu	Asn	Glu	Asp 285	His	Ser	Tyr
	290					295	Ala				300				
305					310		Val			315		_	_		320
				325			Thr		330					335	
			340				Pro	345					350		
		355					Ser 360					365			
	370					375	Glu Val				380		-	_	
385					390		Ser			395					400
				405			Thr		410				-	415	
			420				Phe	425					430		
		435				•	440 Gln					445			
	450					455	Gly				460				
465					470					475					480
				485			Cys		490					495	
			500				Lys	505					510		
		515					Thr 520					525			
	530					535	Ala				540				
9ne 545	rne	Arg	GIU	ıyr	550	PTO	Phe	val	rys	Val 555	Gln	Ala	Val	Tyr	Ser 560

Claims

- 1. Species specific diagnostic test for identifying infection of a mammal, such as a human, with Chlamydia pneumoniae, said test comprising detecting in a patient or in a patient sample the presence of antibodies against one or more proteins from the outer membrane of Clamydia pneumoniae, said proteins being of a molecular weight of 100.3-89.6 kDa or of 56.1 kDa, or detecting the presence of nucleic acid fragments encoding said outer membrane proteins.
- 2. Diagnostic test according to claim 1, wherein the outer membrane protein has the sequence as shown in SEQ ID NO: 2, SEQ ID NO: 4, SEQ ID NO: 6, SEQ ID NO: 8, SEQ ID NO: 10, SEQ ID NO: 12, SEQ ID NO: 14, SEQ ID NO: 16, SEQ ID NO: 18, SEQ ID NO: 20, SEQ ID NO: 22, or in SEQ ID NO: 24, or a variant or subsequence thereof.
  - 3. Diagnostic test according to claim 1, wherein the nucleic acid fragment has the sequence shown in SEQ ID NO: 1, SEQ ID NO: 3, SEQ ID NO: 5, SEQ ID NO: 7, SEQ ID NO: 9, SEQ ID NO: 11, SEQ ID NO: 15, SEQ ID NO: 17, SEQ ID NO:
- 20 19, SEQ ID NO: 21, or in SEQ ID NO: 23, or a variant or subsequence thereof.
  - 4. Diagnostic test according to claim 3 wherein detection of nucleic acid fragments is obtained by using nucleic acid amplification.
- 5. Diagnostic test according to claim 4, wherein detection of nucleic acid fragments is obtained by using polymerase chain reaction.
  - 6. A nucleic acid fragment derived from Chlamydia pneumoniae comprising the nucleotide sequence SEQ ID NO: 1, SEQ ID NO:
- 30 3, SEQ ID NO: 5, SEQ ID NO: 7, SEQ ID NO: 9, SEQ ID NO: 11, SEQ ID NO: 13, SEQ ID NO: 15, SEQ ID NO: 17, SEQ ID NO: 19, SEQ ID NO: 21, or SEQ ID NO: 23, or a variant or subsequence

of said nucleotide sequence which has a sequence homology of at least 50% with any of the sequences mentioned.

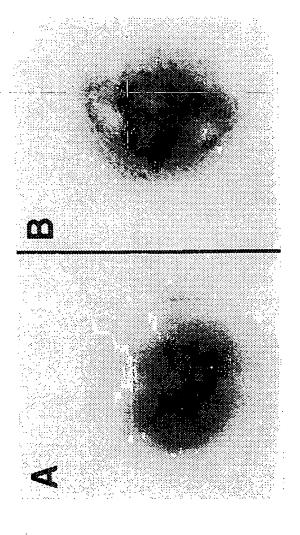
- 7. A protein derived from Chlamydia pneumoniae having the amino acid sequence shown in SEQ ID NO: 2, SEQ ID NO: 4, SEQ ID NO: 6, SEQ ID NO: 8, SEQ ID NO: 10, SEQ ID NO: 12, SEQ ID NO: 14, SEQ ID NO: 16, SEQ ID NO: 18, SEQ ID NO: 20, SEQ ID NO: 22, or SEQ ID NO: 24, or a variant or subsequence thereof having a sequence similarity of at least 50% and a similar biological function.
- 10 8. Polyclonal monospecific antibody against the protein with the sequence shown in SEQ ID NO: 2, SEQ ID NO: 4, SEQ ID NO: 6, SEQ ID NO: 8, SEQ ID NO: 10, SEQ ID NO: 12, SEQ ID NO: 14, SEQ ID NO: 16, SEQ ID NO: 18, SEQ ID NO: 20, SEQ ID NO: 22, or SEQ ID NO: 24, or a variant or subsequence thereof.
- 9. A diagnostic kit for the diagnosis of infection of a mammal, such as a human, with Chlamydia pneumoniae, said kit comprising a protein with the amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO: 2, SEQ ID NO: 4, SEQ ID NO: 6, SEQ ID NO: 8, SEQ ID NO: 10, SEQ ID NO: 12, SEQ ID NO: 14, SEQ ID NO: 16, SEQ ID NO: 18,
   20 SEQ ID NO: 20, SEQ ID NO: 22, or SEQ ID NO: 24, or a variant or subsequence thereof.
- A diagnostic kit for the diagnosis of infection of a mammal, such as a human, with Chlamydia pneumoniae, said kit comprising antibodies against a protein with the amino acid
   sequence SEQ ID NO: 2, SEQ ID NO: 4, SEQ ID NO: 6, SEQ ID NO: 8, SEQ ID NO: 10, SEQ ID NO: 12, SEQ ID NO: 14, SEQ ID NO: 16, SEQ ID NO: 18, SEQ ID NO: 20, SEQ ID NO: 22, or SEQ ID NO: 24, or a variant or subsequence thereof.
- 11. A diagnostic kit for the diagnosis of infection of a mammal, such as a human, with *Chlamydia pneumoniae*, said kit comprising a nucleic acid fragment with the sequence SEQ ID NO: 1, SEQ ID NO: 3, SEQ ID NO: 5, SEQ ID NO: 7, SEQ ID NO: 9, SEQ ID NO: 11, SEQ ID NO: 13, SEQ ID NO: 15, SEQ ID NO:

- 17, SEQ ID NO: 19, SEQ ID NO: 21, or SEQ ID NO: 23, or a variant or subsequence thereof.
- 12. A composition for immunizing a mammal, such as a human, against *Chlamydia pneumoniae*, said composition comprising a protein with the amino acid sequence shown in SEQ ID NO: 2, SEQ ID NO: 4, SEQ ID NO: 6, SEQ ID NO: 8, SEQ ID NO: 10, SEQ ID NO: 12, SEQ ID NO: 14, SEQ ID NO: 16, SEQ ID NO: 18, SEQ ID NO: 20, SEQ ID NO: 22, or SEQ ID NO: 24, or a variant or subsequence thereof.
- 10 13. Use of a protein with the sequence shown in SEQ ID NO: 2, SEQ ID NO: 4, SEQ ID NO: 6, SEQ ID NO: 8, SEQ ID NO: 10, SEQ ID NO: 12, SEQ ID NO: 14, SEQ ID NO: 16, SEQ ID NO: 18, SEQ ID NO: 20, SEQ ID NO: 22, or SEQ ID NO: 24, or a variant or subsequence thereof in diagnosis of infection of a mammal, such as a human, with Chlamydia pneumoniae.
  - Use of the protein with the sequence shown in SEQ ID NO: 2, SEQ ID NO: 4, SEQ ID NO: 6, SEQ ID NO: 8, SEQ ID NO: 10, SEQ ID NO: 12, SEQ ID NO: 14, SEQ ID NO: 16, SEQ ID NO: 18, SEQ ID NO: 20, SEQ ID NO: 22, or SEQ ID NO: 24 or a
- variant or subsequence thereof in an undenatured form, in diagnosis of infection of a mammal, such as a human, with Chlamydia pneumoniae.
- 15. Use of a protein with the sequence shown in SEQ ID NO: 2, SEQ ID NO: 4, SEQ ID NO: 6, SEQ ID NO: 8, SEQ ID NO: 25 10, SEQ ID NO: 12, SEQ ID NO: 14, SEQ ID NO: 16, SEQ ID NO: 18, SEQ ID NO: 20, SEQ ID NO: 22, or SEQ ID NO: 24, or a variant or subsequence thereof, for immunizing a mammal, such as a human, against Chlamydia pneumoniae.
- 16. Use of the protein with the sequence shown in SEQ ID NO: 2, SEQ ID NO: 4, SEQ ID NO: 6, SEQ ID NO: 8, SEQ ID NO: 10, SEQ ID NO: 12, SEQ ID NO: 14, SEQ ID NO: 16, SEQ ID NO: 18, SEQ ID NO: 20, SEQ ID NO: 22, or SEQ ID NO: 24, or a variant or subsequence thereof in an undenatured form, for

immunizing a mammal, such as a human, against Chlamydia pneumoniae.

17. Use of a nucleic acid fragment with the nucleotide sequence shown in SEQ ID NO: 1 SEQ ID NO: 3, SEQ ID NO: 5,

5 SEQ ID NO: 7, SEQ ID NO: 9, SEQ ID NO: 11, SEQ ID NO: 13, SEQ ID NO: 15, SEQ ID NO: 17, SEQ ID NO: 19, SEQ ID NO: 21, or SEQ ID NO: 23, or a variant or subsequence of said nucleotide sequence which has a sequence homology of at least 50% with any of the sequences mentioned for immunizing a mammal, such as a human, against Chlamydia pneumoniae.



C

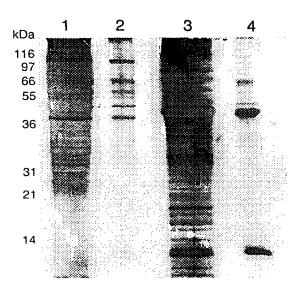


Fig. 2

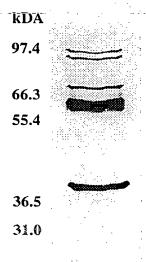


Fig. 3

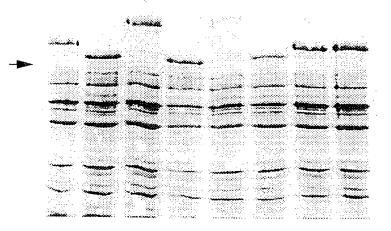


Fig. 4

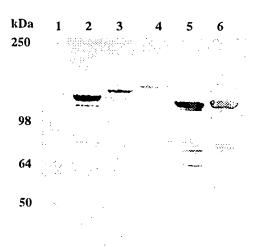


Fig. 5

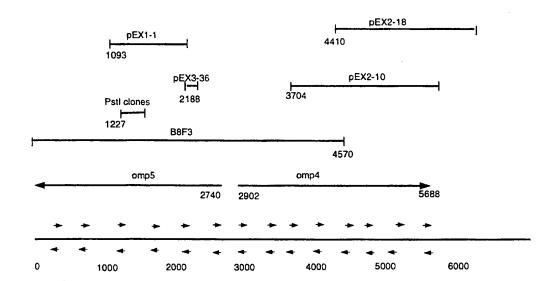


Fig. 6

# C. pneumoniae omp4-15 gene clusters

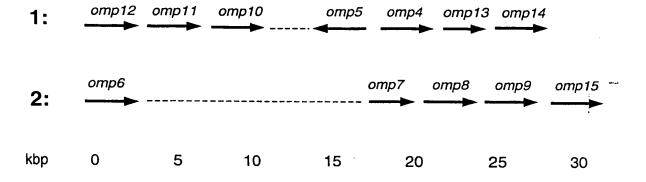


Fig. 7

0 443 447 447 443 443 1 > 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 H K 0 1 及中中中中日のひ 1 田戸 ZXZXXZZZZX 1000000000000 T K Y L L L O J L A Y L 1 H H O A O H H Z Z O I H W H H W H H Z H H Q N Z N O U I O Z N O Z N · HOHOH · PHHX · LOSZOZZOGSA I YOU I I ZUEQKI Ошооороооо 1000000000000 AFAHHHAASA I DOZOSZHOKZO · E # # # # # # # | . . म द म म म म म म स स म । 1 N N N N N N D N N D Z I Z O Z O O O O Z I Z Z · SSRTEDESESS I DOOGOONE HE · INHUUUUUUUH NONCINGEN I XX H O A O O H X O O 一中国山丸王田中田王V田 I H H H H H W H N M A H - AACCHHHHH HUUUUUUK I I I D Z A E I Q E FAIAAAIAF 一点点公内内型公口内型公 - FARKIHAFA 一て丸でまけまけは一QT 1 A A D A C L C A A C A A C L 1 D N Q O B O D O S O A こなロンドのVLSPS | FOXXXXXEZEZ こずみけんじょじじじん 10000000×0×0 - F > S & S E S E S & F F LCCPPPPPLPI これにひいましひにはって HUNNNNALIDIA - ZONZHXHZNNA I MOMITIOIFII 1 伍工工工户户区工工工 I I KONTUNTO I I T H S H S H L H S K S H L H S K S H L H S K S H L H S K S L C C C C C C C H H I - こり取り - コーローロー・ I НЕМЕТПОП I I \* X 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 HAADAAAHHA ·×¹¬¬¬¬¬¬×¬ъъ I FERRESS I DRAF I FE H D Z S S FE S H H 一下 公 公 公 公 公 い 込 下 公 下 OKKKKKKKI | N N N N N N | N > O N T S C K H H H H B H B L K I напн снинца: LEHERRERZOFF ロワさけってんけたんへっ · HOOOOAOHOOO NE POP I DE SHE I K S J K S S E F O Z K - PRSS市田中SRSPR BRCRSP由田RSRSPR DKCHO: NOO! O! - ELLICH DI DI DI H I I I NATI HANON OSSHSHFFF INHANONNNNIH - HZA - AH - HZHE · ZZZZZZZZi ・我内内氏とは、女子 omp12 omp8 omp9 omp11 omp10 omp15 omp7 omp7 omp12
omp8
omp5
omp11
omp11
omp10
omp15
omp7
omp15

ig. 8A

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133 123 123 123 142 143	172 172 174 174 176 188
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Fig. 8C

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Fig. 8D

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Fig. 8F

-<u>id</u>. 8G

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Fig. 8H

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Fig. 81

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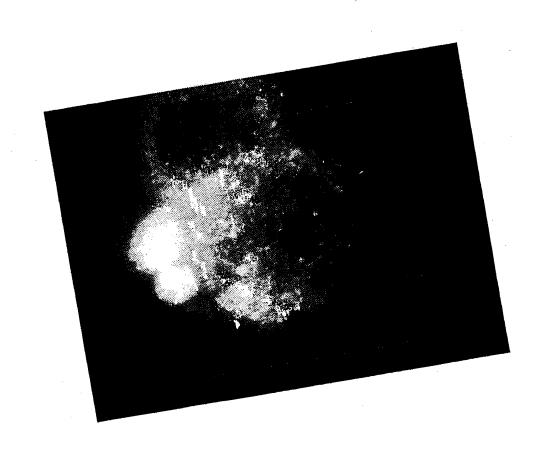
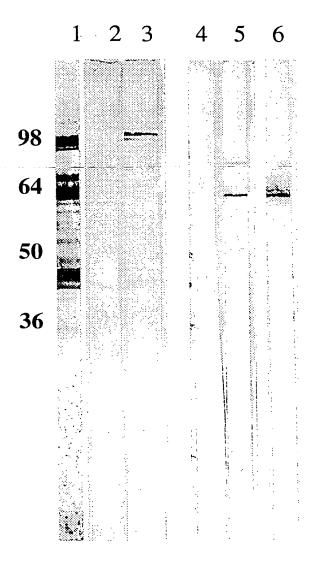


Fig. 9



Immunoblotting of *C. pneumoniae* EB, lane 1-3 heated to 100°C in SDS-sample buffer, lane 4-6 unheated. Lane 1 reacted with rabbit anti *C. pneumoniae* OMC; lane 2 and 4 pre-serum; lane 3 and 5 polyclonal rabbit anti pEX1-1 fusion protein; lane 6 MAb 26.1.

Fig. 10

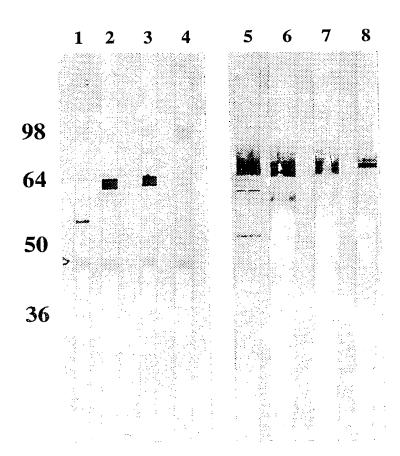


Fig. 11

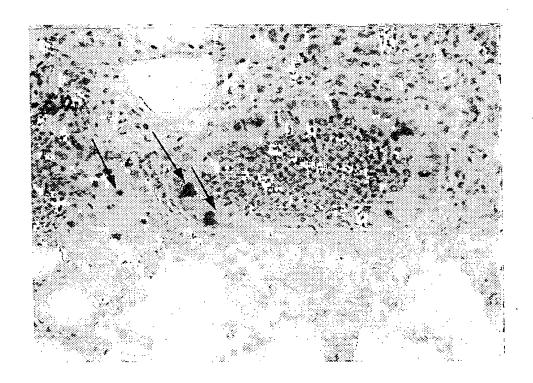
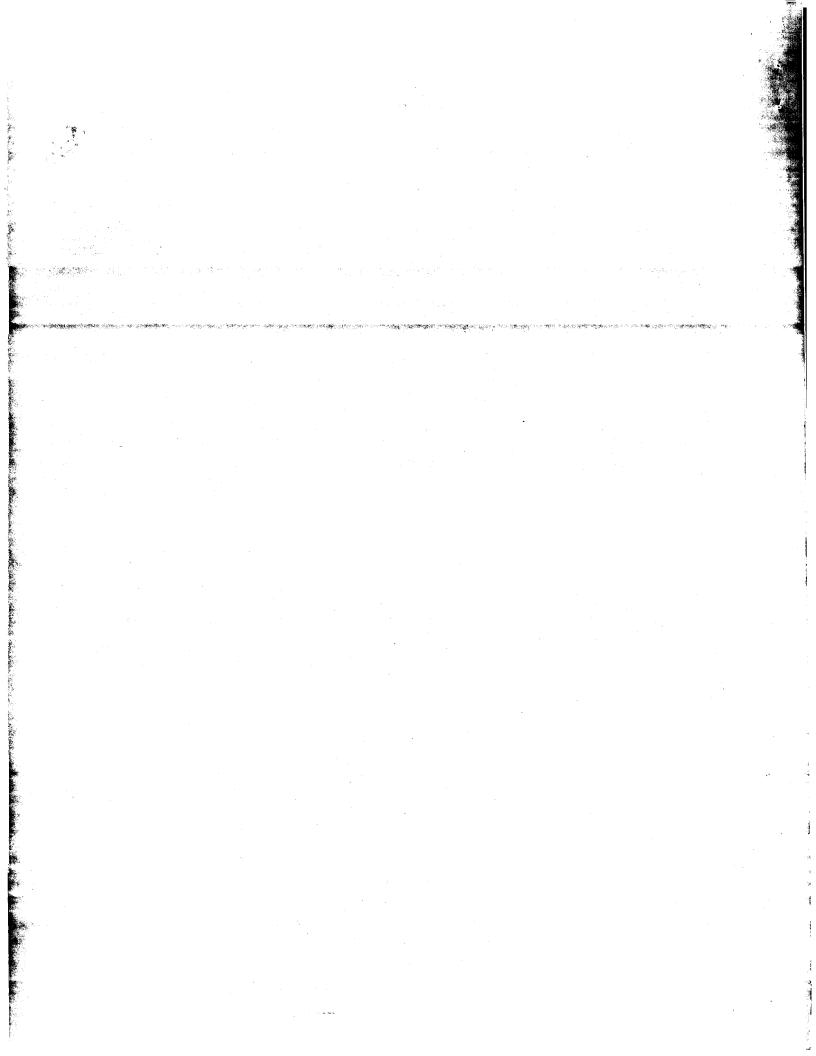


Fig. 12



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(30) Priority Data:

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(74) Agent: PLOUGMANN, VINGTOFT & PARTNERS A/S; Sankt Annæ Plads 11, P.O. Box 3007, DK-1021 Copenhagen K (DK). (81) Designated States: AL, AM, AT, AT (Utility model), AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, CZ (Utility model), DE, DE (Utility model), DK, DK (Utility model), EE, EE (Utility model), ES, FI, FI (Utility model), GB, GE, GH, GM, GW, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SK (Utility model), SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, ARIPO patent (GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW), Eurasian patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European patent (AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).

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(54) Title: SURFACE EXPOSED PROTEINS FROM CHLAMYDIA PNEUMONIAE

#### (57) Abstract

The invention relates to the identification of members of a gene family from the human respiratory pathogen Chlamydia pneumoniae, encoding surface exposed membrane proteins of a size of approximately 89–101 kDa and of 56–57 kDa, preferably about 89.6–100.3 kDa and about 56.1 kDa. The invention relates to the novel DNA sequences, the deduced amino acid sequences of the corresponding proteins and the use of the DNA sequences and the proteins in diagnosis of infections caused by C. pneumoniae, in pathology, in epidemiology, and as vaccine components.

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C (Continue	ation) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT	
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Category	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, or the forest in passages	
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A	S. HALME ET AL.: "Characterization of Chlamydia pneumoniae antigens using human T cell clones."  SCANDINAVIAN JOURNAL OF IMMUNOLOGY, vol. 45, no. 4, April 1997, pages 378-384, XP002057609  OXFORD, GB see abstract see page 381, right-hand column, line 3 - line 11	1
A	EP 0 699 688 A (HITACHI CHEMICAL CO., LTD.) 6 March 1996 see examples see claims	10

In Inational application No.

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Although claims 1-3 and 13 and 14 (all partially, as far as an in vivo method is concerned) are directed to a diagnostic method practised on the human/animal body, and although claims 15-17 are directed to a method of treatment of the human/animal body, the search has been carried out and based on the alleged effects of the compound/composition.

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